

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

15TH YEAR. NO. 45.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1899.

TWO CENTS

CORDON ABOUT TOWNS

Hampton and Phoebus Held In Strict Quarantine.

NEW CASE AT SOLDIERS' HOME.

Thirty-Seven Cases and Seven Deaths Attributed From the Yellow Fever—Garrison at Ft. Monroe Ordered Removed. Wasdin Told How the Disease Started.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The advices show a total of 37 cases and seven deaths from yellow fever at the Soldiers' home, at Hampton, Va. One new case occurred at the home. Thus far the disease has been confined to the home, but all surrounding towns are excited, and a vigorous quarantine is being maintained. Dr. Wasdin of the marine hospital service is in charge of affairs at Hampton and is working in co-operation with the local boards of health. He has strengthened the cordon about the town of Phoebus, which he reports is in a very bad sanitary condition. The fact that only one new case appeared is encouraging to the officials here, who are taking every measure to prevent a spread of the disease. They feel that the fact that the affected locality is in the hands of the government, and under one management, will be of great value in dealing with the scourge and enable better results to be obtained than where epidemics break out in commercial places.

Already a number of inquiries have been received by Dr. Wyman from quarantine officers throughout the United States asking whether they shall impose a maritime quarantine against Norfolk. He has replied that there appears to be no necessity for such restriction in the case of either Norfolk or Newport News.

Dr. Wasdin's official report of his examination of existing conditions at the Soldiers' home reached Mr. Wyman. It was dated Monday and notes the fact that the doctor has seen all the cases of suspected diseases at the home. He sums up the history of the contagion as follows:

"Early in July an 'old soldier' entered the home for a short rest and soon afterward appeared at the dispensary, where he informed the physician in charge that he was recently from Santiago, via a transport to a northern port, whence he started for Manila via San Francisco, beat his way to the home on a freight train and entered with his baggage. He complained of dumb chills and fever and was prescribed for. He mingled freely with the inmates of the home, and a short time ago disappeared.

"From this as a possible cause the outbreak is as follows: Preceding Friday, the 27th inst., there had been noticed nothing of a suspicious nature. The weekly death rate was usual. But on the 21st and 22d there became ill during the night, with sharp or less chill, high fever, some eight or ten inmates, men of unusually good health.

"These seizures, although noted as peculiar, had occasioned no alarm until about Thursday, 27th, when a death occurred, the man becoming distinctly yellow some time prior to death. On or about the same day another one died without having attracted particular attention; he also turned yellow white. Autopsies were held on both by the resident pathologist. It was then or a little later that the telegram was sent you asking for an expert. I found there was 3,500 inmates and that 25 had been taken ill since the 21st."

Dr. Wasdin says he withheld a positive diagnosis in his first communication because of the assertion of Surgeon Vickery at the home that there had been no communication of the inmates with any Cuban soldiers returned since last May or early in June.

With the discovery of the probable origin of the infection and the two autopsies there can be no doubt, he says, about the disease being yellow fever, and continues:

"I have advised Major Vickery to empty the dormitory infected, at once, putting the men preferably in tents. The grounds are closed. There has been a very free intercommunication between the inmates and the people of Phoebus, a public house near the grounds having been freely visited until last night. I have suggested to Dr. Pettus to meet one or more of the local boards of Phoebus, and, informing them of the state of affairs, asking their co-operation in watching the village. These inmates, as I understand it, do not mingle much with the people outside the village. From this fact it would seem possible to confine it in the home."

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Dr. Van Reypen also said that he did not believe it would be necessary to suspend operations at the Norfolk navy-yard. The yard would, however, be quarantined.

The ironclad monitors Terror and Puritan are the only naval vessels stationed at the Norfolk yard, and it is understood that they will be removed in case their crews should appear to be endangered. It is also quite well under-

derstood that in such emergencies the navy department pays little heed to quarantine regulations and would not hesitate to send the ships out, bound for a northern port.

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The marine hospital service hurried a number of surgeons to Hampton and vicinity.

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This Senator Burrows' Advice, or It Would Hurt the Republican Party's Chances.

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"Unless the war in the Philippines speedily ends, it will become an important political factor, and its continuance will make the outlook for Republican success uncertain, to say the least. If I could have had my way, we would have simply taken a coaling station or a base of supplies in the island of Luzon, we would not have paid a penny to Spain, and we would have our foothold in the east without the sacrifice of life and money."

He said he believed in securing a share in the markets of the Orient for our people and further said in part:

"At the same time, we must not overlook the fact that we may run counter at any moment to England, France or Germany, and I believe that England, now apparently so friendly, will strike at us the moment we cross her threshold."

"If our participation in the eastern trade is to be purchased at the cost of an indefinite war in the Philippines, we will pay a very large price for what we receive."

"The president is acting wisely, in my opinion, in endeavoring to restore peace and order in the Philippines by sending an increased army to assist General Otis."

"We must remember, however, that although we have now been fighting some time, we have conquered a territory only about 50 miles to the north of Manila and 15 miles to the south, a mere bagatelle compared with the immense area of the archipelago. If the additional troops sent to General Otis cannot restore peace, congress will have to deal with the problem and ought to have, by Dec. 1, some definite information upon which to act."

"You would not now abandon the Philippines?" suggested the reporter.

"I do not see how we can get away now," said the senator. "We cannot surrender our ships to Aguinaldo and say to him that he can murder our soldiers. Now that we have commenced, the only thing we can do is to end the conflict as soon as possible. After that is done, the question of the disposition of the islands or their permanent retention rests with the people and with congress."

THE PRESIDENT GRATIFIED.

Pleased at the Way Mrs. McKinley's Health Improved.

HOTEL CHAMPLAIN, N. Y., Aug. 1.—After disposing of the huge pile of mail matter that had accumulated over Sunday, the president went for a walk with Dr. Rixey. The air was keen and clear and they had to walk at a brisk pace to keep warm. After luncheon he went for a drive with Colonel Legrande B. Cannon. The president himself held the reins and displayed much skill in handling them. Toward evening he took another short walk with Dr. Rixey. The president was much gratified at the rapidity with which Mrs. McKinley was improving in health.

Vice President Hobart probably will arrive here Saturday from Long Branch for an indefinite stay.

Today there is to be a golf tournament and a baseball game on the hotel grounds and the president will probably attend both.

Reward Offered For Coughlin.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The board of commissioners of Cook county offered a reward of \$500 for the capture and return to this city of Daniel Coughlin, wanted for alleged jury-bribing. Coughlin was once sentenced for life for the murder of Dr. Cronin and was acquitted on the second trial.

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To Ride 100 Miles a Day.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Teddy Hale, the Irish bicycle racer, started from Holborn viaduct here in an effort to ride 100 miles daily for a year, Sundays excepted.

Appointed a Census Supervisor.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Frank M. Martin of Caldwell, O., was appointed a census supervisor.

ROOT IS IN CHARGE.

Alger Quit the War Department Today.

HE ISSUED ANOTHER STATEMENT.

Defended the Appointment of Volunteer Officers by the President—Said He Had Nothing to Do With It—The London Times Aroused Him.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Elihu Root assumed charge of the war department about 11 o'clock this morning. General Alger left the city later for Michigan.

A statement prepared by Alger said in part:

"I am led to make the following statements on account of the many criticisms which have been made by the public press, and especially on account of a recent article which appeared in the London Times containing assertions which have no foundation in truth."

"At the commencement of the war with Spain and for several years prior to that time the regular army consisted of only 25,000 men, with the minimum number of officers prescribed by law. The situation can be partially appreciated when it is remembered that within 60 days from the declaration of war the strength of the army was increased to 275,000 men, and everything for the equipment of this great force, including clothing, tents, transportation, medical supplies, camps and camp equipment and all that pertains to equipping an army for service had to be manufactured, transported and distributed for use."

"From the statement referred to the public might be led to believe that the volunteer army was officered by men selected through political influence by the secretary of war by special favor and without any regard to fitness for the duties they were to perform. As is well known, the volunteer force, with the exception of three regiments of engineers, three regiments of cavalry and ten regiments of immune infantry, was made up of regiments from the various states, the officers of which were all appointed exclusively by the governors of the respective states from which the regiments came, and any officer found unfit for service and discharged was replaced by another in the same manner. The president had no voice or control in the matter."

"The officers appointed by the president numbered all told 1,032. Of this number 442 were taken from the regular army and 591 from civil life."

"For a little over 1,000 appointments made by the president, the number of applications was over 25,000 and each application was accompanied by a certificate of his ability, and in most instances the military service, either in the regular army or a state organization, and not infrequently in both."

"Of the number appointed there were, for instance, 26 major generals, of whom 19 were taken from the regular army and seven from civil life. Of these seven all but one were graduates of West Point Military academy and all had distinguished themselves in command during the Civil war. Of brigadier generals there were 102 appointed, 66 from the regular army and 36 from civil life. Those from civil life had all seen service during the Civil war or on our western frontier, and all had proven themselves competent to command."

"It has been stated, and repeated many times, that the secretary of war made these appointments, when the truth is that very few were made upon his recommendation, although he caused the entire list with the recommendations to be compiled and placed before the president for his selection."

"I would be only too glad to have had the honor to have made these appointments. No better, no more loyal or more patriotic set of men as a whole ever served their country and their appointments were a credit not only to the appointing power, but to the country they served. There were exceptions, but that could not have been foreseen."

"There were three regiments of cavalry, the officers of which were appointed by the secretary of war. Colonel Leonard Wood, now a brigadier general and commanding the departments of Santiago and Puerto Principe, was one of these. Colonel Grigsby and Colonel Torrey, both good officers, were the other two. There were three regiments of engineers, the colonels of which were all graduates of the military academy, and not only the officers but the enlisted men were selected with a view to their special fitness, and in most instances upon the recommendations of the colonels themselves, and all proved themselves most efficient."

"There were also ten regiments of immune infantry, of whose colonels eight were graduates of the military academy who were selected for special fitness to command, and in the short time these regiments were in service developed remarkable proficiency."

"Criticism as to the amounts and methods of expenditures which could imply the wrong or careless use of money were also made by the London Times. This charge is false. So far as the conduct of the service was concerned, no person with any knowledge of the facts can ever charge truthfully, and no one can ever show that a dollar was misappropriated, stolen or embezzled out of the hundreds of millions of dollars that were expended. The rec-

ords are an open book; and I will be glad to have them rigidly examined and ask my successor to open those accounts to the country whenever properly called for, in order that the entire truth may be known.

R. A. ALGER,

"Secretary of War.
"WASHINGTON, July 31, 1899."

Status of Inspector General.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Secretary Alger and Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn were in conference Monday and finally determined upon an order fixing the status of the inspector general of the army and the officers of his corps. It made it plain that the inspector general and officers of his corps shall be subject to orders of the secretary of war.

MRS. KATE SPRAGUE DEAD.

Daughter of Salmon P. Chase Expired In Washington—Children at Her Bedside.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague, wife of a former governor of Rhode Island and the daughter of the late Salmon P. Chase, governor of Ohio, United States senator and chief justice of the United States supreme court, died at her homestead, Edgewood, in Washington's suburbs. She was 69 years old. For about three months she had been suffering with a complication of liver and kidney troubles, but had consented to medical treatment only ten days ago. She grew steadily worse until the end came.

At the bedside were her three daughters, Miss Kittie Sprague, who lived with her mother, Miss Portia Sprague of Narragansett Pier, and Mrs. Donaldson of Brooklyn. The funeral arrangements have not been completed.



MRS. KATE CHASE SPRAGUE.

but the remains probably will be interred at Columbus, her father's old home.

A SWIFT RACE TO THE COAST

Tenth Pennsylvania Committee Trying to Beat the Transport to Frisco.

Slow Raising of Money.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Aug. 1.—The journey of the Tenth Pennsylvania escort committee enroute to San Francisco has been made through to this point under the most auspicious circumstances and on schedule time.

The escort committee's race to reach the coast before the Senator grows more exciting and the transcontinental trip is being made in almost record-breaking time. A run of 82 miles was made in 92 minutes. A speed of 45 to 50 miles per hour is maintained continually.

Monday was the anniversary of the battle of Malate, and the committee celebrated the event. Chairman Muehlbronner presided. W. B. Cuthbertson of New Brighton, whose brother, Major Harry C. Cuthbertson, led the regiment in the charge which drove back the Spanish attack, made the principal address. Other addresses were made and patriotic toasts were drunk.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 1.—A special meeting of select and common councils was held, at which the resolution appropriating \$5,000 for the reception of the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment was passed unanimously.

Mayor W. J. Diehl was much disappointed over the manner in which the citizens are responding to his appeal for money for the reception of the Tenth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers. There is no question, that it will take \$40,000 to carry out the plans of the committee, and at present there was over \$22,000 in the fund.

By tomorrow the railroad company will have to have a certified check for \$25,920, or it will be impossible to make arrangements with the western roads. A great many persons who have promised contributions to the fund have not sent in their checks, and the treasurer of the fund, D. R. Torrence, said that he would like to have all the money at once.

Currency Bill Draft Not Completed.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, Aug. 1.—The sub-committee of the senate finance committee left Narragansett for Manhattan Beach. Senator Platt of Connecticut again has been called away from the session by the illness of his son. Senator Aldrich has gone to Warwick, R. I., but will speedily join the other members. The draft of the bill for currency reform, while progressing, is still far from completion. Senator Platt of New York will again confer with the three active members at Manhattan Beach.

CAR MAGNATES FIRM.

Determined Not to Give Up to the Strikers.

DIRECTORS APPROVED THE POLICY

President Everett Said the Company Had Nearly All the New Men Wanted—Strike Leaders Claimed Satisfaction at Condition of the Boycott.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 1.—Whether the boycott upon the Big Consolidated Street Railway company is having any effect or not, the company shows no indication of a desire to change its policy with respect to the strike. A special meeting of the directors of the company was held. At its conclusion President Henry A. Everett was asked if the strike had been discussed. "Incidentally it was," was the reply.

"Is it the intention of the company to move for a settlement of the strike?" was asked.

"No," said President Everett. "We are going ahead as we have been doing. We are hiring new men all the time and we now have nearly all we want. Some of the new men are being discharged when found to be not the men we want and others put in their places. We are satisfied with the situation. And I might say in reference to the statement that there is a division in the board of directors that the board has been a unit from the beginning and it is now unanimous in favor of the policy being pursued."

On the other hand, the leaders of the strikers profess to be very much encouraged by the working of the boycott and they say they must surely win because, they declare, the public is with them. The president of the union has been busy all day listening to the complaints of merchants and others, who claim they have been boycotted without warrant, and when he discovers that the person who complains is innocent of the charge of having ridden on a Big Consolidated car he gives notice to union men accordingly.

"Secretary Bishop of the state board of arbitration arrived in the city to look over the situation. He said he was willing to undertake an investigation of the strike if one was desired. He had a conference with president Everett, but refused to say what transpired. It was intimated that he may visit the strike leaders today."

THE MATCH WAR ENDED.

Edwin Gould Made a Director of the Diamond Company.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Edwin Gould of New York was admitted into the directorate of the Diamond Match company, by vote of the stockholders, at a special meeting held here. Mr. Gould's admission to the match board, following upon the absorption of his match properties, marked the final ending of the war. James Hopkins of St. Louis was also elected to be a new director of the company, the stockholders having increasing the number of directors from five to seven.

It is said Mr. Gould will be given nearly \$1,000,000 in Diamond Match stock for his interest in the Continental Match company.

Besides the election of the two new directors, the Diamond Match stockholders passed a resolution increasing the capital stock from \$11,000,000 to \$15,000,000, to take effect Sept. 15.

Two Men Electrocutted.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Lewis Pullerson and Michael McDonald were put to death by electricity in Sing Sing prison. Lewis Pullerson, a negro porter, 29 years old, on March 11, 1898, killed his common law wife, Kate Smith, a white woman, in their apartments in New York by strangulation. Michael McDonald, a beef carrier employed in the Eastman company's slaughterhouse in New York, on May 4, 1898, shot and killed Stephen Titus, the head timekeeper at Eastman's, while drunk.

Revolutionary Pensioner Died.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Eliza Sanford, one of the 16 daughters of Revolutionary soldiers on the pension list, died at Montclair, N. J., aged 84 years.

EVENTS IN BRIEFS.

Frank Reynolds, inexperienced aeronaut, dropped about 3,000 feet into Findlay's lake, Chautauqua county, N. Y., and didn't come up.

Robbers beat O. C. Pearl nearly to death and dangerously hurt Melville Harrah, clerks, in Crafton (Pa.) station and stole \$300.

Six men were killed by a boiler explosion near White Cloud, Mich. Another man may die, while another had his legs broken.

Eugene Pakahpuer, a graduate from the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., shot and killed Edith Morrell, aged 17 years, at the home of Mrs. J. F. Morrell in South Amherst, Mass.; she had repulsed his attentions. He burned the house, barn and outbuildings and disappeared.

Rear Admiral Sampson filed a claim for himself, officers and men, for prize money, for the capture of Maria Teresa.

Lava from Mauna Loa was diverted from Hilo, Hawaiian Islands, saving the town.

John Sanders of Shafter, Pa., father of Marchand Sanders, who committed suicide by throwing himself in front of a train, took his son's tragic death so much to heart that he took to his bed and died. His mother is also lying at point of death from the shock.

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"It has been stated, and repeated many times, that the secretary of war made these appointments, when the truth is that very few were made upon his recommendation, although he caused the entire list with the recommendations to be compiled and placed before the president for his selection."

"I would be only too glad to have had the honor to have made these appointments. No better, no more loyal or more patriotic set of men as a whole ever served their country and their appointments were a credit not only to the appointing power, but to the country they served. There were exceptions, but that could not have been foreseen."

"There were three regiments of cavalry, the officers of which were appointed by the secretary of war. Colonel Leonard Wood, now a brigadier general and commanding the departments of Santiago and Puerto Principe, was one of these. Colonel Grigsby and Colonel Torrey, both good officers, were the other two. There were three regiments of engineers, the colonels of which were all graduates of the military academy, and not only the officers but the enlisted men were selected with a view to their special fitness, and in most instances upon the recommendations of the colonels themselves, and all proved themselves most efficient."

"There were also ten regiments of immune infantry, of whose colonels eight were graduates of the military academy who were selected for special fitness to command, and in the short time these regiments were in service developed remarkable proficiency."

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Status of Inspector General.

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Daughter of Salmon P. Chase Expired In Washington—Children at Her Bedside.

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Tenth Pennsylvania Committee Trying to Beat the Transport to 'Frisco. Slow Raising of Money.

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"No," said President Everett. "We are going ahead as we have been doing. We are hiring new men all the time and we now have nearly all we want. Some of the new men are being discharged when found to be not the men we want and others put in their places. We are satisfied with the situation. And I might say in reference to the statement that there is a division in the board of directors that the board has been a unit from the beginning and it is now unanimous in favor of the policy being pursued."

On the other hand, the leaders of the strikers profess to be very much encouraged by the working of the boycott and they say they must surely win because, they declare, the public is with them. The president of the union has been busy all day listening to the complaints of merchants and others, who claim they have been boycotted without warrant, and when he discovers that the person who complains is innocent of the charge of having ridden on a Big Consolidated car he gives notice to union men accordingly.

Secretary Bishop of the state board of arbitration arrived in the city to look over the situation. He said he was willing to undertake an investigation of the strike if one was desired. He had a conference with president Everett, but refused to say what transpired. It was intimated that he may visit the strike leaders today.

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Edwin Gould Made a Director of the Diamond Company.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Edwin Gould of New York was admitted into the directorate of the Diamond Match company, by vote of the stockholders, at a special meeting held here. Mr. Gould's admission to the match board, following upon the absorption of his match properties, marked the final ending of the war. James Hopkins of St. Louis was also elected to be a new director of the company, the stockholders having increased the number of directors from five to seven.

It is said Mr. Gould will be given nearly \$1,000,000 in Diamond Match stock for his interest in the Continental Match company.

Besides the election of the two new directors, the Diamond Match stockholders passed a resolution increasing the capital stock from \$11,000,000 to \$15,000,000, to take effect Sept. 15.

Two Men Electrocutted.

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EVENTS IN BRIEFS.

Frank Reynolds, inexperienced aeronaut, dropped about 3,000 feet into Findlay's lake, Chautauqua county, N. Y., and didn't come up.

Robbers beat O. C. Pearl nearly to death and dangerously hurt Melville Harran, clerks, in Crafton (Pa.) station and stole \$900.

Six men were killed by a boiler explosion near White Cloud, Mich. Another man may die, while another had his legs broken.

Eugene Pakahpuer, a graduate from the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., shot and killed Edith Morrell, aged 17 years, at the home of Mrs. J. F. Morrell in South Amherst, Mass. She had repulsed his attentions. He burned the house, barn and outbuildings and disappeared.

Rear Admiral Sampson filed a claim for himself, officers and men, for prize money, for the capture of Maria Teresa.

Lava from Mauna Loa was diverted from Hilo, Hawaiian Islands, saving the town.

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CORDON ABOUT TOWNS

Hampton and Phoebus Held In Strict Quarantine.

NEW CASE AT SOLDIERS' HOME.

Thirty-Seven Cases and Seven Deaths Altogether From the Yellow Fever—Garrison at Ft. Monroe Ordered Removed. Wasdin Told How the Disease Started.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The advices show a total of 37 cases and seven deaths from yellow fever at the Soldiers' home, at Hampton, Va. One new case occurred at the home. Thus far the disease has been confined to the home, but all surrounding towns are excited, and a vigorous quarantine is being maintained. Dr. Wasdin of the marine hospital service is in charge of affairs at Hampton and is working in co-operation with the local boards of health. He has strengthened the cordon about the town of Phoebus, which he reports is in a very bad sanitary condition. The fact that only one new case appeared is encouraging to the officials here, who are taking every measure to prevent a spread of the disease. They feel that the fact that the affected locality is in the hands of the government, and under one management, will be of great value in dealing with the scourge and enable better results to be obtained than where epidemics break out in commercial places.

Already a number of inquiries have been received by Dr. Wyman from quarantine officers throughout the United States asking whether they shall impose a maritime quarantine against Norfolk. He has replied that there appears to be no necessity for such restriction in the case of either Norfolk or Newport News.

Dr. Wasdin's official report of his examination of existing conditions at the Soldiers' home reached Mr. Wyman. It was dated Monday and notes the fact that the doctor has seen all the cases of suspected diseases at the home. He sums up the history of the contagion as follows:

"Early in July an 'old soldier' entered the home for a short rest and soon afterward appeared at the dispensary, where he informed the physician in charge that he was recently from San Francisco, via a transport to a northern port, thence he started for Manila via San Francisco, beat his way to the home on a freight train and entered with his baggage. He complained of dumb chills and fever and was prescribed for. He mingled freely with the inmates of the home, and a short time ago disappeared."

"From this as a possible cause the outbreak is as follows: Preceding Friday, the 27th inst., there had been nothing of a suspicious nature. The weekly death rate was usual. But on the 21st and 22d there became ill during the night, with sharp or less chill, high fever, some eight or ten inmates, men of unusually good health."

"These seizures, although noted as peculiar, had occasioned no alarm until about Thursday, 27th, when a death occurred, the man becoming distinctly yellow some time prior to death. On or about the same day another one died without having attracted particular attention; he also turned yellow white. Autopsies were held on both by the resident pathologist. It was then or a little later that the telegram was sent you asking for an expert. I found there was 3,500 inmates and that 25 had been taken ill since the 21st."

Dr. Wasdin says he withheld a positive diagnosis in his first communication because of the assertion of Surgeon Vickery at the home that there had been no communication of the inmates with any Cuban soldiers returned since last May or early in June.

With the discovery of the probable origin of the infection and the two autopsies there can be no doubt, he says, about the disease being yellow fever, and continues:

"I have advised Major Vickery to empty the dormitory infected, at once, putting the men preferably in tents. The grounds are closed. There has been a very free intercommunication between the inmates and the people of Phoebus, a public house near the grounds having been freely visited until last night. I have suggested to Dr. Pettus to meet one or more of the local boards of Phoebus, and, informing them at the state of affairs, asking their co-operation in watching the village. These inmates, as I understand it, do not mingle much with the people outside the village. From this fact it would seem possible to confine it in the home."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Orders were issued by the war department removing the garrison at Fort Monroe to some point on the northern coast to be selected by General Merritt. A few officers and 20 enlisted men will be detached at Fort Monroe as a guard.

Dr. Van Reypen also said that he did not believe it would be necessary to suspend operations at the Norfolk navy yard. The yard would, however, be quarantined.

The ironclad monitors Terror and Puritan are the only naval vessels stationed at the Norfolk yard, and it is understood that they will be removed in case their crews should appear to be endangered. It is also quite well under-

stood that in such emergencies the navy department pays little heed to quarantine regulations and would not hesitate to send the ships out, bound for a northern port.

The officers of the marine hospital service refused to speculate on the genesis of the epidemic, but it is generally believed to have originated in some of the shore dives in Phoebus and cases were looked for there. Arrangements are already made to throw quarantine lines around any place where the disease shows itself outside of the home.

It was directed that the Josiah Simpson hospital at Fort Monroe be turned over to the marine hospital service if it is wanted. This hospital contains 1,000 beds and was fitted up for the troops stationed at Newport News last summer.

The marine hospital service hurried a number of surgeons to Hampton and vicinity.

END THE WAR QUICKLY.

This Senator Burrows' Advice, or It Would Hurt the Republican Party's Chances.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Senator Burrows of Michigan, in an interview with a reporter, said in part:

"Unless the war in the Philippines speedily ends, it will become an important political factor, and its continuance will make the outlook for Republican success uncertain, to say the least. If I could have had my way, we would have simply taken a coaling station or a base of supplies in the island of Luzon, we would not have paid a penny to Spain, and we would have our foothold in the east without the sacrifice of life and money."

He said he believed in securing a share in the markets of the Orient for our people and further said in part:

"At the same time, we must not overlook the fact that we may run counter at any moment to England, France or Germany, and I believe that England, now apparently so friendly, will strike at us the moment we cross her threshold."

"If our participation in the eastern trade is to be purchased at the cost of an indefinite war in the Philippines, we will pay a very large price for what we receive."

"The president is acting wisely, in my opinion, in endeavoring to restore peace and order in the Philippines by sending an increased army to assist General Otis."

"We must remember, however, that although we have now been fighting some time, we have conquered a territory only about 50 miles to the north of Manila and 15 miles to the south, a mere bagatelle compared with the immense area of the archipelago. If the additional troops sent to General Otis cannot restore peace, congress will have to deal with the problem and ought to have, by Dec. 1, some definite information upon which to act."

"You would not now abandon the Philippines?" suggested the reporter.

"I do not see how we can get away now," said the senator. "We cannot surrender our ships to Aguinaldo and say to him that he can murder our soldiers. Now that we have commenced, the only thing we can do is to end the conflict as soon as possible. After that is done, the question of the disposition of the islands or their permanent retention rests with the people and with congress."

THE PRESIDENT GRATIFIED.

Pleased at the Way Mrs. McKinley's Health Improved.

HOTEL CHAMPLAIN, N. Y., Aug. 1.—After disposing of the huge pile of mail matter that had accumulated over Sunday, the president went for a walk with Dr. Rixey. The air was keen and clear and they had to walk at a brisk pace to keep warm. After luncheon he went for a drive with Colonel Legrande B. Cannon. The president himself held the reins and displayed much skill in handling them. Toward evening he took another short walk with Dr. Rixey. The president was much gratified at the rapidity with which Mrs. McKinley was improving in health.

Vice President Hobart probably will arrive here Saturday from Long Branch for an indefinite stay.

Today there is to be a golf tournament and a baseball game on the hotel grounds and the president will probably attend both.

Reward Offered For Coughlin.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The board of commissioners of Cook county offered a reward of \$500 for the capture and return to this city of Daniel Coughlin, wanted for alleged jury-bribing. Coughlin was once sentenced for life for the murder of Dr. Cronin and was acquitted on the second trial.

Addressed Universalist Meeting.

SARATOGA, Aug. 1.—The Universalist national summer meeting, in session here, was addressed by the Rev. Dr. O. H. Shinn of Kansas City on "Affirmations of Universalism."

To Ride 100 Miles a Day.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Teddy Hale, the Irish bicycle racer, started from Holborn viaduct here in an effort to ride 100 miles daily for a year, Sundays excepted.

Appointed a Census Supervisor.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Frank M. Martin of Caldwell, O., was appointed a census supervisor.

ROOT IS IN CHARGE.

Alger Quit the War Department Today.

HE ISSUED ANOTHER STATEMENT.

Defended the Appointment of Volunteer Officers by the President—Said He Had Nothing to Do With It—The London Times Aroused Him.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Elihu Root assumed charge of the war department about 11 o'clock this morning. General Alger left the city later for Michigan.

A statement prepared by Alger said in part:

"I am led to make the following statements on account of the many criticisms which have been made by the public press, and especially on account of a recent article which appeared in the London Times containing assertions which have no foundation in truth."

"At the commencement of the war with Spain and for several years prior to that time the regular army consisted of only 25,000 men, with the minimum number of officers prescribed by law. The situation can be partially appreciated when it is remembered that within 60 days from the declaration of war the strength of the army was increased to 275,000 men, and everything for the equipment of this great force, including clothing, tents, transportation, medical supplies, camps and camp equipment and all that pertains to equipping an army for service had to be manufactured, transported and distributed for use."

"From the statement referred to the public might be led to believe that the volunteer army was officered by men selected through political influence by the secretary of war by special favor and without any regard to fitness for the duties they were to perform. As is well known, the volunteer force, with the exception of three regiments of engineers, three regiments of cavalry and ten regiments of immune infantry, was made up of regiments from the various states, the officers of which were all appointed exclusively by the governors of the respective states from which the regiments came, and any officer found unfit for service and discharged was replaced by another in the same manner. The president had no voice or control in the matter."

"The officers appointed by the president numbered all told 1,032. Of this number 442 were taken from the regular army and 591 from civil life."

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And Every One Was Before
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EAST END HAS A TROLLEY PARTY

John Herbert Has Another Operation
Performed on His Knee Last Night—A
Former Resident of East End Married.
Happenings of a Day.

Sunday afternoon Charles Mills, Harry Deacon, Will Haney, Harry McBane and Harry Delaney thought it would be fine sport to hunt apples. As a result the quartet faced Mayor Bough last night at the request of Officer White.

The boys, whose ages range between 10 and 12 years, entered the Harker orchard about 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon and were gathering up apples that had been knocked from the trees at a rapid rate when White appeared on the scene. They were told to appear at the mayor's office at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, but Mills was the only one to respond. After a short talk with Mayor Bough he was told to come back at 8 o'clock last night.

The mayor notified the East End officer yesterday afternoon that all the boys had not appeared and last night the boys were gathered in with the assistance of Fireman Terrence and taken before the mayor.

The boys when before the mayor told of their actions of Sunday and made a plea for leniency. The mayor, however, thought of sending them to the workhouse but upon promise of the action not being repeated they were allowed to go.

WAS MARRIED.

Well Known East End Man Becomes a
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Luther Elliott and William Calhoun, who have been employed in the Evansville, Ind., pottery for the past year, returned to East End yesterday afternoon. They formerly resided in East End and will make their future home here. Elliott will work at the Knowles, Taylor & Knowles plant, while Calhoun will work at the Liverpool.

While in the west Calhoun became a benedict, but this fact was not made known until his return. He is now receiving the congratulations of a large number of friends.

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John Herbert Is Still Suffering From an
Injured Knee.

Physicians again performed an operation on the left knee of John Herbert last evening. It will be remembered Herbert injured his knee while at work at the Laughlin pottery several weeks ago and since that time it has been causing him much pain.

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Mildred Hurst, a finisher at the Globe pottery, is very ill at her home in Wellsville.

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The idea of making a Chautauqua out of the ground was discussed, but no action was taken.

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Two Ladies Went Over a Stone Wall at
Kountz's Corner.

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GYPSY CLAN GATHERING.

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HAVE NOT MET FOR TWENTY YEARS

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Their Aged Queen, Whom the World
Knows as "Snake Mary"—Romany
Tribe, Who Are Clean and Not Un-
welcome Visitors.

The queen of the Harrison gypsies, with her family, awaits the gathering of her people on the Netherwood road, not three miles from Plainfield, N. J. The Harrisons have not assembled for 20 years, and in that time they have scattered all over the continent. They travel only in the gypsy way, in their own wagons, carrying all their worldly goods with them. Some of them started from the Pacific slope months ago for this meeting. Others, in Delaware, Pennsylvania and New York, have but just turned their horses' heads toward Netherwood. It is expected that the gathering will soon be complete.

The meeting place is the regular summer camp of the queen, "Snake Mary," and her own immediate family. It is beside the main road, in a clump of trees on the edge of a field. A painfully prosaic roadhouse is only a few rods away. The Harrisons made no effort to secure complete privacy. They like to have visitors come. When all the families are assembled, it is their purpose to rope in the encampment and charge an admission fee of 25 cents "to defray the expense which many of them have incurred in making their long journeys." The place is only 15 minutes' walk from Netherwood station, and they hope to make money out of folks who come from nearby towns.

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The members of the tribe talk with a freedom from bad grammar that is rather surprising to one who has preconceived notions that the gypsies are a shiftless and unpleasant race. Both men and women are neatly dressed and carry themselves rather in the manner of city folks on an outing. Part of the queen's lifetime was spent in visiting the regions in which the different families of the tribe roam. She was crowned anew by each family she visited. In that way her household has acquired an easy and intimate knowledge of every part of the country.

The male head of the family is James Harrison, the husband of "Snake Mary's" oldest daughter, who is about 50 years old. "King James," as the gypsies call Harrison, has the look of a keen, clean cut American of Scotch or Irish descent. He has a son whose name is the same as his own. There are a number of children. Inasmuch as they spend much of their time playing under the wagons, they were not exactly in a state to appear on any formal occasion, such, for instance, as a Sunday school festival, the other day, but their clothes were whole. There was not a patch or a tear anywhere visible.

The elder James Harrison talked freely about the family. In this part of New Jersey, he said, and, in fact, in any part of the country in which this family or any members of the Harrison tribe had spent any time, he had never observed an unfriendly spirit. "Wherever we go," he added, "we are known, and we never have any difficulty. The Harrisons have made a good, clean name for themselves. There are people going around who are dishonest, malicious and a bad lot generally. They take the name of gypsies, and they cause people who have anything to do with them to think that gypsies are very bad people to have around. We never harmed anybody, and as people learn to understand that fact they are glad to see us when we come back each year. We hear the same story from all the other 40 families of our tribe."

The members of the family speak to one another sometimes in English, sometimes in their own Romany tongue. Their wagons are strongly built and bright with fresh paint. The

tarpaulins are new looking. Inside the living wagons the berths are laid with clean linen sheets and hung with fine lace curtains. There is every evidence of family prosperity. One of the younger women, the wife of the junior James, cheerfully undertook to tell the fortune of a visitor. She warned him in the usual way against signing a paper that was about to be presented to him and that within a few months he was to go away on a long journey. When she took his dollar and tied it up in the corner of her apron, she disclosed \$8 or \$10 which had preceded it.

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Mrs. J. Ellen Foster's Plea For Her
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"I speak from the standpoint of a woman," she said. "As a woman I believe in expansion. I want the women of the Philippines to have the home life and love that our American husbands give us."

She was interrupted by a gust of applause, the throng grasping the fact that a new and wholly fascinating thought on the subject of colonial expansion had been presented to it. Mrs.



MRS. J. ELLEN FOSTER.

Foster dwelt a little on what she knew America would achieve for the women of the Philippines—a factor heretofore disregarded in public discussion—and then launched into other phases of the question. She even dared to level her lance at Darwin.

"I am not for the survival of the fittest," she said, "but for the sacrifice of the best—when the sacrifice is needed. That is the moral law, if it is not the law of science. God gave his best—his only son—to save the world, and the women of America are giving the best—their beloved sons—for the enfranchisement and enlightenment of what may be now but brutal savages, but who will at the touch of American civilization take their places in the parliament of nations."

VISITED ALL LANDS BUT ONE.

John W. Bookwalter of Ohio Is
About Starting For Tibet.

John W. Bookwalter of Ohio is not only a noted traveler, but an enthusiast as well. His eyes kindled recently at the mention of Tibet, which he hopes to penetrate shortly by permission of the czar, but he refused to talk of his journey into that mysterious country in advance.

"Let us talk of Turkestan, Afghanistan or Persia instead," said he to a representative of the New York Journal. "In eight months I traveled 25,000 miles, took over 600 photographs and purchased some 600 works of art. With the aid of a special passport I wandered into central Asia. Everywhere I was struck with the work and power of Russia. We should emulate her in our expansion policy and take only contiguous countries."

"During my 30 years of nomadic existence I have learned that the old adage, 'When in Rome do as the Romans do,' is one to be followed. In each country I find myself in sympathy with the customs and even the manners. They are as much to be enjoyed as the climate or the food. In 30 years I have been in as many different climates. Of them all the best is to be found in the Malay Archipelago. It is tropical and delicious."

"The most beautiful women I have met in our own country. Each time that I return here I am able to say this without hesitation. They are more graceful, more brilliant, more refined than any in the world. Next to them I should rank the Circassians. They are exquisitely fine and delicately fair. For many years there has existed a fallacy that with much travel you may overcome seasickness. I have found, after crossing almost every body of water in the world, that I may always expect to be seasick where the water is rough. The degree of my suffering has in 30 years been lessened but slightly. The roughest, most turbulent body of water I ever tossed upon is the Caspian sea."

"I first started on my nomadic career in search of health, and I have continued it merely for pleasure. With Tibet I shall have exhausted the map of the world."

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN.

Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should write to Dr. Pierce and receive free the advice of a physician of over thirty years' experience—a skilled and successful specialist in the diseases of women. Every letter of this sort has the most careful consideration and is, of course, regarded as sacredly confidential. Many sensitively modest women write fully to Dr. Pierce what they would shrink from telling to their local physician. The local physician is pretty sure to say that he cannot do anything without "an examination." Dr. Pierce holds that these distasteful examinations are generally needless, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's treatment will cure you right in the privacy of your own home. His "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands, some of them the worst imaginable cases. It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. Some unscrupulous medicine dealers may offer you a substitute. Don't take it. Don't trifle with your health. Write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.,—take his advice and be well.

Mrs. R. D. Monfort, of Lebanon, Warren Co., O., writes: "I drop you a line this morning to let you know that I have received the Medical Adviser, and how very much pleased I am with it. A crisp new five dollar bill could not tempt me to part with it."

On receipt of 21 one-cent stamps, to pay cost of mailing only, we will send free to any address a paper-bound copy of Dr. Pierce's great 100-page book, "The Common Sense Medical Adviser." Or, the same book bound in fine French cloth will be sent for 10 cents extra to pay the cost of this more handsome and more durable binding. Address World's Dispensary Medical Ass'n, Buffalo, N. Y.

WITH ONE VOICE.

East Liverpool People Who Have Investigated Are a Unit on the Subject.

The voice of the people is heard all over the land. Trumpet notes of truth. Sounded from East to West. East Liverpool has joined the throng. Many a citizen lifts his voice in praise.

Enthusiastic people everywhere. Backs relieved of heavy burdens. Nights of suffering, days of misery. Become nights of rest and days of joy.

It's the constant workings of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Are these reports all true? Ask a neighbor who knows. Here's an East Liverpool man, ask him.

Read what he says: Mr. Thomas Laughlin, of 172 Sophia street, engineer, says: "I caught cold and neglected it—it settled in my back and kidneys, forced me to quit work and almost cost me my life. I could not move without suffering, and often could neither sit, stand or lie for pain. The secretion of the kidneys went wrong, and distressed and annoyed me both night and day. I took medicines for two years but did not get well. When I read of Doan's Kidney Pills I got a box at the W. & W. pharmacy. Noticing some improvement by the time I had taken the first half of the box, I continued until I took four boxes, and my back was all right as well as the urinary trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills are without doubt a grand remedy. I will endorse them at all times. I will substantiate my statement of Doan's Kidney Pills if any one will call at my house to investigate for themselves. My wife had some backache also; she took Doan's Kidney Pills and was cured."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box by all dealers, or sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable
monthly regulating medicine.
DR. PEAL'S
PENNYROYAL PILLS,
Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoints. Sent anywhere for \$1.00.
For sale by C. G. Anderson, Druggist.

RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the
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Rubber Stamps.

THE NEWS REVIEW

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1st, Best Materials used.
2d, Seventeen years' experience.
3d, Personal attention to all mixing.
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LEADING WATCH AND OPTICAL HOUSE.
Note Address. **Roberts,** 167 Fifth Street.
Best work on watches, clocks and jewelry. Your eyes will be rested and comforted by using glasses fitted by Dr. J. T. Roberts, Ref. D.
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THE EAST END.

FIVE BOYS STOLE APPLES

And Every One Was Before the Mayor Last Night.

EAST END HAS A TROLLEY PARTY

John Herbert Has Another Operation Performed on His Knee Last Night—A Former Resident of East End Married. Happenings of a Day.

Sunday afternoon Charles Mills, Harry Deacon, Will Haney, Harry McBane and Harry Delaney thought it would be fine sport to hunt apples. As a result the quartet faced Mayor Bough last night at the request of Officer White.

The boys, whose ages range between 10 and 12 years, entered the Harker orchard about 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon and were gathering up apples that had been knocked from the trees at a rapid rate when White appeared on the scene. They were told to appear at the mayor's office at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, but Mills was the only one to respond. After a short talk with Mayor Bough he was told to come back at 8 o'clock last night.

The mayor notified the East End officer yesterday afternoon that all the boys had not appeared and last night the boys were gathered in with the assistance of Fireman Terrence and taken before the mayor.

The boys when before the mayor told of their actions of Sunday and made a plea for leniency. The mayor, however, thought of sending them to the workhouse but upon promise of the action not being repeated they were allowed to go.

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"During my 30 years of nomadic existence I have learned that the old adage, 'When in Rome do as the Romans do,' is one to be followed. In each country I find myself in sympathy with the customs and even the manners. They are as much to be enjoyed as the climate or the food. In 30 years I have been in as many different climates. Of them all the best is to be found in the Malay Archipelago. It is tropical and delicious."

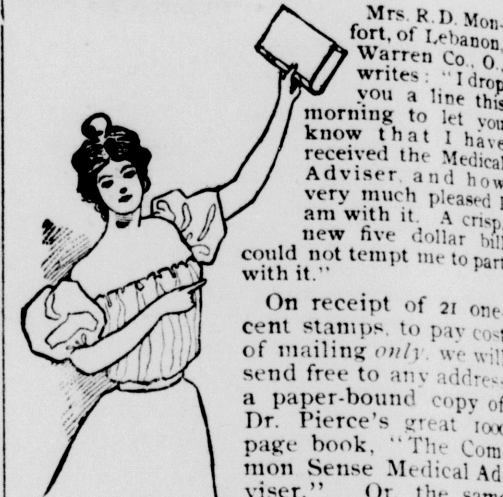
"The most beautiful women I have met in our own country. Each time that I return here I am able to say this without hesitation. They are more graceful, more brilliant, more refined than any in the world. Next to them I should rank the Circassians. They are exquisitely fine and delicately fair. For many years there has existed a fallacy that with much travel you may overcome seasickness. I have found, after crossing almost every body of water in the world, that I may always expect to be seasick where the water is rough. The degree of my suffering has in 30 years been lessened but slightly. The roughest, most turbulent body of water I ever tossed upon is the Caspian sea."

"I first started on my nomadic career in search of health, and I have continued it merely for pleasure. With Tibet I shall have exhausted the map of the world."

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN.

Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should write to Dr. Pierce and receive free the advice of a physician of over thirty years' experience—a skilled and successful specialist in the diseases of women. Every letter of this sort has the most careful consideration and is, of course, regarded as sacredly confidential. Many sensitively modest women write fully to Dr. Pierce what they would shrink from telling to their local physician. The local physician is pretty sure to say that he cannot do anything without "an examination." Dr. Pierce holds that these distasteful examinations are generally needless, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's treatment will cure you right in the privacy of your own home. His "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands, some of them the worst imaginable cases. It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. Some unscrupulous medicine dealers may offer you a substitute. Don't take it. Don't trifle with your health. Write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.,—take his advice and be well.



Mrs. R. D. Monfort, of Lebanon, Warren Co., O., writes: "I drop you a line this morning to let you know that I have received the Medical Adviser, and how very much pleased I am with it. A crisp, new five dollar bill could not tempt me to part with it."

On receipt of 21 one-cent stamps, to pay cost of mailing only, we will send free to any address a paper-bound copy of Dr. Pierce's great 100 page book, "The Common Sense Medical Adviser." Or, the same book bound in fine French cloth will be sent for 10 cents extra to pay the cost of this more handsome and more durable binding. Address World's Dispensary Medical Ass'n, Buffalo, N. Y.

WITH ONE VOICE.

East Liverpool People Who Have Investigated Are a Unit on the Subject.

The voice of the people is heard all o'er the land. Trumpet notes of truth. Sounded from East to West. East Liverpool has joined the throng. Many a citizen lifts his voice in praise.

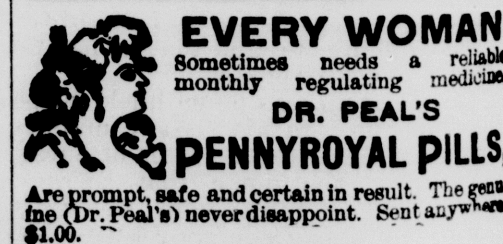
Enthusiastic people everywhere. Backs relieved of heavy burdens. Nights of suffering, days of misery. Become nights of rest and days of joy.

It's the constant workings of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Are the reports all true? Ask a neighbor who knows. Here's an East Liverpool man, ask him.

Read what he says: Mr. Thomas Laughlin, of 172 Sophia street, engineer, says: "I caught cold and neglected it—it settled in my back and kidneys, forced me to quit work and almost cost me my life. I could not move without suffering, and often could neither sit, stand or lie for pain. The secretion of the kidneys went wrong, and distressed and annoyed me both night and day. I took medicines for two years but did not get well. When I read of Doan's Kidney Pills I got a box at the W. & W. pharmacy. Noticing some improvement by the time I had taken the first half of the box, I continued until I took four boxes, and my back was all right as well as the urinary trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills are without doubt a grand remedy. I will endorse them at all times. I will substantiate my statement of Doan's Kidney Pills if any one will call at my house to investigate for themselves. My wife had some backache also; she took Doan's Kidney Pills and was cured."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box by all dealers, or sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.



Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere \$1.00.

For sale by C. G. Anderson, Druggist.

RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the Celebrated Air Cushion Rubber Stamps.

THE NEWS REVIEW

Hassey's Place for the best Ice Water. All flavors. Four reasons why Hassey's Ice Cream and Soda Water are the best: 1st, Best Materials used. 2d, Seventeen years' experience. 3d, Personal attention to all mixing. 4th, Best equipped factory between Pittsburgh and Cleveland.

LEADING WATCH AND OPTICAL HOUSE.

Note Address. 167 Fifth Street. Roberts, Street. Best work on watches, clocks and jewelry. Your eyes will be rested and comforted by using glasses fitted by Dr. J. T. Roberts, Ref. D. Note address, Roberts, 167 Fifth St.

THE EAST END.

FIVE BOYS STOLE APPLES

And Every One Was Before the Mayor Last Night.

EAST END HAS A TROLLEY PARTY

John Herbert Has Another Operation Performed on His Knee Last Night—A Former Resident of East End Married. Happenings of a Day.

Sunday afternoon Charles Mills, Harry Deacon, Will Haney, Harry McBane and Harry Delaney thought it would be fine sport to hunt apples. As a result the quartet faced Mayor Bough last night at the request of Officer White.

The boys, whose ages range between 10 and 12 years, entered the Harker orchard about 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon and were gathering up apples that had been knocked from the trees at a rapid rate when White appeared on the scene. They were told to appear at the mayor's office at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, but Mills was the only one to respond. After a short talk with Mayor Bough he was told to come back at 8 o'clock last night.

The mayor notified the East End officer yesterday afternoon that all the boys had not appeared and last night the boys were gathered in with the assistance of Fireman Terrence and taken before the mayor.

The boys when before the mayor told of their actions of Sunday and made a plea for leniency. The mayor, however, thought of sending them to the workhouse but upon promise of the action not being repeated they were allowed to go.

WAS MARRIED.

Well Known East End Man Becomes a Benedict at Evansville.

Luther Elliott and William Calhoun, who have been employed in the Evansville, Ind., pottery for the past year, returned to East End yesterday afternoon. They formerly resided in East End and will make their future home here. Elliott will work at the Knowles, Taylor & Knowles plant, while Calhoun will work at the Liverpool.

While in the west Calhoun became a benedict, but this fact was not made known until his return. He is now receiving the congratulations of a large number of friends.

AN OPERATION.

John Herbert Is Still Suffering From an Injured Knee.

Physicians again performed an operation on the left knee of John Herbert last evening. It will be remembered Herbert injured his knee while at work at the Laughlin pottery several weeks ago and since that time it has been causing him much pain.

Among the Sick.

Mildred Hurst, a finisher at the Globe pottery, is very ill at her home in Wellsville.

Mrs. Sallie Dawson, of Smith's Ferry, is very ill, threatened with typhoid fever.

Nathaniel McKinnon, a packer at the Goodwin pottery, resumed work after a week's illness.

A Trolley Party.

William Cooley and William Patterson, of Mulberry street, gave a trolley party to Wellsville last evening. As the majority of the boys in the car could play musical instruments it is needless to say they spent an enjoyable evening.

Will Get Married.

There was a well defined rumor in East End last evening that a well known jiggerman at the Globe pottery would soon be married to a young lady residing near Ralston's crossing.

Resumed Work.

Harry Wolf, who had his back injured several weeks ago by being struck in the back with a woodman's ax, resumed his work on the Anderson farm yesterday morning.

Missionary Meetings.

The Foreign Missionary societies of the various churches of East End will hold their regular monthly meeting next Thursday afternoon. Much business is to be transacted.

Going to New Castle.

James Ramsey, of Mulberry street, yesterday moved his family and effects to New Castle. They have resided in East End for several years.

A Social.

The young people of the Second U.

P. church will give a social on the church lawn this evening and a pleasant time is expected.

Purchased Horses.

George Zink purchased several good working horses about Dry Run yesterday afternoon.

SPRING GROVE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders Was Held Last Evening.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Spring Grove Campmeeting association was held last evening and the following trustees elected: N. U. Walker, N. T. Ashbaugh, John W. Patterson, B. Rand, G. W. Ashbaugh, A. H. Bulger, A. J. Cartwright, J. E. Brookes, Samuel Stevenson, A. M. Litchenberger, Hamlin Barnes.

A committee was appointed to formulate plans to raise the debt and will report at a meeting to be held at the Young Men's Christian association rooms next Monday evening.

The idea of making a Chautauqua out of the ground was discussed, but no action was taken.

Notes.

The dormitory closed today. C. J. Albright and family have returned to East Palestine. The Stevenson and Andrews families will spend tomorrow in Pittsburg. Mrs. Deborah Watson yesterday was the guest of Mrs. R. L. Herbert. William Cartwright and family have returned to the city.

SPORTING NOTES.

Alf Shaw Is Doing Well With the Detroit While George Carey Is Still Hitting the Ball.

Alf Shaw is catching a great game for Detroit and in the last five games played, out of 14 times at bat he has made six hits. In the same games he had six putouts, seven assists and two errors. Of his playing a Milwaukee paper says:

"Detroit has probably the most promising National League catcher in Backstop Shaw. He caught the entire series here and put up a splendid game, catching as many as eight Brewers trying to steal second."

George Carey only figured in two games at Minneapolis last week, but in six times at bat had two hits.

There is some talk among the football players of the city of organizing an eleven for this season and making an attempt to revive the sport in the city.

DANGEROUS.

Two Ladies Went Over a Stone Wall at Kountz's Corner.

There is a stone wall along the south side of the street car line at Kountz's corner that should have a guard rail. Sunday evening a young man and two ladies walked down the road from the campground and were waiting for a street car when a buggy came along. The ladies stepped back to get out of the way of the buggy and went over the wall, falling a distance of probably five feet. They were not hurt, beyond a few bruises. Someone would have had damages to pay if they had been injured and the sooner the place is fixed the better it will be.

CAMPING PARTIES.

One Party Leaves the City and Another Returns.

John Wallace, Joe Carey, Homer West, Will Louthan, Homer Swift, Roy Colclough and Tommy McClure left yesterday for Williamsport, where they will spend two weeks camping out.

W. E. Vodrey and family, J. B. Taylor and family, Jud McCain and family returned to the city yesterday after spending several weeks at their country residence on Beaver creek.

Coming Picnics.

The National club and their friends are picnicking today at Columbian park.

The street car men will picnic at Columbian park, Aug. 8.

Company E will picnic at Columbian park Aug. 21.

The labor day committee have a contract with the managers of the Columbian park, and the annual celebration will be held there Monday, Sept. 4.

Big Sewer Pipe Concern.

The Royal Sewer Pipe and Press Brick company was incorporated at Columbus with a capital stock of \$500,000 and will operate the big works at Uhrichsville.

For Sale at a Bargain.

House and barn, on Third street near Broadway. Inquire of

J. C. THOMPSON.

GYPSY CLAN GATHERING.

Harrisons Coming From Far and Near to Netherwood, N. J.

HAVE NOT MET FOR TWENTY YEARS

Forty Families to Assemble Around Their Aged Queen, Whom the World Knows as "Snake Mary"—Romany Tribe, Who Are Clean and Not Unwelcome Visitors.

The queen of the Harrison gypsies, with her family, awaits the gathering of her people on the Netherwood road, not three miles from Plainfield, N. J. The Harrisons have not assembled for 20 years, and in that time they have scattered all over the continent. They travel only in the gypsy way, in their own wagons, carrying all their worldly goods with them. Some of them started from the Pacific slope months ago for this meeting. Others, in Delaware, Pennsylvania and New York, have but just turned their horses' heads toward Netherwood. It is expected that the gathering will soon be complete.

The meeting place is the regular summer camp of the queen, "Snake Mary," and her own immediate family. It is beside the main road, in a clump of trees on the edge of a field. A painfully prosaic roadhouse is only a few rods away. The Harrisons made no effort to secure complete privacy. They like to have visitors come. When all the families are assembled, it is their purpose to rope in the encampment and charge an admission fee of 25 cents "to defray the expense which many of them have incurred in making their long journeys." The place is only 15 minutes' walk from Netherwood station, and they hope to make money out of folks who come from nearby towns.

The family now here numbers 10 or 11 persons. "Snake Mary," as the outside world calls her, or "grandma," as the family itself calls her, is known to the Harrison tribe as "the queen." She is 94 years old. She was born in Egypt and has the brown skin and the dead black hair that characterize the people of the pyramids. There was a newspaper photographer in the party that visited the encampment the other afternoon, and she wouldn't come out of the tent in which she was working if she could help it. One of the grandsons, who did not share her prejudices against the camera, pulled aside a flap of the tent, and she came out to pull it back, complaining bitterly against all photographers and their ways. The photograph was taken in the midst of her plaint. Great was the joy of the younger generation, who exchanged noisy congratulations that they had at last "got ahead of grandma."

The members of the tribe talk with a freedom from bad grammar that is rather surprising to one who has preconceived notions that the gypsies are a shiftless and unpleasant race. Both men and women are neatly dressed and carry themselves rather in the manner of city folks on an outing. Part of the queen's lifetime was spent in visiting the regions in which the different families of the tribe roam. She was crowned anew by each family she visited. In that way her household has acquired an easy and intimate knowledge of every part of the country.

The male head of the family is James Harrison, the husband of "Snake Mary's" oldest daughter, who is about 50 years old. "King James," as the gypsies call Harrison, has the look of a keen, clean cut American of Scotch or Irish descent. He has a son whose name is the same as his own. There are a number of children. Inasmuch as they spend much of their time playing under the wagons, they were not exactly in a state to appear on any formal occasion, such, for instance, as a Sunday school festival, the other day, but their clothes were whole. There was not a patch or a tear anywhere visible.

The elder James Harrison talked freely about the family. In this part of New Jersey, he said, and in fact, in any part of the country in which this family or any members of the Harrison tribe had spent any time, he had never observed an unfriendly spirit. "Wherever we go," he added, "we are known, and we never have any difficulty. The Harrisons have made a good, clean name for themselves. There are people going around who are dishonest, malicious and a bad lot generally. They take the name of gypsies, and they cause people who have anything to do with them to think that gypsies are very bad people to have around. We never harmed anybody, and as people learn to understand that fact they are glad to see us when we come back each year. We hear the same story from all the other 40 families of our tribe."

The members of the family speak to one another sometimes in English, sometimes in their own Romany tongue. Their wagons are strongly built and bright with fresh paint. The

tarapaulins are new looking. Inside the living wagons the berths are laid with clean linen sheets and hung with fine lace curtains. There is every evidence of family prosperity. One of the younger women, the wife of the junior James, cheerfully undertook to tell the fortune of a visitor. She warned him in the usual way against signing a paper that was about to be presented to him and that within a few months he was to go away on a long journey. When she took his dollar and tied it up in the corner of her apron, she disclosed \$8 or \$10 which had preceded it.

A WOMAN'S EXPANSION VIEW.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster's Plea For Her Sex In the Philippines.

Expansion from a woman's point of view was presented in charming periods to the immense audience at the patriotic meeting held recently in the Auditorium at Asbury Park, N. J., says the New York Journal. The orator was Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, the renowned lawyer and temperance advocate.

"I speak from the standpoint of a woman," she said. "As a woman I believe in expansion. I want the women of the Philippines to have the home life and love that our American husbands give us."

She was interrupted by a gust of applause, the throng grasping the fact that a new and wholly fascinating thought on the subject of colonial expansion had been presented to it. Mrs.



MRS. J. ELLEN FOSTER.

Foster dwelt a little on what she knew America would achieve for the women of the Philippines—a factor heretofore disregarded in public discussion—and then launched into other phases of the question. She even dared to level her lance at Darwin.

"I am not for the survival of the fittest," she said, "but for the sacrifice of the best—when the sacrifice is needed. That is the moral law, if it is not the law of science. God gave his best—his only son—to save the world, and the women of America are giving the best—their beloved sons—for the enfranchisement and enlightenment of what may be now but brutal savages, but who will at the touch of American civilization take their places in the parliament of nations."

VISITED ALL LANDS BUT ONE.

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SOUTH SIDE.

FOUGHT ON THE BRIDGE

As Usual a Woman Was the Cause of It All.

COMMISSIONERS MEET TOMORROW

A Child Injured In Cumberland—Will Pay Railroad Men Saturday—Heavy Foreign Mail—Those Who Are Ill—News of Chester and Surroundings.

There was a fierce fight on the bridge early yesterday morning, but up to a late hour this afternoon no arrests had been made. Any night during the week one passing over the bridge will witness a fight, but as no officer is on duty these fights will continue. The fight of yesterday morning was the result of several men quarreling about a woman. One of the men was cut about the face and hands, and when he reached the tollhouse a request to arrest the other parties was made. Nothing could be done on this side of the river as the offense occurred in West Virginia. The woman over whom the fight resulted witnessed the proceedings but she would make no complaint against the men when asked to by the authorities on the other side.

MEET TOMORROW.

Commissioners Will Hear Testimony In Cumberland.

Tomorrow morning the commissioners appointed by the Hancock county court to assess the damage to property caused by the extension of the Cumberland branch will meet in the court house at Cumberland and hear testimony in the several cases. It will be at least 10 days before they will be able to make a report of their work to the court.

CUT HER HAND.

Resident of Chester Injured While Visiting In Cumberland.

While visiting at the home of Mrs. Eddy in New Cumberland last week a small daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cunningham fell on a piece of glass and badly injured her right hand. In one place it was cut so badly that several stitches were required. The child returned to the home of its parents yesterday.

A ROAD RACE.

An Event Being Arranged by Several Well Known Young Men.

Several well known young men of Chester are arranging to give a road race from Chester to Yellow Creek and return. The entry books will be opened within a few days, and it is expected to pull the event off the last of the month. A number of riders of Liverpool have signified their willingness to enter.

Will Picnic.

The steamer T. M. Boyne, of Steubenville, will bring Stanton Post, G. A. R., of that place, to Rock Spring tomorrow, where they will spend the day, returning to Steubenville at 9 o'clock. This is the first large picnic to be held on the Southside this year and it promises to be well attended.

SOUTHSIDE NEWS.

Notes About People and Things Across the Ohio River.

A fine buggy owned by George Orr, of Liverpool, broke down on the county road bridge on First avenue yesterday.

Postmaster S. F. Rose will build two residences instead of one as was first planned.

Cris Wetzel has moved into his new home from the city.

Bad Hilliard is ill with an attack of malaria.

A small child of Mark Johnson is ill. Yesterday 10 foreign letters were mailed at the postoffice, one of which was registered. This is the largest foreign mail ever dispatched from the office at one time.

The McNally forces will be paid Saturday. The timekeeper checked all store accounts yesterday and it is very likely the books can be arranged by the last of the week.

Mrs. Deever, who has been very ill for several weeks, is able to be about.

The contractor who was erecting the Cunningham residence has given up the work. He forgot to bid on the roof and failed to come to an understanding with the owner of the property.

Appointed Guardian.

LISBON, Aug. 1.—[Special]—John Russell is appointed guardian for Mabel Livingston, the 10-year-old child of John O. Livingston, late of Washington township; bond \$500.

Not In Her Nightgown.

It is commonly supposed that when the tidings of the death of William IV were conveyed to Queen Victoria she received the archbishop of Canterbury and those with him in her nightgown, but the ridiculous nightgown story can easily be exploded. The mistake originated in one of Disraeli's novels. As a matter of fact, during the last century the garment now known as dressing gown was called a nightgown, and we read of elderly ladies and gentlemen walking in their gardens before breakfast in their nightgowns. It was really a dressing gown which the princess donned before receiving the archbishop, and it was a pretty one, made of white cambric, over which her maid threw a shawl.

The archbishop was accompanied by the Marquis of Conyngham and Sir Henry Halford, and the difficulty they experienced in getting admission to the castle has been likened to the scene in "Macbeth," where the sleepy and ungracious porter has been aroused from his slumbers. It was a long time before the porter would answer the clamorous summons, though the archbishop pealed at the bell, while the marquis plied the knocker.—Dublin Independent.

A Mad Monarch's Freak.

"At the time the malady of Ludwig II, the mad king of Bavaria, was at its worst he gave orders that 30 of his finest horses should be put in the best condition possible for a race," writes Professor J. H. Gore in The Ladies' Home Journal. "When the report came that no further improvement could be made, he had them brought into an open field where every conceivable form of noise making device had been stationed.

"The horses were tied to posts, and the king from an elevated stand gave the signal that started the flare of trumpets, the booming of cannon, the firing of bombs and other outlandish noises. The horses reared, plunged, struggled to get free, and finally breaking loose started in the wildest of gallops from this bedlam. But toward whatever corner of the field they fled they were stopped by noises just as terrifying and sent to another quarter to be frightened again and again.

"When the horses became too tired to run well, the king found the spectacle uninteresting and ordered the orgy to cease. By this cruel freak the royal stables lost a number of their most valuable animals."

Shocked the Chief Justice.

Lord Russell of Killowen, the chief justice of England, was up in London for a few days last long vacation, and having nothing to do after the morning accepted a friend's invitation to lunch at his club. After luncheon a scratch rubber was with difficulty got together, very few members being in the town. The fourth man, a young subaltern in the guards, only joined after mentioning that he played a very poor rubber. Unfortunately the chief cut him as partner, several times in succession. At first he only fidgeted a little and made one or two mild inquiries. But after something extra diabolical his lordship broke out with, "I really think, sir, you are playing badly on purpose to annoy me."

"Oh, shut up!" said the soldier. "How can any fellow play when you keep jawing at him?" Lord Russell, with quiet dignity, observed, "I don't think you know to whom you are speaking, sir."

"Oh, yes, I do," said the warrior. "You are the lord chief justice, but you're not in your blooming police court now." Tableau.

A Startling Answer.

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We want the facts.
Our force, our thought, we do not spend
In vain attacks,
And we will never meanly try
To save some fair and pleasing lie.

The simple truth is what we ask,
Not the ideal.
We've set ourselves the noble task
To find the real.
If all there is is naught but dross,
We want to know and bear our loss.

We will not willingly be fooled
By fables nursed.
Our hearts by earnest thought are schooled
To bear the worst,
And we can stand erect and dare
All things, all facts that really are.

We have no God to serve or fear,
No hell to shun,
No devil with malicious leer,
When life is done.
An endless sleep may close our eyes,
A sleep with neither dreams nor sighs.

We have no master on the land,
No king in air.
Without a manacle we stand.
Without a prayer,
Without a fear of coming night,
We seek the truth, we love the light.

We do not bow before a guess,
A vague unknown,
A senseless force we do not bless
In solemn tone.
When evil comes, we do not curse
Or thank because it is no worse.

When cyclones rend, when lightning blights,
'Tis naught but fate.
There is no God of wrath who smites
In heartless hate.
Behind the things that injure man
There is no purpose, thought or plan.

The jeweled cup of love we drain,
And friendship's wine
Now swiftly flows in every vein
With warmth divine,
And so we love and hope and dream
That in death's sky there is a gleam.

We walk according to our light,
Pursue the path
That leads to honor's stainless height,
Careless of wrath
Or curse of God or priestly spite,
Longing to know and do the right.

We love our fellow man, our kind—
Wife, child and friend.
To phantoms we are deaf and blind,
But we extend
The helping hand to the distressed.
By lifting others we are blessed.

Love's sacred flame within the heart
And friendship's glow,
While the miracles of art
Their wealth bestow
Upon the thrilled and joyous brain,
And present raptures banish pain.

We love no phantoms of the skies,
But living flesh,
With passion's soft and soulful eyes,
Lips warm and fresh
And cheeks with health's red flag unfurled,
The breathing angels of this world.

The hands that help are better far
Than lips that pray.
Love is the ever gleaming star
That leads the way,
That shines not on vague worlds of bliss,
But on a paradise in this.

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We ask, yet nothing seems to know.
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Lord Russell of Killowen, the chief justice of England, was up in London for a few days last long vacation, and having nothing to do after the morning accepted a friend's invitation to lunch at his club. After luncheon a scratch rubber was with difficulty got together, very few members being in the town. The fourth man, a young subaltern in the guards, only joined after mentioning that he played a very poor rubber. Unfortunately the chief cut him as partner, several times in succession. At first he only fidgeted a little and made one or two mild inquiries. But after something extra diabolical his lordship broke out with, "I really think, sir, you are playing badly on purpose to annoy me."

"Oh, shut up!" said the soldier. "How can any fellow play when you keep jawing at him?" Lord Russell, with quiet dignity, observed, "I don't think you know to whom you are speaking, sir."

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NEW TEETH AT EIGHTY.

John Markwith Is Cutting His Third Set and Growing Youthful.
John Markwith of Orange, N. J., who is 80 years old, is cutting his third set of teeth. A few molars were all that were left of his original teeth, and as he had no confidence in store teeth he had for years been practically toothless. Within the last month Mr. Markwith has felt a peculiar sensation in his upper jaw in front, and recently two small teeth poked their cutting edges through his hardened gums.

There are signs of others coming, according to the New York Sun, and Mr. Markwith is speculating on whether his mouth will fill up again. With the coming of the new teeth the old man's eyesight, which has been failing for years, has improved wonderfully, and he declares that he is renewing his youth in every way.

To Prevent Floods.
A movement has been started in Chicago to place under the control of the government the 7,000,000 acres of land that surround the upper head waters of the Mississippi. The forests there are to be retained so that the great river may not be subjected to disastrous floods at one time and low water at another, says the Indianapolis Sentinel. The movement is timely, and it is to be hoped that it may succeed. Its success means a vast deal to the people in the great central valley.

Another Trust Expected.
A rich California merchant offers to purchase the entire grape crop of that state for a period of five years, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. This looks like an attempt to corner apendicitis.

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"When the horses became too tired to run well, the king found the spectacle uninteresting and ordered the orgy to cease. By this cruel freak the royal stables lost a number of their most valuable animals."

Shocked the Chief Justice.

Lord Russell of Killowen, the chief justice of England, was up in London for a few days last long vacation, and having nothing to do after the morning accepted a friend's invitation to lunch at his club. After luncheon a scratch rubber was with difficulty got together, very few members being in the town. The fourth man, a young subaltern in the guards, only joined after mentioning that he played a very poor rubber. Unfortunately the chief cut him as partner, several times in succession. At first he only fidgeted a little and made one or two mild inquiries. But after something extra diabolical his lordship broke out with, "I really think, sir, you are playing badly on purpose to annoy me."

"Oh, shut up!" said the soldier. "How can any fellow play when you keep jawing at him?" Lord Russell, with quiet dignity, observed, "I don't think you know to whom you are speaking, sir."

"Oh, yes, I do," said the warrior. "You are the lord chief justice, but you're not in your blooming police court now." Tableau.

A Startling Answer.

A Latin professor was explaining the derivation of our word "ostracize" to his class in a local academy. He told the story of the early Roman republics and the scheming of the politicians of the times. He related how, when any man in the republic became obnoxious to his neighbors, they used to write his name on an oyster shell (Latin—ostreum, shell), and on the receipt of a specified number by the consuls that man was banished, killed or otherwise removed in some one of those pleasant ways the old Romans had. When he had finished his explanation, he said:

"Now, the boy here in the front seat, what did we derive from the old Latin use of the shell, which was called ostreum?"

The answer he expected was far from what he got, for the little student with spectacles in the front seat arose and delivered himself thus:

"From the Roman habit of using shells to get the best of people, we derive the present Coney Island shell game, which is a fascinating and costly sport."—Brooklyn Times.

Too Extravagant.

Washington's steward once purchased the first shad of the season for the president's table, as he knew his master to be extravagantly fond of fish. He placed it before Washington at table as an agreeable surprise. The president inquired how much he paid for the shad.

"Three dollars," was the reply. "Take it away," commanded Washington rather sharply. "I will not encourage such extravagance in my house."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

DECLARATION OF THE FREE.

The Last Composition of the Late Robert G. Ingersoll.

We have no falsehoods to defend—
We want the facts.
Our force, our thought, we do not spend
In vain attacks,
And we will never meanly try
To save some fair and pleasing lie.

The simple truth is what we ask,
Not the ideal.
We've set ourselves the noble task
To find the real.
If all there is is naught but dross,
We want to know and bear our loss.

We will not willingly be fooled
By fables nursed.
Our hearts by earnest thought are schooled
To bear the worst,
And we can stand erect and dare
All things, all facts that really are.

We have no God to serve or fear,
No hell to shun,
No devil with malicious leer,
When life is done.
An endless sleep may close our eyes,
A sleep with neither dreams nor sighs.

We have no master on the land,
No king in air.
Without a manacle we stand.
Without a prayer,
Without a fear of coming night,
We seek the truth, we love the light.

We do not bow before a guess,
A vague unknown,
A senseless force we do not bless
In solemn tone.
When evil comes, we do not curse
Or thank because it is no worse.

When cyclones rend, when lightning blights,
'Tis naught but fate.
There is no God of wrath who smites
In heartless hate.
Behind the things that injure man
There is no purpose, thought or plan.

The jeweled cup of love we drain,
And friendship's wine
Now swiftly flows in every vein
With warmth divine,
And so we love and hope and dream
That in death's sky there is a gleam.

We walk according to our light,
Pursue the path
That leads to honor's stainless height,
Careless of wrath
Or curse of God or priestly spite,
Longing to know and do the right.

We love our fellow man, our kind—
Wife, child and friend.
To phantoms we are deaf and blind,
But we extend
The helping hand to the distressed,
By lifting others we are blessed.

Love's sacred flame within the heart
And friendship's glow,
While the miracles of art
Their wealth bestow
Upon the thrilled and joyous brain,
And present raptures banish pain.

We love no phantoms of the skies,
But living flesh,
With passion's soft and soulful eyes,
Lips warm and fresh
And cheeks with health's red flag unfurled,
The breathing angels of this world.

The hands that help are better far
Than lips that pray.
Love is the ever gleaming star
That leads the way.
That shines not on vague worlds of bliss,
But on a paradise in this.

We do not pray or weep or wail;
We have no dread,
No fear, to pass beyond the veil
That hides the dead,
And yet we question, dream and guess,
But knowledge we do not possess.

We ask, yet nothing seems to know.
We cry in vain.
There is no "master of the show"
Who will explain
Or from the future tear the mask,
And yet we dream, and still we ask.

Is there beyond the silent night
An endless day?
Is death a door that leads to light?
We cannot say.
The tongueless secret locked in fate
We do not know—we hope and wait.
—Truth Seeker of June 3, 1909.

ADVERTISED A WEDDING.

A Suburban Railroad's Novel Scheme to Increase Its Sunday Traffic.

A novel advertising scheme was employed by one of the suburban railroad companies of Syracuse the other day which drew many thousand persons to Lakeside park, on the shores of Onondaga lake. It consisted of a bona fide wedding ceremony, performed by a city pastor in the presence of a crowd of gaping rustics and city dwellers in search of novelty. For a percentage of the receipts a young farmer who rejoices in the euphonious name of Berta Marion Smith, and Miss Lillian Easterbrook, the daughter of a milkman, consented to make their nuptial rites the subject of public gaze.

Twenty-five dollars was offered the Rev. Henry O. Manchester, pastor of Danforth Congregational church, to perform the ceremony, and he consented, not understanding that the wedding was to be public, says the New York Sun. When he learned that his fee was to come from the treasury of the railroad company and that the wedding was being advertised for all it was worth as an attraction to the park, he declined to have anything to do with it. The services of the Rev. A. Oberlander, an Evangelical Lutheran minister, were then hastily secured and the nuptial knot was tied by him. It is estimated that the railroad company made the scheme profitable to the extent of \$5,000. The percentage due the bride and groom will set them up comfortably in housekeeping.

A Great Electrical Display.

An interesting feature of the electrical display in connection with the National Export exposition in Philadelphia next fall will be the plan of special illumination of the city hall adopted for the period of the exhibition. The building is a very imposing structure, the highest point being 574 feet above the ground, and at present

THE NEWS REVIEW JOB ROOM

STOCK.

The best procurable, and a large and complete line of everything.

TYPE.

No antiquated faces. All up-to-date productions.

INK.

Best manufactured. All colors and tints.

MACHINERY.

Nothing second-hand. Finest in Eastern Ohio.

WORKMEN.

All artists in their respective departments.

PROMPTNESS.

Never too busy to give your work attention. Prompt delivery.

PRICES.

Low as the lowest, and product FIRST CLASS.

ANYTHING ELSE ESSENTIAL ?

there is a rim of lights around the base of the statue of William Penn, which surmounts the structure. It is claimed that these lights can be seen at a distance of 30 miles, says The Western Electrician. Before the exposition opens a ring of arc lights will be placed around the rim of Penn's hat, over 500 feet above the pavement, and long strings of incandescent lights will run from there to the roof of the building. Every cornice will be studied with lights and all sides of the massive building will be emblazoned by designs in colored lights.

NEW TEETH AT EIGHTY.

John Markwith Is Cutting His Third Set and Growing Youthful.

John Markwith of Orange, N. J., who is 80 years old, is cutting his third set of teeth. A few molars were all that were left of his original teeth, and as he had no confidence in store teeth he had for years been practically toothless. Within the last month Mr. Markwith has felt a peculiar sensation in his upper jaw in front, and recently two small teeth poked their cutting edges through his hardened gums.

There are signs of others coming, according to the New York Sun, and Mr. Markwith is speculating on whether his mouth will fill up again. With the coming of the new teeth the old man's eyesight, which has been failing for years, has improved wonderfully, and he declares that he is renewing his youth in every way.

To Prevent Floods.

A movement has been started in Chicago to place under the control of the government the 7,000,000 acres of land that surround the upper head waters of the Mississippi. The forests there are to be retained so that the great river may not be subjected to disastrous floods at one time and low water at another, says the Indianapolis Sentinel. The movement is timely, and it is to be hoped that it may succeed. Its success means a vast deal to the people in the great central valley.

Another Trust Expected.

A rich California merchant offers to purchase the entire grape crop of that state for a period of five years, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. This looks like an attempt to corner apendicitis.

Eye to Business.

As the rainy season in the Philippines lasts seven months, American umbrella manufacturers ought to do a rushing business there.—Baltimore Herald.

\$10 Excursion to the Seashore.

July 20th; August 3d and 17th \$10 from Steubenville, East Liverpool, Wheeling and Washington to Atlantic City, Cape May and other popular seaside resorts. Just the days to go on your vacation trip; fifteen day return limit. Ask local ticket agent about details. *

OLD PAPERS.

Housekeepers, you want old papers for your carpets, your pantries, and other service incidental to spring housecleaning. Get them at low price at the NEWS REVIEW office.

WANTED.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Do not apply unless you can furnish first-class reference. Apply to W. F. Smith, at Smith & Phillips's music store.

WANTED—Christian man or woman to qualify for permanent office work. Salary \$900. Enclose self-addressed, stamped envelope to Director, care NEWS REVIEW.

WANTED—Faithful persons to travel for old house. Straight, bona fide salary \$750 a year and expenses. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. A. J. Munson, Secretary, Chicago.

WANTED—Four or five roomed house by desirable party in desirable location. Call on J. C. B. Beatty.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Store room now occupied by the Progress, corner Diamond and Summit lane. Inquire of John Seanor, at Barnes grocery.

FOR RENT—Three choice and very desirable located rooms, furnished, with or without board. Will rent as a whole or singly. Apply at NEWS REVIEW office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, a first-class rubber tire buggy. Apply to J. S. McIntosh, 111 Cook street.

JACK ROWE'S

Wholesale and "ICE CREAM." Retail.
Best goods in the city. Special rates on any large amount.
160 Washington St. Phone 161-3.

S. J. MARTIN,
RESTAURANT,
175 BROADWAY.
CHOICE MEALS. Only 25c.

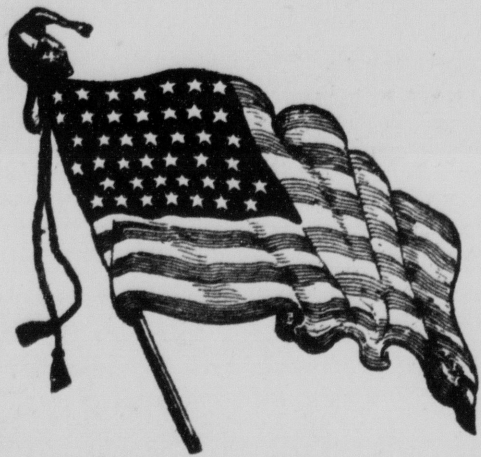
The News Review for news.

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For Attorney General,
J. M. SHEETS,
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For Judge of Supreme Court,
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Member Board of Public Works,
F. A. HUFFMAN,
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D. M. OGILVIE & CO.

Exchange Block, Fifth Street.

New Dog Collar Belts.

These are in great demand at present. Black leather at \$1.25, brown at \$1.00, black enamel at 75c. White kid belts, 35c, 50c and \$1.25 each. Black leather belts, 25c and 50c. A lot of belts in colors, some jeweled, others plain, from last season, were formerly 50c to \$1.00, now 25c.

Neckwear.

New 'Kerchief Ties in blue and white, nice qualities, at 50c each. Four-in-Hand ties at 50c, in a variety of colorings. Bows, black and colors, at 25c. White Lawn String ties, 10c a dozen, 2 for 5c, 5c and 10c each.

Women's Collars.

Corliss, Coon & Co.'s styles, 15c, 2 for 25c. Acorn brand collars, in the new styles, 10c each.

P. K. Skirts.

White P. K. skirts, plain, at \$1.98 up to \$3.50; insertion trimmed at \$2.75, \$5.00, \$7.00 and \$7.50. A lot of new colored P. K. skirts, plaids and stripes, \$1.75 up to \$2.25.

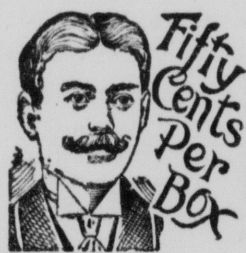
Shirt Waists.

A lot at 25c, in colors, good for common use. This is but half price. Your choice of the colored waists, \$1.25 and up, for 95c; some nice ones in the lot.

Dress Goods.

New black crepons, fall goods, new styles, at \$1.00, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50 per yard. Light grey cheviot, for skirts, 56 in. wide, \$1.00.

D. M. OGILVIE & CO.



TRADE MARK
Palmolive Tablets
Fifty Cents Per Box
and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmolive Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), \$5.00. Sent anywhere.

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmolive Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), \$5.00. Sent anywhere.

For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

very numerous compared with the few friends of the mayor." And the members of the majority in council who have been fighting the mayor on the police issue for the past year have made similar declarations. Even if these assertions were true, the quality of friends is as important as the quantity. If not more so.

COUNCIL'S DELAY.

When the federal authorities notified the city that the dumping of garbage into the river must stop, the mayor and board of health lost no time in acting. Bids for the disposal of garbage were advertised for and opened, and the contract awarded with business-like promptness. It was only when the matter fell into the hands of council that delay occurred. One would think that as important a matter as this might have received some

expedition from an ordinary city council, but then the East Liverpool council is an extraordinary one.

THE LIBRARY SITE.

It should be a central location. It must be the very best possible to obtain. This should be the desire of every citizen of East Liverpool. Aside from this, the generous donor, Andrew Carnegie, has a keen eye for location, and the natural conclusion is that he will be satisfied with nothing less than the very best. He may not see to this personally; but we can rest assured that those who look after his interests are wide awake business men.

THE CONTRACT

For the National China Pottery to be Let Next Week.

The foundation for the new National china works will be completed next week and the contract for the plant will be let at once. The brick are now being placed on the ground and the work on the pottery will be rushed, as the company hope to be able to be making ware by Dec. 1. The pottery will be one of the most complete in the United States and will have all the modern improvements.

AUTHORIZED TO SELL.

Assignee Bill Will Dispose of S. W. Brothers' Personal Property.
LISBON, Aug. 1.—[Special]—E. W. Hill, assignee of S. W. Brothers, is authorized to sell, within two months, at private sale, the personal property of the assignor.

Two Meetings.

The Sons of Veterans will meet this evening.
The grocery clerks will install officers at their meeting this evening.

All the news in the NEWS REVIEW.

HOW TO MAKE A GIN FIZZ

Is What Caused Trouble In an Uptown Saloon.

THE BOMBARDMENT WAS FURIOUS

One Man Threw Spittoons While the Other Confined Himself to Glasses and There Was a Battle Royal—Pedestrians Left the Street in a Hurry.

The question of how to make a gin fizz caused trouble in an uptown saloon yesterday.

Late in the afternoon Joe Johnson, a large colored man known as "Big Six" entered the saloon of W. E. Morrow and called for a gin fizz. James Walters, the bartender, refused to give it to him as he had some trouble with "Six" a few days before about how to make a gin fizz, "Six" maintaining that there should be an egg in a fizz and Walters holding that there should not be.

The men discussed the affair for a short time and then "Six" fired the first big gun of the battle by reaching down, picking up a spittoon and throwing it at Walters. It did no damage as the aim was bad and Walters returned the fire with glasses, while "Six" continued to fire big guns in the shape of spittoons. Finally the battle became too warm for "Six" and he beat a hasty retreat, nearly upsetting Terry Carman in his haste to get out, while the fusillade of glasses and bottles continued.

While the fight was in progress Attorney G. Y. Travis came down Sixth street just in time to see a glass smash against the bricks. He turned white and left in a hurry, as did Sam Conkle, who appeared on the scene.

The battle caused much excitement, but nobody was hurt and there were no arrests, as not a policeman was in sight.

BOOSTING THE CARNEGIE LIBRARY.

Steubenville Sets This Council an Example of Hustle and Enterprise.

In striking contrast with the neglect of the council of this city, Steubenville has already taken action upon Mr. Carnegie's library proposition and is actively rushing the matter through.

At the first meeting of Steubenville council after the offer was received a committee of three was appointed to take the preliminary steps towards acceptance of the proposition. This committee, says the Gazette, has power to act to the extent of appointing a committee of citizens who can call a public meeting where expression of sentiment for or against accepting the proposition can be made. If, at this meeting, the people decide that the city should need a library under the terms proposed, the duty of council will be clear.

A Board of Trustees.

Under the statute the council can select a board of library trustees who will have power to make such arrangements with Mr. Carnegie as come within the range of his proposition. Further than this, the board will have control of all money and the whole conduct of the building, the employment of librarian and janitors. In fact, all funds donated to a city are to be held in trust by a board appointed by council, and under the law only one member of council is eligible to the trusteeship.

Cost of Maintenance.

President Armstrong, of Steubenville council, estimates the chief cost of maintenance as follows:
Two librarians, \$1,200; heating, \$200; lighting, \$400; janitor, \$600; extra labor, \$200; total, \$2,600. There will have to be an enabling act of the legislature to give the city power to issue bonds for site.

UNION PICNIC.

The Colored Baptists of Pittsburg Will Picnic Here.

Thursday at Columbian park five colored Baptist churches of Pittsburg will picnic and it is expected at least 1,800 people will be present. They will have with them a brass band, and in the afternoon a sham battle will be held. The round trip rate from Pittsburg here is but 60 cents.

On the River.

The stage of water today was 3.3 feet and falling, with the same condition prevailing up both the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers. So far as towboats are concerned business is at a standstill. Many of the Pittsburg towboats are tied up between the local harbor and Cincinnati, and many of the crews have returned by rail during the past few days.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER

FOR OVER 14 YEARS

This highly meritorious preparation has stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to its excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' SCALP CLEANER

Is the only dandruff cure. For shampooing, it has no equal.

All Live Druggists Sell It.

TWO RIDERS INJURED

In a Bicycle Race at Columbian Park.

VERY SLOW TIME WAS MADE

During the Last Lap Sheldon Johnson Ran Into George Kennedy—Riders Received Bad Falls and Rendered Unconscious For Fifteen Minutes.

There was a five mile handicap bicycle race at Columbian park last evening which resulted in several riders being badly injured. The race was the outcome of an argument among the employees of the Sebring pottery in Second street as to who was the best rider in the pottery. Those who entered the race were Thomas and John Poulton, George Kennedy, Peter Miliron, Whiskers Green, Ed Applegate, Ben Wise and Sheldon Johnson. The race excited much interest and was won by John Poulton, followed by Miliron and Applegate in the order named. Time 15:15.

During the last lap Kennedy was coming down the track at a rapid pace when he was run into by Johnson, both boys falling to the ground. Kennedy was unconscious for 15 minutes and Johnson was struck over the heart by falling on the handle bars of his machine. Medical attention was summoned and the boys were soon able to be taken home. Kennedy received several bad bruises as a result of his fall.

Another five mile race between Thomas Poulton and Applegate was run this morning on the same track. It was won by the former. Time 14:10.

THREW WEYBRECHT DOWN.

Board of Officers Decides His Ticket Was Illegal and No Election.

AKRON, Aug. 1.—The board of officers appointed to canvass the result of last Friday's election of the Eighth regiment, O. N. G., field officers met in Akron and after a long secret session announced that Charles Dick, who was unanimously chosen for colonel, and M. A. Charlton, who had the majority of the votes for junior major were the only officers elected.

Vollrath and Weybrecht, who were the old majors of the regiment, and who ran independently after being turned down by the nominating convention, overwhelmingly defeated their opponents on the regular tickets and they declare they will carry the case to the highest tribunal before they will give up.

Residents Are Complaining.

There is some complaint in regard to Jackson street, Jackson square and a portion of Seventh street being used as a place to store wagons and leave horses stand. It is probable the matter will be called to the attention of Mayor Bough.

Clearance sale in every department, at reduced prices, now going on at
JOSEPH BROS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THE partnership of E. R. Colclough and Ludwig Lundgren, doing business as Colclough & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. E. R. Colclough retiring from said firm. Ludwig Lundgren will continue the business, assuming all liabilities.
E. R. COLCLOUGH,
LUDWIG LUNDGREN.

Money to Loan

—BY THE—

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.

In any amount from \$100 up. Call at the office, corner Fifth and Washington streets, for terms.

Wednesday, Aug. 2, At ERLANGER'S.

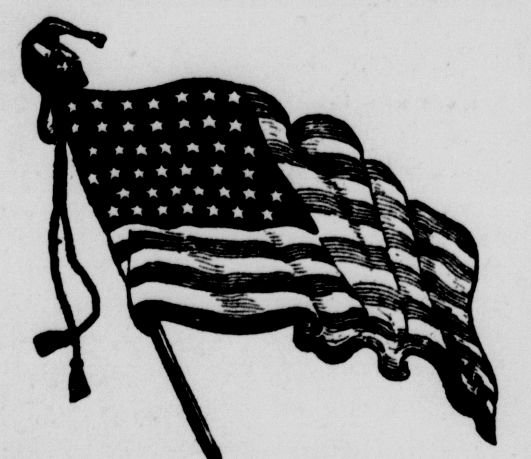
\$1.50 bicycle hose, with and without feet, at 75c.
25c boys' black cheviot knee pants, size from 8 to 15, at 15c

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TRADE MARK
Palmolive
HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, fresh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmolive lets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), \$5.00. Sent anywhere.

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2 vacant lots in East End, near new Laughlin pottery--both for \$300. Bargain.
6 room house with lot fronting 41 feet on Lincoln avenue, 1/2 square from the Horn Switch. Price, \$2,700.
8 room house with lot facing on Seventh and Eighth street. Price, \$3,100.
4 room house with lot 40x100 on Waterloo street. Price, \$825.
We have more than 100 other properties for sale at all prices, many of which we sell on small payments down and balance monthly.

Office Open Evenings.
Come and See Us.

THE HILL REAL ESTATE CO.,
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Board of Officers Decides His Ticket Was Illegal and No Election.

AKRON, Aug. 1.--The board of officers appointed to canvass the result of last Friday's election of the Eighth regiment, O. N. G., field officers met in Akron and after a long secret session announced that Charles Dick, who was unanimously chosen for colonel, and M. A. Charlton, who had the majority of the votes for junior major were the only officers elected.

Vollrath and Weybrecht, who were the old majors of the regiment, and who ran independently after being turned down by the nominating convention, overwhelmingly defeated their opponents on the regular tickets and they declare they will carry the case to the highest tribunal before they will give up.

Residents Are Complaining.
There is some complaint in regard to Jackson street, Jackson square and a portion of Seventh street being used as a place to store wagons and leave horses stand. It is probable the matter will be called to the attention of Mayor Bough.

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Money to Loan

—BY THE—

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.
In any amount from \$100 up. Call at the office, corner Fifth and Washington streets, for terms.

Wednesday, Aug. 2, At ERLANGER'S.

\$1.50 bicycle hose, with and without feet, at 75c.
25c boys' black cheviot knee pants, size from 8 to 15, at 15c

The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
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HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
[Entered as second class matter at the East
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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
(Postage free in United States and Canada.)
One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
Three Months.....1 25
By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, AUGUST 1.



FOR PRESIDENT--Second Term.
WM. M'KINLEY,
of Ohio.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
GEORGE K. NASH
of Franklin.
For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN A. CALDWELL
of Hamilton.
For Auditor of State,
W. D. GUILBERT
of Noble.
For Treasurer of State,
I. H. CAMERON
of Columbiana.
For Attorney General,
J. M. SHEETS
of Putnam.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
W. Z. DAVIS
of Marion.
Member Board of Public Works,
F. A. HUFFMAN
of Van Wert.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For State Senator,
FRANK R. ARCHER
of Belmont.
Representative,
SAMUEL BUELL
Probate Judge,
J. C. ROONE
Clerk of Courts,
JOHN S. McNUTT
Sheriff,
SAMUEL D. NORAGON
Treasurer,
CHARLES E. SMITH
Recorder,
ED M. CROSSER
Commissioner,
CHRIS ROWMAN
Surveyor,
J. C. KELLY
Infirmary Directors,
W. A. TARR, long term.
L. C. HOOPES, short term.

CLEAN STREETS.

This is a much-to-be-desired feature. If the present force is inadequate to the necessities of the case, then furnish the street commissioner with the force required.

MAD DOGS.

It may be possible that there are no mad dogs in East Liverpool. But there are very many MAD residents, and their righteous wrath has been aroused by the non-enforcement of the "muzzle" ordinance.

CARRY A CANNON.

When belated rural residents, male or female, are compelled to make their way home along lonely highways of travel, they should carry a young cannon with them, and become expert in its use, so as to give a warm reception to the party or parties who command "hands up."

THE MAYORALTY.

Many level headed and conservative business men of East Liverpool have expressed the opinion that the mayor of the city should have full and complete control of the police force, appointing of policemen, etc., without any interference on the part of council, and then hold the chief magistrate responsible for the conduct of the force.

A LIE ON THE FACE OF IT.

The cabled "interview" with Admiral Dewey at Trieste, Austria, in which he is reported to have said "Our next war will be with Germany" is so directly in contradiction with Dewey's diplomatic reserve as shown at Manila that those who believe it must be very ignorant of the gallant admiral's stock of good, sound common sense. It is a very palpable fake.

FRIENDS.

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COUNTY TICKET NAMED

M. E. Miskall Chosen as Candidate For Judge

BY THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

At Wellsville Today—Delegates Named For the State Convention Will be Instructed—Columbiana Men Wanted: Rice Endorsed, but It Couldn't be Done.

The county Democratic convention is in session at Wellsville city hall this afternoon. About 100 Democrats are in attendance. Prominent among the crowd are Editor W. S. Potts, of the Lisbon Patriot; Editor Kirby, of the Salem Herald, and Editor T. S. Arnold, of the Leetonia Reporter.

Columbiana village was represented by a lively delegation, who spent most of their time whooping it up for Ex-Mayor Jimmy Rice, of Canton, for governor. It was generally understood that Lorenzo D. Miller, Rice's law partner, had sent the villagers down to stampede the convention for the ex-mayor. Editor Potts and the county seat crowd viewed the Columbiana section with marked disfavor.

County Chairman J. J. Weisend called the convention to order at 1:30, and named T. S. Arnold, of Leetonia, as temporary chairman. Nobody wanted to be temporary secretary, and Z. D. Speidel, of Hanover, was pushed into it.

Committees Named.

Chairman Arnold then announced the following committees:

Organization: W. S. Potts, Lisbon; D. D. Kirby, Salem; C. A. Ferguson, East Liverpool.

Rules and Order of Business: G. B. Aten, Wellsville; B. Renkenberger, Columbiana; J. O. Hoffard, Leetonia.

Credentials: George Kidd, Columbiana; W. S. Cook, East Liverpool; A. W. Taylor, Salem.

Resolutions: W. S. Potts, D. D. Kirby and B. D. Beacom, Wellsville.

To select delegates to the state convention—B Renkenberger, Columbiana; C. A. Ferguson, East Liverpool; G. B. Aten, Wellsville.

The convention then took recess until the committees met and prepared reports.

State Convention Delegates.

When the committees reported the following delegates were elected to the state convention: W. S. Potts, Center; Z. D. Speidel, Hanover; C. A. Ferguson, John W. Moore, Liverpool; John M. Fears, D. D. Kirby, Perry; T. S. Arnold, Salem; George Koch, Unity; G. B. Aten, Wellsville; W. Burns, Washington.

Alternates: R. M. Patterson, Elkrun; J. J. Weisend, J. H. Litmer, Liverpool; J. M. Mahaffy, St. Clair; T. J. Forner, Wellsville; W. McCarty, Perry; J. D. Scott, Knox; F. W. Byer, Unity; David Black, Washington; E. J. McGuire, Perry.

St. Clair made a kick for a delegate and Mahaffy was given J. W. Moore's place, that gentleman resigning the honor.

The Usual Platform.

The committee on resolutions reported the usual denunciations. After affirming adherence to the Chicago platform and "that matchless leader, W. J. Bryan," the convention denounced the national administration as weak and vacillating, President McKinley as a tool of Mark Hanna, the Filipino war as unholy and contrary to the constitution and declaration of independence, the trusts as a terrible menace and the Republican party as the agent of the money power.

The County Ticket.

The following county ticket was named.

Representative—T. S. Arnold, Leetonia.

Probate judge—M. E. Miskall, East Liverpool.

Clerk of courts—M. W. Beyer, Unity.

Sheriff—Geo. Koch, New Waterford.

Treasurer—J. S. Sturgeon, Knox.

Recorder—Jos. B. Lanan, Perry.

Commissioner—M. R. Little, Hanover.

County surveyor—J. F. Spence, Center.

Infirmary director—Long term, David B. Shelton, Lisbon; short term, John F. Dowler, Elkrun.

Uninstructed.

The delegates to the state convention will go uninstructed. Delegate Cook rose to make a motion to instruct them, but was ruled out of order, and the convention adjourned.

B. Renkenberger, of Columbiana, was elected chairman of the new county committee.

Neckwear that are sold at 48c and 75c Joseph Bros.' clearance sale they sell now at 39c.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

JUDGE DISMISSED IT

Sudden End of Mrs. Creighton's Alimony Suit.

HUSBAND NOW SEEKS DIVORCE

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COUNTY TICKET NAMED

M. E. Miskall Chosen as Candidate For Judge

BY THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

At Wellsville Today—Delegates Named For the State Convention Will be Instructed—Columbiana Men Wanted Rice Endorsed, but It Couldn't be Done.

The county Democratic convention is in session at Wellsville city hall this afternoon. About 100 Democrats are in attendance. Prominent among the crowd are Editor W. S. Potts, of the Lisbon Patriot; Editor Kirby, of the Salem Herald, and Editor T. S. Arnold, of the Leetonia Reporter.

Columbiana village was represented by a lively delegation, who spent most of their time whooping it up for Ex-Mayor Jimmy Rice, of Canton, for governor. It was generally understood that Lorenzo D. Miller, Rice's law partner, had sent the villagers down to stampede the convention for the ex-mayor. Editor Potts and the county seat crowd viewed the Columbiana section with marked disfavor.

County Chairman J. J. Weisend called the convention to order at 1:30, and named T. S. Arnold, of Leetonia, as temporary chairman. Nobody wanted to be temporary secretary, and Z. D. Speidel, of Hanover, was pushed into it.

Committees Named.

Chairman Arnold then announced the following committees:

Organization: W. S. Potts, Lisbon; D. D. Kirby, Salem; C. A. Ferguson, East Liverpool.

Rules and Order of Business: G. B. Aten, Wellsville; B. Renkenberger, Columbiana; J. O. Hoffard, Leetonia.

Credentials: George Kidd, Columbiana; W. S. Cook, East Liverpool; A. W. Taylor, Salem.

Resolutions: W. S. Potts, D. D. Kirby and B. D. Beacom, Wellsville.

To select delegates to the state convention—B Renkenberger, Columbiana; C. A. Ferguson, East Liverpool; G. B. Aten, Wellsville.

The convention then took recess until the committees met and prepared reports.

State Convention Delegates.

When the committees reported the following delegates were elected to the state convention: W. S. Potts, Center; Z. D. Speidel, Hanover; C. A. Ferguson, John W. Moore, Liverpool; John M. Fears, D. D. Kirby, Perry; T. S. Arnold, Salem; George Koch, Unity; G. B. Aten, Wellsville; W. Burns, Washington.

Alternates: R. M. Patterson, Elkrun; J. J. Weisend, J. H. Litmer, Liverpool; J. M. Mahaffy, St. Clair; T. J. Forner, Wellsville; W. McCarty, Perry; J. D. Scott, Knox; F. W. Byer, Unity; David Black, Washington; E. J. McGuire, Perry.

St. Clair made a kick for a delegate and Mahaffy was given J. W. Moore's place, that gentleman resigning the honor.

The Usual Platform.

The committee on resolutions reported the usual denunciations. After affirming adherence to the Chicago platform and "that matchless leader, W. J. Bryan," the convention denounced the national administration as weak and vacillating, President McKinley as a tool of Mark Hanna, the Filipino war as unholy and contrary to the constitution and declaration of independence, the trusts as a terrible menace and the Republican party as the agent of the money power.

The County Ticket.

The following county ticket was named.

Representative—T. S. Arnold, Leetonia.

Probate judge—M. E. Miskall, East Liverpool.

Clerk of courts—M. W. Beyer, Unity.

Sheriff—Geo. Koch, New Waterford.

Treasurer—J. S. Sturgeon, Knox.

Recorder—Jos. B. Lanan, Perry.

Commissioner—M. R. Little, Hanover.

County surveyor—J. F. Spence, Center.

Infirmary director—Long term, David B. Shelton, Lisbon; short term, John F. Dowler, Elkrun.

Uninstructed.

The delegates to the state convention will go uninstructed. Delegate Cook rose to make a motion to instruct them, but was ruled out of order, and the convention adjourned.

B. Renkenberger, of Columbiana, was elected chairman of the new county committee.

Neckwear that are sold at 48c and 75c Joseph Bros.' clearance sale they sell now at 29c.

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M. E. Miskall Chosen as Candidate For Judge

BY THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

At Wellsville Today—Delegates Named For the State Convention Will be Instructed—Columbiana Men Wanted—Rice Endorsed, but It Couldn't be Done.

The county Democratic convention is in session at Wellsville city hall this afternoon. About 100 Democrats are in attendance. Prominent among the crowd are Editor W. S. Potts, of the Lisbon Patriot; Editor Kirby, of the Salem Herald, and Editor T. S. Arnold, of the Leetonia Reporter.

Columbiana village was represented by a lively delegation, who spent most of their time whooping it up for Ex-Mayor Jimmy Rice, of Canton, for governor. It was generally understood that Lorenzo D. Miller, Rice's law partner, had sent the villagers down to stampede the convention for the ex-mayor. Editor Potts and the county seat crowd viewed the Columbiana section with marked disfavor.

County Chairman J. J. Weisend called the convention to order at 1:30, and named T. S. Arnold, of Leetonia, as temporary chairman. Nobody wanted to be temporary secretary, and Z. D. Speidel, of Hanover, was pushed into it.

Committees Named.

Chairman Arnold then announced the following committees:

Organization: W. S. Potts, Lisbon; D. D. Kirby, Salem; C. A. Ferguson, East Liverpool.

Rules and Order of Business: G. B. Aten, Wellsville; B. Renkenberger, Columbiana; J. O. Hoffard, Leetonia. Credentials: George Kidd, Columbiana; W. S. Cook, East Liverpool; A. W. Taylor, Salem.

Resolutions: W. S. Potts, D. D. Kirby and B. D. Beacom, Wellsville.

To select delegates to the state convention—B Renkenberger, Columbiana; C. A. Ferguson, East Liverpool; G. B. Aten, Wellsville.

The convention then took recess until the committees met and prepared reports.

State Convention Delegates.

When the committees reported the following delegates were elected to the state convention: W. S. Potts, Center; Z. D. Speidel, Hanover; C. A. Ferguson, John W. Moore, Liverpool; John M. Fears, D. D. Kirby, Perry; T. S. Arnold, Salem; George Koch, Unity; G. B. Aten, Wellsville; W. Burns, Washington.

Alternates: R. M. Patterson, Elkrun; J. J. Weisend, J. H. Litmer, Liverpool; J. M. Mahaffy, St. Clair; T. J. Forner, Wellsville; W. McCarty, Perry; J. D. Scott, Knox; F. W. Byer, Unity; David Black, Washington; E. J. McGuire, Perry.

St. Clair made a kick for a delegate and Mahaffy was given J. W. Moore's place, that gentleman resigning the honor.

The Usual Platform.

The committee on resolutions reported the usual denunciations. After affirming adherence to the Chicago platform and "that matchless leader, W. J. Bryan," the convention denounced the national administration as weak and vacillating, President McKinley as a tool of Mark Hanna, the Filipino war as unholy and contrary to the constitution and declaration of independence, the trusts as a terrible menace and the Republican party as the agent of the money power.

The County Ticket.

The following county ticket was named.

Representative—T. S. Arnold, Leetonia.

Probate judge—M. E. Miskall, East Liverpool.

Clerk of courts—M. W. Beyer, Unity.

Sheriff—Geo. Koch, New Waterford.

Treasurer—J. S. Sturgeon, Knox.

Recorder—Jos. B. Lanan, Perry.

Commissioner—M. R. Little, Hanover.

County surveyor—J. F. Spence, Center.

Infirmary director—Long term, David B. Shelton, Lisbon; short term, John F. Dowler, Elkrun.

Uninstructed.

The delegates to the state convention will go uninstructed. Delegate Cook rose to make a motion to instruct them, but was ruled out of order, and the convention adjourned.

B. Renkenberger, of Columbiana, was elected chairman of the new county committee.

Neckwear that are sold at 48c and 75c Joseph Bros.' clearance sale they sell now at 29c.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

JUDGE DISMISSED IT

Sudden End of Mrs. Creighton's Alimony Suit.

HUSBAND NOW SEEKS DIVORCE

Alleging Gross Neglect of Duty and Extreme Cruelty—Only the Plaintiff's Evidence Was Heard When the Judge Disposed of the Suit For Lack of Evidence.

LISBON, Aug. 1.—[Special]—Upon hearing the evidence in the alimony case of Catherine E. Creighton, of East Liverpool, against Thomas Creighton the court dismissed the case, saying the evidence of the plaintiff did not warrant her obtaining alimony. The defendant had filed a cross petition alleging that the plaintiff was guilty of gross neglect of duty and extreme cruelty towards him, and asking for a divorce. No evidence was heard for the defendant, the court having dismissed the case when the plaintiff had all her evidence in.

A SUCCESSION FOR THE LIBRARY.

Mr. Baum Thinks a Pottery Technical School Would be an Advantage.

"In connection with the gift of Mr. Carnegie for a free library," said J. H. Baum this morning, "the city should not be unmindful of the fact that in order to make the most of the important position East Liverpool now holds as the pottery center of this country, there should be an endeavor to have a pottery technical school in connection with the library. If this could be arranged to meet with Mr. Carnegie's views, which is most likely, as technical schools have been established at Homestead under the auspices of his company, East Liverpool should have a technical school on the model of the Wedgewood institute or the pottery technical schools of Stoke, Burslem and Hanley. The possession of such a school would be of great advantage. There should be branches for free-hand drawing, drawing from nature and modeling in clay as well as a chemical school, where all the clays and materials could be analyzed free of cost or at a small cost to the operative potters. The suggestion, I think, is worth consideration."

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT.

The Amount of Money the Township Trustees Have Spent In Six Months.

The township trustees have completed the semi-annual statement of expenses from January 1 to July 1, and it is as follows: Food, \$588.77; clothing, \$131.13; fuel, \$306.76; roads, \$420.96; incidental expenses, \$34.69; salaries, \$303; total, \$1,780.31. The amount spent each month is as follows: January, \$407.99; February, \$589.81; March, \$182.30; April, \$131.88; May, \$225.98; June, \$242.35.

Bound Over to Court.

LISBON, Aug. 1.—[Special]—At a preliminary hearing Eli Harding, who was bound over to court by Mayor Huxley, of Salem, for assault on Abbie Bonnell, was bound over to court in the sum of \$600 and the charge changed to assault and battery.

Merchants' Picnic.

LISBON, Aug. 1.—[Special]—Two trains of ten cars each left Lisbon with the merchants for their picnic at Conneaut lake.

IDENTIFIED BY HILL

Local Attorney Interviews Allen In Detroit Jail

AND SAYS HE IS THE MAN

Wanted For Swindling Several East Liverpool People—Pittsburgh Police Will Now Have the Prisoner Extradited at the Close of His Term.

DETROIT, August 1.—Attorney Walter B. Hill, of East Liverpool, O., after seeing Charles E. Blazer, alias Davis, etc., declares that he is Charles E. Allen, and he thinks he knows, if anyone does.

The other day Davis extended an invitation to Pittsburgh folks to call and see him. Hill accepted the invitation, because James B. Freeman, of Pittsburgh, who was "taken in" on a gold brick swindle by Allen, is one of his clients. Then there are others interested one way and another who are also Mr. Hill's clients. Among them are N. G. Macrum, cashier of the First National bank, of East Liverpool; Alexander Johnson, Sr., and Alexander, Jr., and Howard Steele, also of that city, and Roy Sutton, Jr., of Grove City.

One Look Sufficient.

Detective Brooke accompanied Hill to the jail. One look was sufficient for the latter to identify his man. He admitted that Davis, or Allen, did look odd with his black whiskers, but said he knew him "from the nose up." Davis looked Hill straight in the eyes, just as he does everybody, by the way. Hill was thoroughly satisfied.

"Well, do you know me?" Davis asked.

Hill did not answer. Detective Brooke is now positive that John R. Davis, John R. Danforth, A. E. Jack, formerly of Avalon, Pa.; Charles E. Allen, Charles E. Blazer and Charles E. Boyd are one and the same man. That the Pittsburgh authorities are of the same opinion is evidenced by the fact that Superintendent Martin received a dispatch from the chief of police of that city stating that they will extradite Davis in case he is turned loose here.

GOING TO GET HIM.

Pittsburg Detective With Requisition Papers Heading For Detroit.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 1.—[Special]—An application for requisition papers was secured from the office of the clerk of courts yesterday, together with a copy of an information against Boyd and other necessary papers. Detective Charles McGovern will go to Harrisburg today to secure the desired requisition, and will then go to Detroit for the approval of the governor of Michigan and, if he can get him, to bring back the prisoner.

The charge on which the requisition papers are being applied for is false pretense, in which Allen secured \$275 from the Hotel Anderson by fraudulent checks.

THE GRIM REAPER.

A Resident of East Akron Died Here Last Night.

Mrs. Mary McCune, aged 29 years, wife of William J. McCune, of East Akron, died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. F. McClosky, No. 112 Peach Alley, at midnight. Death was caused by a complication of troubles with which deceased had been suffering for several months. She is survived by her husband and three children.

The funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in the First M. E. church, Reverend Hoffer, of East End, officiating. Interment will be made in Spring Grove cemetery.

Show at Wellsville Tomorrow.

John F. Robinson's big shows will appear at Wellsville tomorrow. The additions recently made to this already mammoth world's exposition put it so far ahead in size, merit, variety, originality and completeness that it is regarded everywhere as the best in the country.

Marriage License.

LISBON, August 2.—[Special]—Marriage licenses have been issued to A. L. DeTemple, of East Liverpool, and Miss Margaret Shield, of Denver, Col., and to John C. Kendall, superintendent of Homestead, Pa., schools, and Martha J. Cleaver, an East Fairfield school teacher, W. S. Bye, of Lisbon, and Bessie E. Johnson, Thornburg, Ia.

Men's suits, prices range \$3.48 to \$12, summer clearance sale, are special inducements to buyers to see

JOSEPH BROS.

PERSONAL NEWS.

Paragraphs About People Coming and Going and Those Who Are Sick.

—S. J. Poulton is in Irondale on business.

—John Weaver was a Salineville visitor today.

—S. J. Faulk was in Beaver on business today.

—George Mayhew is back from a visit to Toronto.

—W. H. Gass was in Pittsburgh today on business.

—F. F. Kitchel is ill at his home on Fifth street.

—Fred Furrer has returned from a visit to Toronto friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Oppelt will leave Thursday for Atlantic City.

—Geo. H. Owen, wife and son, Frank, leave for Atlantic City Thursday.

—George T. Odbert, of Salem, spent yesterday in the city calling on friends.

—Miss Nellie Ogilvie and Miss Nettie Watkins are visiting friends at Millport.

—Mrs. Deborah Watson will leave tomorrow for a visit with friends in Salem.

—Mrs. John Robb and children are visiting East Liverpool friends.—Toronto Tribune.

—Martha Allison, of Broadway, is visiting at her mother's home in West Virginia.

—Mrs. Lizzie Bright left today for Chataqua where she will spend several weeks.

—Mrs. Ed Reddick, of Spring street, left yesterday for Salem where she will make her home.

—Miss Bertha Carson has returned home after spending a few weeks at Frankfort Springs, Pa.

—Miss Orr, of Beaver Falls, who has been visiting in the city for several days has returned to her home.

—Thomas Price, superintendent of the American China works, Toronto, is in the city today on business.

—Miss Nettie Hall left this morning for Wheeling, where she will remain several days visiting friends.

—Miss Edna Kannal, of East Liverpool, is the guest of Miss Mabel Beeson, of East High street.—Salem News.

—Miss Mabel Nellis, of East Liverpool, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Col. W. F. Ridgley.—Stenbenville Gazette.

—Dr. J. C. Taggart and wife, after a two weeks' visit to Chataqua and Wilmington, returned last evening.

—Harry Wythe, of the American China Co., of Toronto, has returned from a visit to East Liverpool friends.

—Miss Jesse Albright, of the central telephone office, left today for various points in Stark county on her vacation.

—Will and Millard Blythe, of East Liverpool, are visiting their cousins, Blythe and Millard Boyd.—Wellsburg Herald.

—Mrs. P. Fowler, of Broadway, will leave for Atlantic City on Thursday of this week. She will be the guest of her son.

—Mrs. J. G. Hunter and grand daughter, of Beaver Falls, have gone to East Liverpool to visit friends.—New Brighton News.

—W. A. Kenney, a graduate of the class of '99 of Mt. Union college, left this morning for his home in East Liverpool.—Alliance Review.

—Mr. William Murphy, of East Liverpool, is moving his household goods from that city to Salem, where he will make his future home.—Salem News.

—Rev. Clark Crawford and family went to Charleston, W. Va., this morning, where they will spend several days visiting the parents of Reverend Crawford.

—Dr. Clark Crawford and family left today for a visit to his parents at Fairfield, W. Va. The parsonage will be occupied by Mr. Hunt while they are gone.

—C. L. Bowland received a telegram Saturday stating that his father, William Bowland, had fallen from a haymow and was seriously injured at his home in East Liverpool.—Alliance Review.

—Mrs. Mary Ikirt and two children returned to East Liverpool Saturday evening, after attending the commencement exercises at Mt. Union college. Miss Georgia Ikirt will remain in Alliance two weeks longer as the guest of friends.—Alliance Review.

Salvation Army Advances.

LISBON, August 1.—[Special]—The Salvation Army leaves Lisbon today for Salineville.

All the news in the NEWS REVIEW.

EIGHT SACKS OF FLOUR

Stolen Yesterday by Ike Gourley and George Stewart.

THEY ARE NOW IN CITY JAIL

But Will Probably Not Need the Flour as the County May Furnish Them Bread For Some Time—One Man Arrested For Holding Up the Shaffer Girls.

Yesterday was ladies' day at police court and Mayor Bough was busy with visitors of the fairer sex, who related their troubles to him. There was not one complaint filed that will ever come to anything.

This morning the mayor settled down to business in earnest, as the jail is full of prisoners.

George Stewart and Ike Gourley, who spend their time in loafing around the upper freight yard, yesterday struck a good thing when Fitzgerald Brothers began to unload a car of flour. They would wait until there was nobody near the car then they would go over and take a sack of flour and going up street would sell it for anything they could get. In this way they managed to get almost a whole barrel of flour, but their fun was nipped in the bud by Officers McDonald and McCullough, who appeared on the scene with the patrol wagon, gathered them in and took them to the city jail. Eight sacks of flour were recovered and now adorn the mayor's office. There has been no charge placed against the young men but it will be made out today and they will get a hearing tomorrow.

The officers yesterday spent some time in searching for the parties who held up Misses Minnie and Lida Shaffer, and as a result of their efforts Newton Croxall was arrested late yesterday afternoon by Officer McMillan. His case will be heard some time tomorrow.

John Hadgett was given a hearing yesterday afternoon on a charge of being drunk and when the case was ended the fine and costs amounted to \$10.70, which he paid.

Bike Accident.

Miss Florence Garrett and Miss Effie Dougherty were out bike riding last night, and when turning at the corner of East Market and Broadway, Miss Garrett, in some unexplained manner, took a grand and lofty tumble, with the result that she sustained a badly sprained ankle, and the attending physician asserts that the young lady will not be able for full duty for the next few weeks.

"Camille" In Chinese.

A Frenchman has just succeeded in translating "La Dame aux Camellias" into the Mandarin dialect under the title of "The Lady With the Tea Flowers—A Study of Parisian Manners." So great has been its success that a leading native paper in Shanghai has offered a good round sum for the serial rights.—London Chronicle.

Utility of the 'Phone.

A man at Redding, Cal., has just secured a divorce by telephone, his wife waving obligingly over the telephone wire admitted service of summons, waived time and formally agreed to the proceedings.—Boston Globe

One Cent Went a Long Way.

On a recent scientific test a worker in metals succeeded in drawing a copper cent out into 5,700 feet of wire. And this simply proves that some men can make a little money go an awful long way.



Wednesday, Aug. 2, At ERLANGER'S.

75c boys' corduroy knee pants at 38c.
35c blue and white O'alls and jackets at 22c.

FOR SALE—Lot 30x97, and five room house, on Grant street and Market. Price \$1,800; \$200 down balance at \$12.50 per month. Address, J. P. Hanlon, 315 Lincoln avenue.

FOR SALE—A fine naphtha launch for sale cheap. For particulars inquire at William Bot's bicycle shop, corner Broadway and East Market street.

FOR SALE—A five-room house on Ogden street for sale cheap; fine view; good location. Inquire at this office.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework, middle aged woman preferred. Inquire at NEWS REVIEW office.

CAMPS IN PHILIPPINES.

Volunteers Make Themselves Comfortable In the Field.

PIOTURES OF SOLDIERS' ABODES.

Elaborate Dwellings Quickly Put Up—Hearthburnings Caused by the Order to Move—Jokes Played on the Rookies—Good Instruction Given New Regulars by Volunteers.

The New York Sun's Manila correspondent, writing under date of May 25 about camps in the Philippines, says: Camp life during the war with the Filipinos has its pleasant side as well as its uncomfortable aspect. With commands continually on the march, as in the recent flying trip of Lawton into the north, it is of course impossible to do more than toss up the shelter halves and rake together a few armfuls of rice straw for a bed, but on the east and the south of the city the troops advance very little and consequently have their living spots, which have to be regarded as home, while the daily work is carried out on the sentry paths and outposts.

The American soldiers have come to regard two squares of canvas with small sticks and ropes as insufficient for an abode. In the first place, the advice to sleep off the ground is faithfully followed, probably not because it is advice, but because the men have learned by experience that sleeping on the ground brings rheumatism and other ailments, and that in case of rainstorms inundation follows. There is, accordingly, a general hustle when camp is pitched for sections of bamboo flooring and any sort of flat bamboo structure to serve as a bed when propped up by sticks driven into the ground or by four stones rolled into position. In the conquered territory the deserted huts yield handsomely in these bamboo arrangements, for every native in Luzon keeps a goodly supply of bamboo furniture on hand, and if this has been pre-empted the soldier takes the next best thing, which is the floor. The floor of a hut is constructed of thin bamboo strips nailed or tied to cross stringers.

The bed constructed, up goes the "pup" tent, which is pitched as if the bed were the ground, the ropes being fastened to the slats of the bed and a piece of bamboo pole from the thicket ingeniously used as a ridgepole. Now the soldier's house has its nucleus. It begins to grow and it increases in size and comfort according to the length of time camp is maintained on that spot.

It is a common maxim in the army, and such was also the case formerly, according to the accounts of the humorous side of the civil war, that to clean up or to improve a camp is to invite an order to break up and move. On many occasions one may see thoroughly disgusted pairs of men railing against an order to break camp. These men probably tugged and perspired all the day before in erecting a leaf roof over their tent. In the army blue book there are strict rules for building a camp, but the officers have generously neglected to enforce these rules in the Philippines. The soldier in the field is allowed to follow his own whims after breaching his tent on a prescribed line. He may dig a cellar beneath it if he chooses, or he may erect a miniature Eiffel tower for an airy sitting room.

A soldier seldom inhabits his tent longer than a day under a burning sun before he begins to skirmish around for more protection. If the country in the vicinity of the camp has been recently cleared of Filipinos, there is plenty of material. A section of nipa thatch erected with a pole at each corner heads off some of the sun when it is hot and rain when it is wet. Probably next comes a piece of bamboo matting some Filipino has used for his bedclothes. A cast off piece of corrugated iron from Manila is considered quite a prize. It can be bent into a contrivance to shed water from the ridge of the tent and it can be used as the roof of a front porch. Often these camps are left in one spot long enough to allow the men to set up housekeeping with all the accouterments. But there is always that order to move hanging over one's head, and it destroys ambition. One of the direful things of war in the mind of the private is to build a camp for another organization to occupy. The disgust at being compelled to leave camp has often culminated in a burning up of gathered building materials, to the further disgust of the next set of campers.

Having sport with the rookies is one of the pastimes of the volunteer soldier serving at present in the Philippines. A rookie is a recruit. The regular regiments which have been transported to Manila since the trouble with the Filipinos began are full of rookies. In many instances not more than 200 of the old members of the regiment, the men who went through the trials of the Santiago campaign, came to Manila. The remainder of the regiment usually consists of brand new boys from the farm, and this fact the volunteers soon discovered. The majority of these new men took the

coarse of living up to the reputation their regiment had before they enlisted. To hear one of the new men brag about the dangers the regiment went through in Cuba, and then let out the fact that he was only a plain citizen when that campaign was in progress, is too much for the volunteer. On the other hand, the rookie regular entered Manila with the proposition in his head that volunteers were an inferior class of soldiers. And thus the small rivalry grew until it has culminated in several incidents decidedly humorous.

The recently arrived Ninth United States infantry saw its first Philippine service in the trenches near Caloocan which had been vacated by the Kansas and Montana men when they went forward on that fearful up country drive on March 25. By the time the Ninth Infantry arrived to take charge of this section of the lines the place was worth little more than a reserve, the Filipinos being well cleared out from the front. A battalion of Colorado volunteers had been dispatched from the waterworks to hold this place for ten days.

The companies of the Ninth infantry, with their nice new khaki uniforms and shelter tents, arrived for duty at dusk one evening. To effect the change of bodies of troops at a point involves several hours of work between the noncommissioned officers and commanders of the two detachments. Just to make time pass happily for the rookies of the Ninth the Colorado men laid themselves out for their entertainment while the changes of outpost squads were being made. A new man who had never heard war bullets sing suggested the plot by unwarily asking whether the rice ridges, the little embankments which surround each level rice plateau to keep the water in place during the growing season and which he saw all around him, were Filipino earthworks from behind which they fought. The Colorado men assured him that he had guessed right and then waded into some long lectures on the fighting qualities of the insurgent.

"Ye see they paint their bodies just the color of the ground, and it is impossible to see one at night until he has wriggled right under yer nose," said an ex-ore heaver from Leadville. "Then ye want to watch out, for all Filipinos carry razors just like other coons."

Another related how sentry after sentry had been abducted during the night by these stealthy marauders and advised that the head should never be poked above the trenches. The rookies gathered round tried hard to remember all the advice offered them, while their eyes bulged and their breath came hard. Some wanted to know how far it was to the front. They wanted to get into the struggle at once. The obliging volunteers pointed out the direction to get the best fighting and also the dark streak of woods where they declared there were 500 unburied Filipino corpses whose ghosts walked and fired volleys at midnight.

Meantime the squads detailed for outpost duty were having a very interesting time. One in particular was enjoying itself by crawling on all fours through a stubby paddy field. A rascally young volunteer sergeant, who never could resist playing his joke when he had the proper man, conducted the party, warning them not to lift a head or a volley of Filipino bullets would get 'em sure. There was not a belligerent Filipino within two miles of the spot. After a painful trip of a quarter of a mile on their bellies the Ninth regiment party came to the volunteer outpost and proceeded to relieve it. The dark spots were pointed out where Filipinos were supposed to be lurking, and they were left to their duties with the injunction to keep low down. The Colorados departed on their all night march to the Mariquina river, feeling satisfied that they had made good provision for defending the quiet spot they left behind.

There is no doubt that the volunteers are giving the new regulars, who need it, some good instruction, for the volunteers themselves are beginning to suffer on account of some of the rules they have solemnly laid down. The members of the First Colorado when they pass along the Santa Mesa road, which leads to the waterworks, at night are halted by members of the Twenty-first United States infantry, the last to arrive. The word "halt" is not spoken in a quiet, persuasive tone, but is fairly yelled out on the still night air. It has the effect of bringing the poor volunteer back on his haunches and causing him to ask the man with the nice new Krag-Jorgensen not to shoot him.

"Hands up!" ordered a Twenty-first man the other night. "Friend!" shouted the Colorado man, intent on reaching town on an errand. "Friend or no friend, hands up!" ordered the regular.

The Colorado man put his hands up and advanced with a few nonpoetical sentiments coming from between his teeth.

The man of the Twenty-first lowered his loaded gun and allowed the volunteer to lower his hands and pass on, remarking to him, "One o' you waterworks gang told me that it was always safe to order hands up, and you bet I ain't takin no chances on havin a Filipino run into me with his machete."

The Rocky mountain genius suggest-

ed before departing that the best plan was to make everybody advance backward. They say the rookie got into trouble by following out this order because he tried it on an officer.

C. M. B. A. AT ROCK POINT.

Reunion of Branches Will Be Fittingly Celebrated by Athletics, Dancing, Etc.

Wednesday, August 9, the 1899 reunion of the Catholic Mutual Benefit association under direction of Western Pennsylvania Advisory Council, will be held at Rock Point, the pretty mountain grove on the Pennsylvania lines. The C. M. B. A. outing invariably attracts thousands who enjoy the day, listen to sweet music, roam among the shady dells of the placid Connoquenessing where balmy breezes and rest are always friends, see the games for which valuable prizes will be offered the winners, and assist in the general merry-making. All C. M. B. A. men will be eligible to take part in the games. Delegations are arranging to go from Mingo, Steubenville, Toronto, Wellsville and East Liverpool. Fare 75 cents round trip. Special train will leave Wellsville 8 a. m., East Liverpool 8:15 a. m., central time; returning leave Rock Point at a very seasonable hour.

New Sunday Trains.

Under new schedule taking effect on Pennsylvania lines, C. & P. division, Sunday, July 23, a new train will be run regularly on Sundays between Pittsburg, East Liverpool, Steubenville and Bellaire. The train will leave Pittsburg union station 7:10 a. m., central time, arrive East Liverpool 9:02 a. m., Steubenville 10:06 a. m., Bellaire 11:15 a. m., central time; returning leave Bellaire 1 p. m., East Liverpool 3:07 p. m.

Change In Time of Trains.

Under a new schedule in effect July 23, passenger trains over the Pennsylvania lines leave East Liverpool station as follows: For the east, daily, 4:01, 6:37, 11:15 a. m., 3:10, 7:00 p. m.; 3:07 p. m., Sunday only. For the west, daily, 12:33, 7:20, 9:06 a. m., 2:49, 6:14; 9:02 a. m., Sunday only. For particular information on the subject apply to A. Hill, ticket agent.

Making the Most of It.

In Hull recently a little girl was invited to a party at a friend's house. After tea different games were engaged in until it was time to go home. As the guests were leaving the hostess offered the little girl a bun. "No, thank you, ma'am," said the girl. "I could not eat any more." The hostess then told her to put it in her pocket. "I can't," replied the mite; "it's full already; but the next time I come I will bring a basket."—Hull Times.

Where They Went.

The professor was demolishing (as he believed) Darwin and his theories—a task which he frequently engaged in—when he triumphantly wound up with the question: "If we are monkeys, where are our tails?"

The lecturer, who had been speaking his full hour, was startled to hear in reply from one of the audience: "We have sat on them so long that they are worn off."

Ambition.

There is a justifiable ambition which, if kept within proper limits, stimulates the mind and quickens action, ennobles the nature and develops character. Ambition needs careful watching lest it prove a snare rather than a blessing. He that is ambitious to be wise and good has a laudable motive and manifests the highest wisdom, while he who, regardless of wisdom or goodness, determines to gain a point at the cost of both is guilty of the greatest folly.—Philadelphia Methodist.

In His Eyes.

Sometimes a deaf man gives an answer which makes a wonderfully close hit, although he has totally misunderstood the question.

"Is your son's bride a pretty girl?" asked an old lady of a penurious and very deaf old gentleman whose son had recently married the daughter of a prosperous grocer.

"No," said the old man calmly, "she isn't, but she will be when her father dies."

Surgical Instruments Not Dutiable.

An important decision was handed down by Judge Colt of the United States circuit court in Boston the other afternoon, reversing the decision of the board of appraisers, which held that surgical instruments imported to the United States were dutiable. The court holds that the instruments are not dutiable, being "scientific instruments" within the meaning of the law.

A man with a family to support can never understand why all the old bachelors are not millionaires.—Atchison Globe.

Selfishness is a disease for which sad experience is the remedy.—Dallas News.

Vacation Trips.

The Pennsylvania lines extend direct to places of summer sojourn along the Atlantic Ocean. Atlantic City, Cape May, Asbury Park Long Branch and resorts on the New Jersey coast are seashore terminals of the Pennsylvania system. Newport, Narragansett and summer havens in New England are reached over the Pennsylvania route via New York. The Adirondacks, White Mountains, Catskills and mountain retreats of the east are also reached through New York. Resorts in the Alleghenies are located upon the Pennsylvania route and may be reached via Pittsburg without changing cars. The Pennsylvania lines also lead to resorts in Michigan and the lake region through three gateways: Cleveland, Toledo and Fort Wayne. Full information about rates, through time of trains and the convenient manner in which summer resorts may be reached will be cheerfully furnished upon application to local passenger and ticket agents of the Pennsylvania lines, or by addressing J. K. Dillon, D. P. Agt., Pittsburg Pa.

August 3d \$10 Seashore Excursion.

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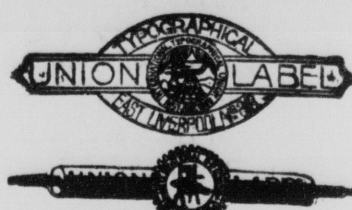
193 Washington Street.

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UNION LABELS.

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The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours and union labor employed.

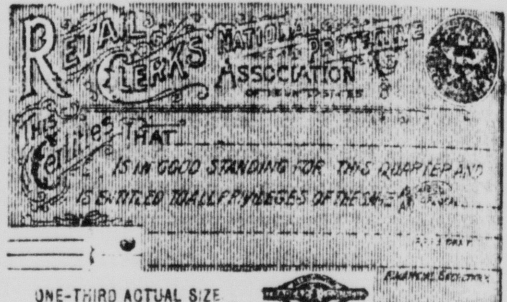


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UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

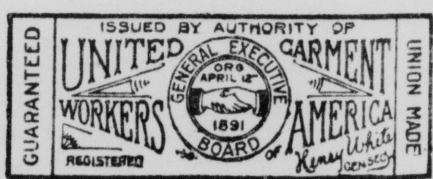
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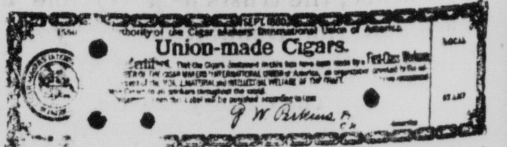


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BICYCLE LABEL

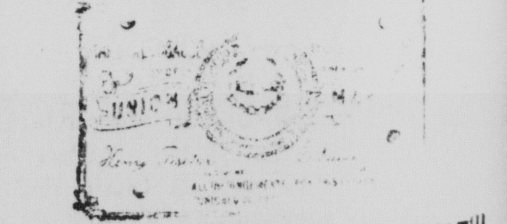
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BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

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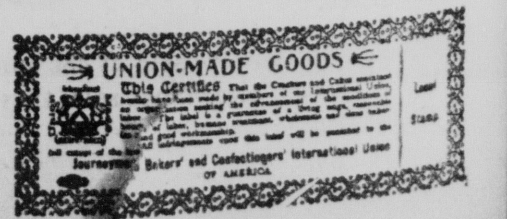


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and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and crackers Label:



CAMPS IN PHILIPPINES.

Volunteers Make Themselves Comfortable In the Field.

PICTURES OF SOLDIERS' ABODES.

Elaborate Dwellings Quickly Put Up—Heartburnings Caused by the Order to Move—Jokes Played on the Rookies—Good Instruction Given New Regulars by Volunteers.

The New York Sun's Manila correspondent, writing under date of May 25 about camps in the Philippines, says: Camp life during the war with the Filipinos has its pleasant side as well as its uncomfortable aspect. With commands continually on the march, as in the recent flying trip of Lawton into the north, it is of course impossible to do more than toss up the shelter halves and rattle together a few armfuls of rice straw for a bed, but on the east and the south of the city the troops advance very little and consequently have their living spots, which have to be regarded as home, while the daily work is carried out on the sentry paths and outposts.

The American soldiers have come to regard two squares of canvas with small sticks and ropes as insufficient for an abode. In the first place, the advice to sleep off the ground is faithfully followed, probably not because it is advice, but because the men have learned by experience that sleeping on the ground brings rheumatism and other ailments, and that in case of rainstorms inundation follows. There is, accordingly, a general hustle when camp is pitched for sections of bamboo flooring and any sort of flat bamboo structure to serve as a bed when propped up by sticks driven into the ground or by four stones rolled into position. In the conquered territory the deserted huts yield handsomely in these bamboo arrangements, for every native in Luzon keeps a goodly supply of bamboo furniture on hand, and if this has been pre-empted the soldier takes the next best thing, which is the floor. The floor of a hut is constructed of thin bamboo strips nailed or tied to cross stringers.

The bed constructed, up goes the "pup" tent, which is pitched as if the bed were the ground, the ropes being fastened to the slats of the bed and a piece of bamboo pole from the thicket ingeniously used as a ridgepole. Now the soldier's house has its nucleus. It begins to grow and it increases in size and comfort according to the length of time camp is maintained on that spot.

It is a common maxim in the army, and such was also the case formerly, according to the accounts of the humorous side of the civil war, that to clean up or to improve a camp is to invite an order to break up and move. On many occasions one may see thoroughly disgusted pairs of men railing against an order to break camp. These men probably tugged and perspired all the day before in erecting a leaf roof over their tent. In the army blue book there are strict rules for building a camp, but the officers have generously neglected to enforce these rules in the Philippines. The soldier in the field is allowed to follow his own whims after breasting his tent on a prescribed line. He may dig a cellar beneath it if he chooses, or he may erect a miniature Eiffel tower for an airy sitting room.

A soldier seldom inhabits his tent longer than a day under a burning sun before he begins to skirmish around for more protection. If the country in the vicinity of the camp has been recently cleared of Filipinos, there is plenty of material. A section of nipa thatched erected with a pole at each corner heads off some of the sun when it is hot and rain when it is wet. Probably next comes a piece of bamboo matting some Filipino has used for his bedclothes. A cast off piece of corrugated iron from Manila is considered quite a prize. It can be bent into a contrivance to shed water from the ridge of the tent and it can be used as the roof of a front porch. Often these camps are left in one spot long enough to allow the men to set up housekeeping with all the accouterments. But there is always that order to move hanging over one's head, and it destroys ambition. One of the direful things of war in the mind of the private is to build a camp for another organization to occupy. The disgust at being compelled to leave camp has often culminated in a burning up of gathered building materials, to the further disgust of the next set of campers.

Having sport with the rookies is one of the pastimes of the volunteer soldier serving at present in the Philippines. A rookie is a recruit. The regular regiments which have been transported to Manila since the trouble with the Filipinos began are full of rookies. In many instances not more than 200 of the old members of the regiment, the men who went through the trials of the Santiago campaign, came to Manila. The remainder of the regiment usually consists of brand new boys from the farm, and this fact the volunteers soon discovered. The majority of these new men took the

course of living up to the reputation their regiment had before they enlisted. To hear one of the new men brag about the dangers the regiment went through in Cuba, and then let out the fact that he was only a plain citizen when that campaign was in progress, is too much for the volunteer. On the other hand, the rookie regular entered Manila with the proposition in his head that volunteers were an inferior class of soldiers. And thus the small rivalry grew until it has culminated in several incidents decidedly humorous.

The recently arrived Ninth United States infantry saw its first Philippine service in the trenches near Calocan which had been vacated by the Kansas and Montana men when they went forward on that fearful up country drive on March 25. By the time the Ninth infantry arrived to take charge of this section of the lines the place was worth little more than a reserve, the Filipinos being well cleared out from the front. A battalion of Colorado volunteers had been dispatched from the waterworks to hold this place for ten days.

The companies of the Ninth infantry, with their nice new khaki uniforms and shelter tents, arrived for duty at dusk one evening. To effect the change of bodies of troops at a point involves several hours of work between the noncommissioned officers and commanders of the two detachments. Just to make time pass happily for the rookies of the Ninth the Colorado men laid themselves out for their entertainment while the changes of outpost squads were being made. A new man who had never heard war bullets sing suggested the plot by unwarily asking whether the rice ridges, the little embankments which surround each level rice plateau to keep the water in place during the growing season and which he saw all around him, were Filipino earthworks from behind which they fought. The Colorado men assured him that he had guessed right and then waded into some long lectures on the fighting qualities of the insurgent.

"Ye see they paint their bodies just the color of the ground, and it is impossible to see one at night until he has wriggled right under yer nose," said an ex-ore heaver from Leadville. "Then ye want to watch out, for all Filipinos carry razors just like other coons."

Another related how sentry after sentry had been abducted during the night by these stealthy marauders and advised that the head should never be poked above the trenches. The rookies gathered round tried hard to remember all the advice offered them, while their eyes bulged and their breath came hard. Some wanted to know how far it was to the front. They wanted to get into the struggle at once. The obliging volunteers pointed out the direction to get the best fighting and also the dark streak of woods where they declared there were 500 unburied Filipino corpses whose ghosts walked and fired volleys at midnight.

Meantime the squads detailed for outpost duty were having a very interesting time. One in particular was enjoying itself by crawling on all fours through a stubbly paddy field. A rascally young volunteer sergeant, who never could resist playing his joke when he had the proper man, conducted the party, warning them not to lift a head or a volley of Filipino bullets would get 'em sure. There was not a belligerent Filipino within two miles of the spot. After a painful trip of a quarter of a mile on their bellies the Ninth regiment party came to the volunteer outpost and proceeded to relieve it. The dark spots were pointed out where Filipinos were supposed to be lurking, and they were left to their duties with the injunction to keep low down. The Colorados departed on their all night march to the Mariquina river, feeling satisfied that they had made good provision for defending the quiet spot they left behind.

There is no doubt that the volunteers are giving the new regulars, who need it, some good instruction, for the volunteers themselves are beginning to suffer on account of some of the rules they have solemnly laid down. The members of the First Colorado when they pass along the Santa Mesa road, which leads to the waterworks, at night are halted by members of the Twenty-first United States infantry, the last to arrive. The word "halt" is not spoken in a quiet, persuasive tone, but is fairly yelled out on the still night air. It has the effect of bringing the poor volunteer back on his haunches and causing him to ask the man with the nice new Krag-Jorgensen not to shoot him.

"Hands up!" ordered a Twenty-first man the other night. "Friend!" shouted the Colorado man, intent on reaching town on an errand. "Friend or no friend, hands up!" ordered the regular.

The Colorado man put his hands up and advanced with a few nonpoetical sentiments coming from between his teeth.

The man of the Twenty-first lowered his loaded gun and allowed the volunteer to lower his hands and pass on, remarking to him, "One o' you waterworks gang told me that it was always safe to order hands up, and you bet I ain't takin no chances on havin a Filipino run into me with his machete." The Rocky mountain genius suggest-

ed before departing that the best plan was to make everybody advance backward. They say the rookie got into trouble by following out this order because he tried it on an officer.

C. M. B. A. AT ROCK POINT.

Reunion of Branches Will Be Fittingly Celebrated by Athletics, Dancing, Etc.

Wednesday, August 9, the 1899 reunion of the Catholic Mutual Benefit association under direction of Western Pennsylvania Advisory Council, will be held at Rock Point, the pretty mountain grove on the Pennsylvania lines. The C. M. B. A. outing invariably attracts thousands who enjoy the day, listen to sweet music, roam among the shady dells of the placid Connoquenessing where balmy breezes and rest are always friends, see the games for which valuable prizes will be offered the winners, and assist in the general merry-making. All C. M. B. A. men will be eligible to take part in the games. Delegations are arranging to go from Mingo, Steubenville, Toronto, Wellsville and East Liverpool. Fare 75 cents round trip. Special train will leave Wellsville 8 a. m., East Liverpool 8:15 a. m., central time; returning leave Rock Point at a very reasonable hour.

New Sunday Trains.

Under new schedule taking effect on Pennsylvania lines, C. & P. division, Sunday, July 23, a new train will be run regularly on Sundays between Pittsburgh, East Liverpool, Steubenville and Bellaire. The train will leave Pittsburgh union station 7:10 a. m., central time, arrive East Liverpool 9:02 a. m., Steubenville 10:06 a. m., Bellaire 11:15 a. m., central time; returning leave Bellaire 1 p. m., East Liverpool 3:07 p. m.

Change in Time of Trains.

Under a new schedule in effect July 23, passenger trains over the Pennsylvania lines leave East Liverpool station as follows: For the east, daily, 4:01, 6:37, 11:15 a. m., 3:10, 7:00 p. m.; 3:07 p. m., Sunday only. For the west, daily, 12:33, 7:20, 9:06 a. m., 2:49, 6:14; 9:02 a. m., Sunday only. For particular information on the subject apply to A. Hill, ticket agent.

Making the Most of It.

In Hull recently a little girl was invited to a party at a friend's house. After tea different games were engaged in until it was time to go home. As the guests were leaving the hostess offered the little girl a bun.

"No, thank you, ma'am," said the girl. "I could not eat any more."

The hostess then told her to put it in her pocket.

"I can't," replied the mite; "it's full already; but the next time I come I will bring a basket."—Hull Times.

Where They Went.

The professor was demolishing (as he believed) Darwin and his theories—a task which he frequently engaged in—when he triumphantly wound up with the question:

"If we are monkeys, where are our tails?"

The lecturer, who had been speaking his full hour, was startled to hear in reply from one of the audience:

"We have sat on them so long that they are worn off."

Ambition.

There is a justifiable ambition which, if kept within proper limits, stimulates the mind and quickens action, ennobles the nature and develops character. Ambition needs careful watching lest it prove a snare rather than a blessing. He that is ambitious to be wise and good has a laudable motive and manifests the highest wisdom, while he who, regardless of wisdom or goodness, determines to gain a point at the cost of both is guilty of the greatest folly.—Philadelphia Methodist.

In His Eyes.

Sometimes a deaf man gives an answer which makes a wonderfully close hit, although he has totally misunderstood the question.

"Is your son's bride a pretty girl?" asked an old lady of a penurious and very deaf old gentleman whose son had recently married the daughter of a prosperous grocer.

"No," said the old man calmly, "she isn't, but she will be when her father dies."

Surgical Instruments Not Dutiable.

An important decision was handed down by Judge Colt of the United States circuit court in Boston the other afternoon, reversing the decision of the board of appraisers, which held that surgical instruments imported to the United States were dutiable. The court holds that the instruments are not dutiable, being "scientific instruments" within the meaning of the law.

A man with a family to support can never understand why all the old bachelors are not millionaires.—Atchison Globe.

Selfishness is a disease for which sad experience is the remedy.—Dallas News.

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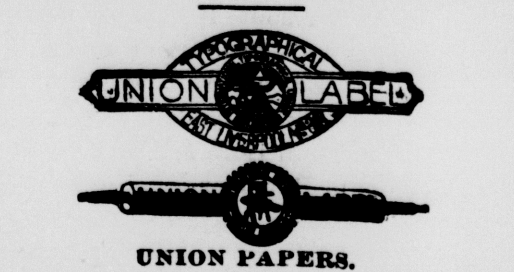
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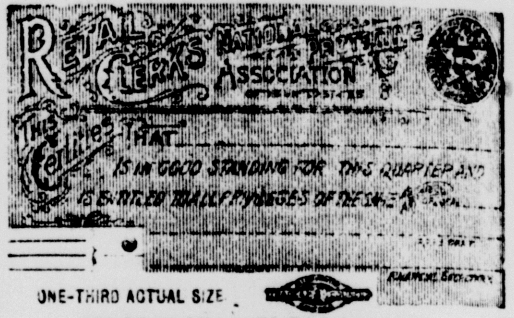
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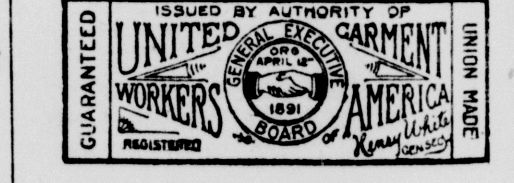
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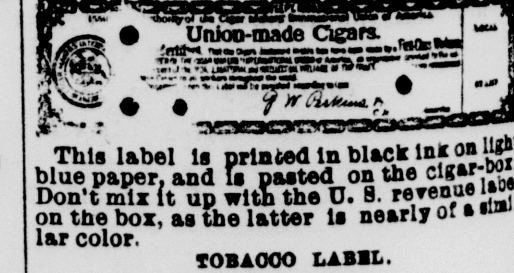


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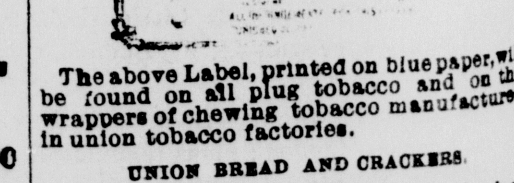
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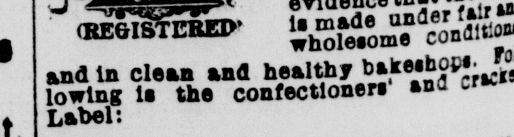
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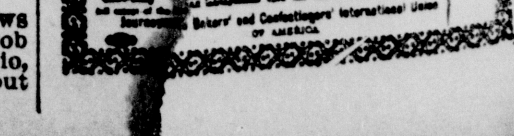


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Elaborate Dwellings Quickly Put Up—Hearthburnings Caused by the Order to Move—Jokes Played on the Rookies—Good Instruction Given New Regulars by Volunteers.

The New York Sun's Manila correspondent, writing under date of May 25 about camps in the Philippines, says: Camp life during the war with the Filipinos has its pleasant side as well as its uncomfortable aspect. With commands continually on the march, as in the recent flying trip of Lawton into the north, it is of course impossible to do more than toss up the shelter halves and take together a few armfuls of rice straw for a bed, but on the east and the south of the city the troops advance very little and consequently have their living spots, which have to be regarded as home, while the daily work is carried out on the sentry paths and outposts.

The American soldiers have come to regard two squares of canvas with small sticks and ropes as insufficient for an abode. In the first place, the advice to sleep off the ground is faithfully followed, probably not because it is advice, but because the men have learned by experience that sleeping on the ground brings rheumatism and other ailments, and that in case of rainstorms inundation follows. There is, accordingly, a general hustle when camp is pitched for sections of bamboo flooring and any sort of flat bamboo structure to serve as a bed when propped up by sticks driven into the ground or by four stones rolled into position. In the conquered territory the deserted huts yield handsomely in these bamboo arrangements, for every native in Luzon keeps a goodly supply of bamboo furniture on hand, and if this has been pre-empted the soldier takes the next best thing, which is the floor. The floor of a hut is constructed of thin bamboo strips nailed or tied to cross stringers.

The bed constructed, up goes the "pup" tent, which is pitched as if the bed were the ground, the ropes being fastened to the slats of the bed and a piece of bamboo pole from the thicket ingeniously used as a ridgepole. Now the soldier's house has its nucleus. It begins to grow and it increases in size and comfort according to the length of time camp is maintained on that spot.

It is a common maxim in the army, and such was also the case formerly, according to the accounts of the humorous side of the civil war, that to clean up or to improve a camp is to invite an order to break up and move. On many occasions one may see thoroughly disgusted pairs of men railing against an order to break camp. These men probably tugged and perspired all the day before in erecting a leaf roof over their tent. In the army blue book there are strict rules for building a camp, but the officers have generously neglected to enforce these rules in the Philippines. The soldier in the field is allowed to follow his own whims after erecting his tent on a prescribed line. He may dig a cellar beneath it if he chooses, or he may erect a miniature Eiffel tower for an airy sitting room.

A soldier seldom inhabits his tent longer than a day under a burning sun before he begins to skirmish around for more protection. If the country in the vicinity of the camp has been recently cleared of Filipinos, there is plenty of material. A section of nipa thatched erected with a pole at each corner heads off some of the sun when it is hot and rain when it is wet. Probably next comes a piece of bamboo matting some Filipino has used for his bedclothes. A cast off piece of corrugated iron from Manila is considered quite a prize. It can be bent into a contrivance to shed water from the ridge of the tent and it can be used as the roof of a front porch. Often these camps are left in one spot long enough to allow the men to set up housekeeping with all the accoutrements. But there is always that order to move hanging over one's head, and it destroys ambition. One of the direful things of war in the mind of the private is to build a camp for another organization to occupy. The disgust at being compelled to leave camp has often culminated in a burning up of gathered building materials, to the further disgust of the next set of campers.

Having sport with the rookies is one of the pastimes of the volunteer soldier serving at present in the Philippines. A rookie is a recruit. The regular regiments which have been transported to Manila since the trouble with the Filipinos began are full of rookies. In many instances not more than 200 of the old members of the regiment, the men who went through the trials of the Santiago campaign, came to Manila. The remainder of the regiment usually consists of brand new boys from the farm, and this fact the volunteers soon discovered. The majority of these new men took the

course of living up to the reputation their regiment had before they enlisted. To hear one of the new men brag about the dangers the regiment went through in Cuba, and then let out the fact that he was only a plain citizen when that campaign was in progress, is too much for the volunteer. On the other hand, the rookie regular entered Manila with the proposition in his head that volunteers were an inferior class of soldiers. And thus the small rivalry grew until it has culminated in several incidents decidedly humorous.

The recently arrived Ninth United States infantry saw its first Philippine service in the trenches near Calococan which had been vacated by the Kansas and Montana men when they went forward on that fearful up country drive on March 25. By the time the Ninth infantry arrived to take charge of this section of the lines the place was worth little more than a reserve, the Filipinos being well cleared out from the front. A battalion of Colorado volunteers had been dispatched from the waterworks to hold this place for ten days.

The companies of the Ninth infantry, with their nice new khaki uniforms and shelter tents, arrived for duty at dusk one evening. To effect the change of bodies of troops at a point involves several hours of work between the noncommissioned officers and commanders of the two detachments. Just to make time pass happily for the rookies of the Ninth the Colorado men laid themselves out for their entertainment while the changes of outpost squads were being made. A new man who had never heard war bullets sing suggested the plot by unwarily asking whether the rice ridges, the little embankments which surround each level rice plateau to keep the water in place during the growing season and which he saw all around him, were Filipino earthworks from behind which they fought. The Colorado men assured him that he had guessed right and then waded into some long lectures on the fighting qualities of the insurgent.

"Ye see they paint their bodies just the color of the ground, and it is impossible to see one at night until he has wriggled right under yer nose," said an ex-ore heaver from Leadville. "Then ye want to watch out, for all Filipinos carry razors just like other coons."

Another related how sentry after sentry had been abducted during the night by these stealthy marauders and advised that the head should never be poked above the trenches. The rookies gathered round tried hard to remember all the advice offered them, while their eyes bulged and their breath came hard. Some wanted to know how far it was to the front. They wanted to get into the struggle at once. The obliging volunteers pointed out the direction to get the best fighting and also the dark streak of woods where they declared there were 500 unburied Filipino corpses whose ghosts walked and fired volleys at midnight.

Meantime the squads detailed for outpost duty were having a very interesting time. One in particular was enjoying itself by crawling on all fours through a stubby paddy field. A rascally young volunteer sergeant, who never could resist playing his joke when he had the proper man, conducted the party, warning them not to lift a head or a volley of Filipino bullets would get 'em sure. There was not a belligerent Filipino within two miles of the spot. After a painful trip of a quarter of a mile on their bellies the Ninth regiment party came to the volunteer outpost and proceeded to relieve it. The dark spots were pointed out where Filipinos were supposed to be lurking, and they were left to their duties with the injunction to keep low down. The Colorados departed on their all night march to the Mariquina river, feeling satisfied that they had made good provision for defending the quiet spot they left behind.

There is no doubt that the volunteers are giving the new regulars, who need it, some good instruction, for the volunteers themselves are beginning to suffer on account of some of the rules they have solemnly laid down. The members of the First Colorado when they pass along the Santa Mesa road, which leads to the waterworks, at night are halted by members of the Twenty-first United States infantry, the last to arrive. The word "halt!" is not spoken in a quiet, persuasive tone, but is fairly yelled out on the still night air. It has the effect of bringing the poor volunteer back on his haunches and causing him to ask the man with the nice new Krag-Jorgensen not to shoot him.

"Hands up!" ordered a Twenty-first man the other night. "Friend!" shouted the Colorado man, intent on reaching town on an errand. "Friend or no friend, hands up!" ordered the regular.

The Colorado man put his hands up and advanced with a few nonpoetical sentiments coming from between his teeth.

The man of the Twenty-first lowered his loaded gun and allowed the volunteer to lower his hands and pass on, remarking to him, "One o' you waterworks gang told me that it was always safe to order hands up, and you bet I ain't takin no chances on havin a Filipino run into me with his machete." The Rocky mountain genius suggest-

ed before departing that the best plan was to make everybody advance backward. They say the rookie got into trouble by following out this order because he tried it on an officer.

C. M. B. A. AT ROCK POINT.

Reunion of Branches Will Be Fittingly Celebrated by Athletics, Dancing, Etc.

Wednesday, August 9, the 1899 reunion of the Catholic Mutual Benefit association under direction of Western Pennsylvania Advisory Council, will be held at Rock Point, the pretty mountain grove on the Pennsylvania lines. The C. M. B. A. outing invariably attracts thousands who enjoy the day, listen to sweet music, roam among the shady dells of the placid Connoquenessing where balmy breezes and rest are always friends, see the games for which valuable prizes will be offered the winners, and assist in the general merry-making. All C. M. B. A. men will be eligible to take part in the games. Delegations are arranging to go from Mingo, Steubenville, Toronto, Wellsville and East Liverpool. Fare 75 cents round trip. Special train will leave Wellsville 8 a. m., East Liverpool 8:15 a. m., central time; returning leave Rock Point at a very reasonable hour.

New Sunday Trains.

Under new schedule taking effect on Pennsylvania lines, C. & P. division, Sunday, July 23, a new train will be run regularly on Sundays between Pittsburgh, East Liverpool, Steubenville and Bellaire. The train will leave Pittsburgh union station 7:10 a. m., central time, arrive East Liverpool 9:02 a. m., Steubenville 10:06 a. m., Bellaire 11:15 a. m., central time; returning leave Bellaire 1 p. m., East Liverpool 3:07 p. m.

Change in Time of Trains.

Under a new schedule in effect July 23, passenger trains over the Pennsylvania lines leave East Liverpool station as follows: For the east, daily, 4:01, 6:37, 11:15 a. m., 3:10, 7:00 p. m.; 3:07 p. m., Sunday only. For the west, daily, 12:33, 7:20, 9:06 a. m., 2:49, 6:14; 9:02 a. m., Sunday only. For particular information on the subject apply to A. Hill, ticket agent.

Making the Most of It.

In Hull recently a little girl was invited to a party at a friend's house. After tea different games were engaged in until it was time to go home. As the guests were leaving the hostess offered the little girl a bun. "No, thank you, ma'am," said the girl. "I could not eat any more." The hostess then told her to put it in her pocket. "I can't," replied the mite; "it's full already; but the next time I come I will bring a basket."—Hull Times.

Where They Went.

The professor was demolishing (as he believed) Darwin and his theories—a task which he frequently engaged in—when he triumphantly wound up with the question: "If we are monkeys, where are our tails?"

The lecturer, who had been speaking his full hour, was startled to hear in reply from one of the audience: "We have sat on them so long that they are worn off."

Ambition.

There is a justifiable ambition which, if kept within proper limits, stimulates the mind and quickens action, ennobles the nature and develops character. Ambition needs careful watching lest it prove a snare rather than a blessing. He that is ambitious to be wise and good has a laudable motive and manifests the highest wisdom. While he who, regardless of wisdom or goodness, determines to gain a point at the cost of both is guilty of the greatest folly.—Philadelphia Methodist.

In His Eyes.

Sometimes a deaf man gives an answer which makes a wonderfully close hit, although he has totally misunderstood the question.

"Is your son's bride a pretty girl?" asked an old lady of a penurious and very deaf old gentleman whose son had recently married the daughter of a prosperous grocer.

"No," said the old man calmly, "she isn't, but she will be when her father dies."

Surgical Instruments Not Dutiable.

An important decision was handed down by Judge Colt of the United States circuit court in Boston the other afternoon, reversing the decision of the board of appraisers, which held that surgical instruments imported to the United States were dutiable. The court holds that the instruments are not dutiable, being "scientific instruments" within the meaning of the law.

A man with a family to support can never understand why all the old bachelors are not millionaires.—Atchison Globe.

Selfishness is a disease for which sad experience is the remedy.—Dallas News.

Vacation Trips.

The Pennsylvania lines extend direct to places of summer sojourn along the Atlantic Ocean. Atlantic City, Cape May, Asbury Park Long Branch and resorts on the New Jersey coast are seashore terminals of the Pennsylvania system. Newport, Narragansett and summer havens in New England are reached over the Pennsylvania route via New York. The Adirondacks, White Mountains, Catskills and mountain retreats of the east are also reached through New York. Resorts in the Alleghenies are located upon the Pennsylvania route and may be reached via Pittsburgh without changing cars. The Pennsylvania lines also lead to resorts in Michigan and the lake region through three gateways: Cleveland, Toledo and Fort Wayne. Full information about rates, through time of trains and the convenient manner in which summer resorts may be reached will be cheerfully furnished upon application to local passenger and ticket agents of the Pennsylvania lines, or by addressing J. K. Dillon, D. P. Agt., Pittsburgh Pa.

August 3d \$10 Seashore Excursion.

Remember the date, Thursday, Aug. 3d; don't forget the rate, \$10, with fifteen day return limit, to either Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Ocean Beach, and other Atlantic ocean recreation points. The mid-summer time observes the sea in his majesty, bidding friends welcome to the shore, listen to the mighty roar of the ceaseless flow, bathe in the briny-health-giving water. Sailing and deep-sea fishing at Atlantic City are pastimes once indulged, are never forgotten. \$10 round trip from East Liverpool. Adam Hill, ticket agent, will furnish details upon application.

First August Seashore Excursion.

When the summer season is at its height, the third \$10 Atlantic City excursion is ready to start. Thursday, August 3d, is the date, remember, and the fifteen day return limit gives everybody opportunity to welcome the flow of old ocean, to embrace the health-giving and rest assuring waves as they ceaselessly dash upon the beach. \$10 from East Liverpool Thursday, August 3d. Ask Adam Hill, ticket agent, about details, and Cape May, Sea Isle City, and the other excursion points, any one of which you are at liberty to choose.

Special Excursion to Rock Point

Wednesday, August 9, 75 cents round trip, for C. M. B. A. annual reunion. Special train from Wellsville 8 a. m., East Liverpool 8:15 a. m., central time. Music by Cathedral Orchestra, of Pittsburgh—fifteen pieces. Dancing free.



Time table effective May 22, 1899. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

	Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Gallie.
No. 6.....	2 30 p. m.	3 40 p. m.
No. 34.....	6 35 a. m.	7 40 a. m.
No. 36.....	11 45 a. m.	2 00 p. m.

	Lv. N. Gallie.	Ar. Lisbon.
No. 9.....	8 30 a. m.	9 40 a. m.
No. 33.....	5 15 p. m.	6 20 p. m.
No. 35.....	6 00 a. m.	11 15 a. m.

CONNECTIONS AT NEW GALILEE.

Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania Co's trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburgh, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown, and intermediate points.

K. E. BARINGER, General Passenger Agent.

The First National Bank

Of East Liverpool, O

President—DAVID BOYCE.
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FINE JOB WORK. The News Review Job rooms are the best equipped in eastern Ohio, and we are consequently able to turn out large quantities of work on short notice.

UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours and union labor employed.

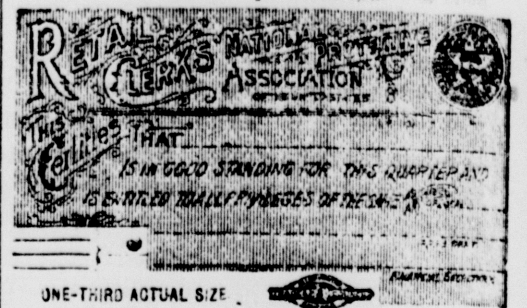


UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the R. C. N. P. A.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE.

COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER. (The daily spring months, printed in lower left hand corner, are properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the label.)

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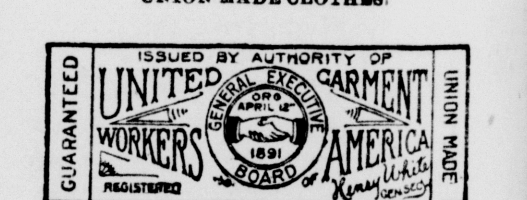
The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeymen Tailors' Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.

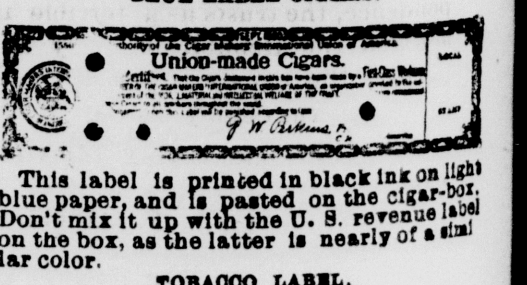


You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

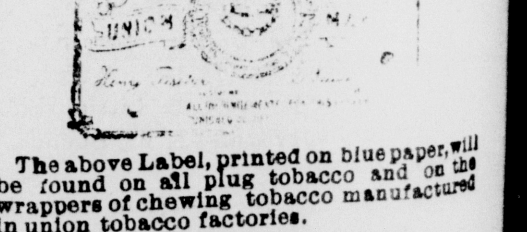
"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold. The label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on blue paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions.

and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



CAPTURE OF SAN ISIDRO

Utter Demoralization of the Filipino Forces.

WHOLESALE DESERTION OF HOMES.

How the Population Is Deceived by Tales of American Savagery—General Lawton's Wish to Surrender. Dissensions of Filipinos—Americans Hampered by Defective Transportation.

H. L. Wells, the New York Post's correspondent, writing from San Isidro, P. I., under date of May 18 about the capture of that town, says: Here I am, at the extreme point of General Lawton's advance, the second capital of the Republica Filipina, which the Americans have captured, with the result of getting nothing but an empty shell. The insurgent army is still "just ahead" of us, and the Spanish and American prisoners, to release whom is the chief object of our long dash into the interior, are still "farther on," but not so far as they were a few days ago.

San Isidro is the capital of Neuve Ecija province and the largest town in this section of the island. It lies along the east bank of the Rio Grande de Pampanga and is composed of the three connecting barrios of Pactoria, San Isidro and Batuan. When Malolos was threatened, the insurgent seat of government was removed to this place, which was at that time believed to lie beyond the farthest possible advance of the American forces. Indeed, it was not believed by the Filipinos that even Malolos could be taken, but the leaders did not have so much confidence in the valor of the Filipino army and removed the capital.

They have systematically and unremittently deceived the people and their soldiers, but since the first reverse around Manila they have not deceived themselves, as their removal of capital, prisoners, supplies, articles, etc., to points farther into the interior amply proves. Every defeat has been heralded as a Filipino victory in the official paper, the *Heraldo de Revolucion*. Copies of the paper captured from time to time show how the ignorant natives have been lied to in order to keep them in sympathy with the rebellion.

The American losses have been tremendously exaggerated. Our own reports of the losses of the enemy are somewhat highly colored, suggesting the Spanish general and his typewriter, but the Filipino reports are monuments of invincibility. For instance, the second day after the battle of Malabon the *Heraldo* claimed a great victory, although the rebel troops "retired to take up a better position," as if a better position could be found in Luzon than the magnificent trenches they deserted in a panic when the Americans charged them. It also said that the Americans had lost 4,000 killed and many wounded, while the Filipinos had only 60 killed and 200 wounded. Other issues stated that the American soldiers had mutilated and would not fight and that thousands of them had been imprisoned on that account; that the only way they were made to fight was to get them drunk, when they would fight wildly and to little purpose, and that the Americans killed men, women and children.

The falsity of a part of these assertions both the Filipino soldiers and people now know. They are fully aware that they are gaining no victories, but are being defeated almost daily and are being steadily driven back from the valley to the mountains, but they still believe in the savagery and ferocity of the American soldiers. Upon no other theory can the wholesale desertion of their homes by the people as the army advances be explained. Fully 300,000 persons have fled from the region over which our troops have advanced, not a quarter of whom have as yet returned to their homes. The towns captured the last two weeks by Lawton's command had a population aggregating 100,000, and today but a few stragglers can be seen. These people have fled for safety from personal violence through terror inspired by the lies of the leaders of the rebellion and by the stories of the fierceness in battle of the Americans, related by Aguinaldo's soldiers.

Among the latter there is now an utterly demoralizing fear. They will not stand long enough for the Americans to get within good shooting distance. They abandon the finest of trenches, even when protected by a deep ravine or a river in their front, as soon as our troops arrive within the range of sharpshooting at individual heads. Two days ago 20 men drove 200 of them out of trenches thus located. Today a few scouts came upon a sentinel of an outpost, and instead of firing upon them he dropped his Mauser in the road and ran for his life. The Filipino leaders are fully aware that their army is in a panic and that they can never again fight a serious battle. There is nothing left them but bush fighting or complete surrender.

Every prisoner captured tells the same story, that the men do not want to fight any more, but are compelled to do so by their officers. One taken two days ago had a great welt across his

abdomen, which, he asserted, came from a blow given by his captain with a cane because he would not fight. Yesterday three men were found in a captured trench uninjured, having remained for the purpose of being taken and one of them showed a perfectly clean gun to prove that he had not fired a shot in the fight. All the prisoners taken have been given a square meal and then released, after being told of the order of General Otis to pay \$30, Mexican, to every native who brings in a serviceable gun.

The troops encountered here are the *Bower* of the insurrecto army, among them being the First regiment of Manila, composed chiefly of former members of the Seventy-third Spanish, admitted to have been the best native troops in the Spanish service. They are chiefly Ilocans and Visayans and not Tagalogs. The Seventy-third was surrendered at the fall of Manila, and the men were seen about the streets for a few weeks. Gradually they disappeared from view and later reappeared again as Aguinaldo's crack regiment. They are the only insurrecto soldiers who fire regular volleys in action. Fear of the Americans has entered their souls as well as those of the others, however, and no trench is strong enough to keep them within good shooting range.

Of the demoralization of the enemy there can be no doubt, but he is enabled yet to hold enough of his army together to interpose between us and the Spanish and American prisoners he keeps pushing farther and farther into the interior as we advance. The limit of possible advance this season has about been reached, and yet a surrender of these prisoners has not been forced. They are Aguinaldo's trump card, and he concentrates all his energies upon holding them. Spain would pay \$7,000,000 for them if the United States would permit. How long shall we be able to satisfy the world that this ought not to be done if we admit our own inability to secure their release? With better army transportation we could push right on and either force a surrender or drive the Filipinos into the mountains with their prisoners, where they could neither feed nor shelter them. They would then have to surrender them, turn them loose, starve them or massacre them outright, and it is uncertain which course they would pursue. However, our transportation is wretched and has hampered our movements from the first. With proper transportation and an energetic campaign we could have been here two months ago, with ten weeks of good campaigning weather ahead of us, but no preparation was made for this war until after it began.

No cessation of hostilities, no returning of soldiers and refugees to their homes and even no surrender of troops can be called an end of the war without possession by the United States of the arms of the insurrectos. That is why \$30 is offered for each gun turned in. We could well afford to pay \$300,000 gold for 20,000 guns in this way. So long as the arms are in the possession of the natives conditions will remain unsettled, and the confidence requisite for commerce and industry cannot exist. No one would want to invest money in developing the resources of the island with a possible insurrection every year.

Personally, I have little confidence in an early satisfactory ending of this war, even should a formal surrender of Aguinaldo's army and the Spanish and American prisoners take place. The insurgent army consists of two classes, the regulars and the armed populace. It is chiefly the latter who have deserted or quit fighting. They are undoubtedly terribly afraid of the Americans and have had all the fighting they want for a time, and yet, should occasion offer, I should expect to see them bring their arms out from hiding and join again in an attack on some exposed place. They certainly may be counted upon to lend aid and comfort to such of their brethren as continue a guerrilla struggle. The difficulty of differentiating is very great. There is no way to tell hostiles from peaceful citizens when all dress alike and all claim to be "amigos" and all wear that oriental smile that is "childlike and bland." Until the people themselves recognize the fact that insurrection and brigandage are injuring their own material interests and determine to stop it for their own welfare an end may not be expected, and it is hoped that only a few months of American rule will teach them this lesson.

As I write, negotiations are in progress between General Lawton and General Gregorio del Pilar, commanding the rebel troops in this district. Several days ago Pilar sent in an officer with an offer to surrender if he could take his army to Manila to surrender it. The messenger was sent to Manila and returned with a letter from General Otis to the effect that unconditional surrender was the only terms that would be considered. Since then we have driven Pilar out of San Miguel and San Isidro, killed and wounded many of his soldiers and still more demoralized his army. It may be that his desire for a theatrical display will cause him to hold out still longer. The Spanish idea of preserving honor by some display or other has a strong hold upon the Tagalog general, as well as the usual love of primitive races

for ceremonies.

Spaniards here assure us that Aguinaldo and half a dozen prominent Filipino statesmen and generals were here a few days ago and started to have a dinner, which broke up in a row, extending to the shying of plates at each other's heads. It seems that the majority of them wanted to quit, but they all held differing views. The one irreconcilable was General Luna, secretary of war and chief general in the field. He has been wounded in the arm and announces undying enmity to the Americans. That there is tribulation in the Filipino household there is no doubt, but that it will lead to a general surrender is questionable. It is not probable that more than 5,000 men and arms could be surrendered under any agreement that could be entered into. Should there be a surrender or should there not, a garrison will have to be left at San Isidro, to be supplied by cascoes up the Pampanga river or by pack animals from San Fernando. If hostilities continue, it will be found that more cavalry will be absolutely necessary for escort purposes alone during the rainy season.

NEW GUN FOR THE NAVY.

Trial of a Six Inch Quick Firing Gun in England.

The navy department at Washington has just received from Thomas F. Lane, agent in the United States for Vickerson & Maxim of England, a report on the result of the trial at the company's proving ground of a new 6 inch quick firing gun which has been manufactured by the Maxim company for the United States navy. This gun was ordered by the chief of the naval bureau of ordnance about a year ago, when the navy department purchased from the manufacturers the right to use this mechanism in the United States.

This type of gun has been adopted by the British admiralty. It is of 45 caliber weight of bore and weighs over seven tons. Steel wire and long tubes form important elements in the construction of the gun, and an important part is that relating to the breech end of the gun, which is closed by a screw of novel design, says the New York Sun. The mounting of this gun is very compact, the gun being made to slide in a cradle bored eccentrically. The design gives great elasticity, and should the mounting be struck by a shot from the enemy the thick sleeve of the top carriage gives additional protection to the pivot. A range indicator and sighting telescope form an important alteration from the usual sighting arrangements.

In the recent trial a number of full charges of cordite were fired at a heavy gun range at Eskmeals, Cumberland, during which a velocity of 2,873 feet per second was obtained for a working pressure of 17 tons. The gun was then subjected to high strains to test its general construction and mounting, which were made in Sheffield. The projectiles fired weighed 100 pounds and were fitted with a gas check, which to a considerable extent accounts for the high energies obtained and prevents any abnormal wear due to use of modern guncotton or nitroglycerin explosives.

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No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

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Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

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The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in, one of the largest printing houses in the world.

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WHOLESALE DESERTION OF HOMES.

How the Population Is Deceived by Tales of American Savagery—General Lawton's Wish to Surrender. Dissensions of Filipinos—Americans Hampered by Defective Transportation.

H. L. Wells, the New York Post's correspondent, writing from San Isidro, P. I., under date of May 18 about the capture of that town, says: Here I am, at the extreme point of General Lawton's advance, the second capital of the Republica Filipina, which the Americans have captured, with the result of getting nothing but an empty shell. The insurgent army is still "just ahead" of us, and the Spanish and American prisoners, to release whom is the chief object of our long dash into the interior, are still "farther on," but not so far as they were a few days ago.

San Isidro is the capital of Neuve Ecija province and the largest town in this section of the island. It lies along the east bank of the Rio Grande de Pampanga and is composed of the three connecting barrios of Pactoria, San Isidro and Batuan. When Malolos was threatened, the insurgent seat of government was removed to this place, which was at that time believed to lie beyond the farthest possible advance of the American forces. Indeed, it was not believed by the Filipinos that even Malolos could be taken, but the leaders did not have so much confidence in the valor of the Filipino army and removed the capital.

They have systematically and unremittently deceived the people and their soldiers, but since the first reverse around Manila they have not deceived themselves, as their removal of capital, prisoners, supplies, articles, etc., to points farther into the interior amply proves. Every defeat has been heralded as a Filipino victory in the official paper, the *Heraldo de Revolucion*. Copies of the paper captured from time to time show how the ignorant natives have been lied to in order to keep them in sympathy with the rebellion.

The American losses have been tremendously exaggerated. Our own reports of the losses of the enemy are somewhat highly colored, suggesting the Spanish general and his typewriter, but the Filipino reports are monuments of inaccuracy. For instance, the second day after the battle of Malabon the *Heraldo* claimed a great victory, although the rebel troops "retired to take up a better position," as if a better position could be found in Luzon than the magnificent trenches they deserted in a panic when the Americans charged them. It also said that the Americans had lost 4,000 killed and many wounded, while the Filipinos had only 60 killed and 260 wounded. Other issues stated that the American soldiers had mutinied and would not fight and that thousands of them had been imprisoned on that account; that the only way they were made to fight was to get them drunk, when they would fight wildly and to little purpose, and that the Americans killed men, women and children.

The falsity of a part of these assertions both the Filipino soldiers and people now know. They are fully aware that they are gaining no victories, but are being defeated almost daily and are being steadily driven back from the valley to the mountains, but they still believe in the savagery and ferocity of the American soldiers. Upon no other theory can the wholesale desertion of their homes by the people as the army advances be explained. Fully 300,000 persons have fled from the region over which our troops have advanced, not a quarter of whom have as yet returned to their homes. The towns captured the last two weeks by Lawton's command had a population aggregating 100,000, and today but a few stragglers can be seen. These people have fled for safety from personal violence through terror inspired by the lies of the leaders of the rebellion and by the stories of the fierceness in battle of the Americans, related by Aguinaldo's soldiers.

Among the latter there is now an utterly demoralizing fear. They will not stand long enough for the Americans to get within good shooting distance. They abandon the finest of trenches, even when protected by a deep ravine or a river in their front, as soon as our troops arrive within the range of sharpshooting at individual heads. Two days ago 20 men drove 200 of them out of trenches thus located. Today a few scouts came upon a sentinel of an outpost, and instead of firing upon them he dropped his Mauser in the road and ran for his life. The Filipino leaders are fully aware that their army is in a panic and that they can never again fight a serious battle. There is nothing left them but bush fighting or complete surrender.

Every prisoner captured tells the same story, that the men do not want to fight any more, but are compelled to do so by their officers. One taken two days ago had a great welt across his

abdomen, which, he asserted, came from a blow given by his captain with a cane because he would not fight. Yesterday three men were found in a captured trench uninjured, having remained for the purpose of being taken and one of them showed a perfectly clean gun to prove that he had not fired a shot in the fight. All the prisoners taken have been given a square meal and then released, after being told of the order of General Otis to pay \$30, Mexican, to every native who brings in a serviceable gun.

The troops encountered here are the flower of the insurrecto army, among them being the First regiment of Manila, composed chiefly of former members of the Seventy-third Spanish, admitted to have been the best native troops in the Spanish service. They are chiefly Ilocanos and Visayans and not Tagalogs. The Seventy-third was surrendered at the fall of Manila, and the men were seen about the streets for a few weeks. Gradually they disappeared from view and later reappeared again as Aguinaldo's crack regiment. They are the only insurrecto soldiers who fire regular volleys in action. Fear of the Americans has entered their souls as well as those of the others, however, and no trench is strong enough to keep them within good shooting range.

Of the demoralization of the enemy there can be no doubt, but he is enabled yet to hold enough of his army together to interpose between us and the Spanish and American prisoners he keeps pushing farther and farther into the interior as we advance. The limit of possible advance this season has about been reached, and yet a surrender of these prisoners has not been forced. They are Aguinaldo's trump card, and he concentrates all his energies upon holding them. Spain would pay \$7,000,000 for them if the United States would permit. How long shall we be able to satisfy the world that this ought not to be done if we admit our own inability to secure their release? With better army transportation we could push right on and either force a surrender or drive the Filipinos into the mountains with their prisoners, where they could neither feed nor shelter them. They would then have to surrender them, turn them loose, starve them or massacre them outright, and it is uncertain which course they would pursue. However, our transportation is wretched and has hampered our movements from the first. With proper transportation and an energetic campaign we could have been here two months ago, with ten weeks of good campaigning weather ahead of us, but no preparation was made for this war until after it began.

No cessation of hostilities, no returning of soldiers and refugees to their homes and even no surrender of troops can be called an end of the war without possession by the United States of the arms of the insurrectos. That is why \$30 is offered for each gun turned in. We could well afford to pay \$300,000 gold for 20,000 guns in this way. So long as the arms are in the possession of the natives conditions will remain unsettled, and the confidence requisite for commerce and industry cannot exist. No one would want to invest money in developing the resources of the island with a possible insurrection every year.

Personally, I have little confidence in an early satisfactory ending of this war, even should a formal surrender of Aguinaldo's army and the Spanish and American prisoners take place. The insurgent army consists of two classes, the regulars and the armed populace. It is chiefly the latter who have deserted or quit fighting. They are undoubtedly terribly afraid of the Americans and have had all the fighting they want for a time, and yet, should occasion offer, I should expect to see them bring their arms out from hiding and join again in an attack on some exposed place. They certainly may be counted upon to lend aid and comfort to such of their brethren as continue a guerrilla struggle. The difficulty of differentiating is very great. There is no way to tell hostiles from peaceful citizens when all dress alike and all claim to be "amigos" and all wear that oriental smile that is "childlike and bland." Until the people themselves recognize the fact that insurrection and brigandage are injuring their own material interests and determine to stop it for their own welfare an end may not be expected, and it is hoped that only a few months of American rule will teach them this lesson.

As I write, negotiations are in progress between General Lawton and General Gregorio del Pilar, commanding the rebel troops in this district. Several days ago Pilar sent in an officer with an offer to surrender if he could take his army to Manila to surrender it. The messenger was sent to Manila and returned with a letter from General Otis to the effect that unconditional surrender was the only terms that would be considered. Since then we have driven Pilar out of San Miguel and San Isidro, killed and wounded many of his soldiers and still more demoralized his army. It may be that his desire for a theatrical display will cause him to hold out still longer. The Spanish idea of preserving honor by some display or other has a strong hold upon the Tagalog general, as well as the usual love of primitive races

for ceremonies.

Spaniards here assure us that Aguinaldo and half a dozen prominent Filipino statesmen and generals were here a few days ago and started to have a dinner, which broke up in a row, extending to the shying of plates at each other's heads. It seems that the majority of them wanted to quit, but they all held differing views. The one irreconcilable was General Luna, secretary of war and chief general in the field. He has been wounded in the arm and announces undying enmity to the Americans. That there is tribulation in the Filipino household there is no doubt, but that it will lead to a general surrender is questionable. It is not probable that more than 5,000 men and arms could be surrendered under any agreement that could be entered into. Should there be a surrender or should there not, a garrison will have to be left at San Isidro, to be supplied by cascos up the Pampanga river or by pack animals from San Fernando. If hostilities continue, it will be found that more cavalry will be absolutely necessary for escort purposes alone during the rainy season.

NEW GUN FOR THE NAVY.

Trial of a Six Inch Quick Firing Gun in England.

The navy department at Washington has just received from Thomas F. Lane, agent in the United States for Vickers & Maxim of England, a report on the result of the trial at the company's proving ground of a new 6 inch quick firing gun which has been manufactured by the Maxim company for the United States navy. This gun was ordered by the chief of the naval bureau of ordnance about a year ago, when the navy department purchased from the manufacturers the right to use this mechanism in the United States.

This type of gun has been adopted by the British admiralty. It is of 45 caliber weight of bore and weighs over seven tons. Steel wire and long tubes form important elements in the construction of the gun, and an important part is that relating to the breech end of the gun, which is closed by a screw of novel design, says the *New York Sun*. The mounting of this gun is very compact, the gun being made to slide in a cradle bored eccentrically. The design gives great elasticity, and should the mounting be struck by a shot from the enemy the thick sleeve of the top carriage gives additional protection to the pivot. A range indicator and sighting telescope form an important alteration from the usual sighting arrangements.

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Every prisoner captured tells the same story, that the men do not want to fight any more, but are compelled to do so by their officers. One taken two days ago had a great welt across his

abdomen, which, he asserted, came from a blow given by his captain with a cane because he would not fight. Yesterday three men were found in a captured trench uninjured, having remained for the purpose of being taken and one of them showed a perfectly clean gun to prove that he had not fired a shot in the fight. All the prisoners taken have been given a square meal and then released, after being told of the order of General Otis to pay \$30 Mexican, to every native who brings in a serviceable gun.

The troops encountered here are the flower of the insurrecto army, among them being the First regiment of Manila, composed chiefly of former members of the Seventy-third Spanish, admitted to have been the best native troops in the Spanish service. They are chiefly Ilocos and Visayans and not Tagalogs. The Seventy-third was surrendered at the fall of Manila, and the men were seen about the streets for a few weeks. Gradually they disappeared from view and later reappeared again as Aguinaldo's crack regiment. They are the only insurrecto soldiers who fire regular volleys in action. Fear of the Americans has entered their souls as well as those of the others, however, and no trench is strong enough to keep them within good shooting range.

Of the demoralization of the enemy there can be no doubt, but he is enabled yet to hold enough of his army together to interpose between us and the Spanish and American prisoners he keeps pushing farther and farther into the interior as we advance. The limit of possible advance this season has about been reached, and yet a surrender of these prisoners has not been forced. They are Aguinaldo's trump card, and he concentrates all his energies upon holding them. Spain would pay \$7,000,000 for them if the United States would permit. How long shall we be able to satisfy the world that this ought not to be done if we admit our own inability to secure their release? With better army transportation we could push right on and either force a surrender or drive the Filipinos into the mountains with their prisoners, where they could neither feed nor shelter them. They would then have to surrender them, turn them loose, starve them or massacre them outright, and it is uncertain which course they would pursue. However, our transportation is wretched and has hampered our movements from the first. With proper transportation and an energetic campaign we could have been here two months ago, with ten weeks of good campaigning weather ahead of us, but no preparation was made for this war until after it began.

No cessation of hostilities, no returning of soldiers and refugees to their homes and even no surrender of troops can be called an end of the war without possession by the United States of the arms of the insurrectos. That is why \$30 is offered for each gun turned in. We could well afford to pay \$300,000 gold for 20,000 guns in this way. So long as the arms are in the possession of the natives conditions will remain unsettled, and the confidence requisite for commerce and industry cannot exist. No one would want to invest money in developing the resources of the island with a possible insurrection every year.

Personally, I have little confidence in an early satisfactory ending of this war, even should a formal surrender of Aguinaldo's army and the Spanish and American prisoners take place. The insurgent army consists of two classes, the regulars and the armed populace. It is chiefly the latter who have deserted or quit fighting. They are undoubtedly terribly afraid of the Americans and have had all the fighting they want for a time, and yet, should occasion offer, I should expect to see them bring their arms out from hiding and join again in an attack on some exposed place. They certainly may be counted upon to lend aid and comfort to such of their brethren as continue a guerrilla struggle. The difficulty of differentiating is very great. There is no way to tell hostiles from peaceful citizens when all dress alike and all claim to be "amigos" and all wear that oriental smile that is "childlike and bland." Until the people themselves recognize the fact that insurrection and brigandage are injuring their own material interests and determine to stop it for their own welfare an end may not be expected, and it is hoped that only a few months of American rule will teach them this lesson.

As I write, negotiations are in progress between General Lawton and General Gregorio del Pilar, commanding the rebel troops in this district. Several days ago Pilar sent in an officer with an offer to surrender if he could take his army to Manila to surrender it. The messenger was sent to Manila and returned with a letter from General Otis to the effect that unconditional surrender was the only terms that would be considered. Since then we have driven Pilar out of San Miguel and San Isidro, killed and wounded many of his soldiers and still more demoralized his army. It may be that his desire for a theatrical display will cause him to hold out still longer. The Spanish idea of preserving honor by some display or other has a strong hold upon the Tagalog general, as well as the usual love of primitive races

for ceremonies.

Spaniards here assure us that Aguinaldo and half a dozen prominent Filipino statesmen and generals were here a few days ago and started to have a dinner, which broke up in a row, extending to the shying of plates at each other's heads. It seems that the majority of them wanted to quit, but they all held differing views. The one irreconcilable was General Luna, secretary of war and chief general in the field. He has been wounded in the arm and announces undying enmity to the Americans. That there is tribulation in the Filipino household there is no doubt, but that it will lead to a general surrender is questionable. It is not probable that more than 5,000 men and arms could be surrendered under any agreement that could be entered into. Should there be a surrender or should there not, a garrison will have to be left at San Isidro, to be supplied by cascoes up the Pampanga river or by pack animals from San Fernando. If hostilities continue, it will be found that more cavalry will be absolutely necessary for escort purposes alone during the rainy season.

NEW GUN FOR THE NAVY.

Trial of a Six Inch Quick Firing Gun in England.

The navy department at Washington has just received from Thomas F. Lane, agent in the United States for Vickers & Maxim of England, a report on the result of the trial at the company's proving ground of a new 6 inch quick firing gun which has been manufactured by the Maxim company for the United States navy. This gun was ordered by the chief of the naval bureau of ordnance about a year ago, when the navy department purchased from the manufacturers the right to use this mechanism in the United States.

This type of gun has been adopted by the British admiralty. It is of 45 caliber weight of bore and weighs over seven tons. Steel wire and long tubes form important elements in the construction of the gun, and an important part is that relating to the breech end of the gun, which is closed by a screw of novel design, says the New York Sun. The mounting of this gun is very compact, the gun being made to slide in a cradle bored eccentrically. The design gives great elasticity, and should the mounting be struck by a shot from the enemy the thick sleeve of the top carriage gives additional protection to the pivot. A range indicator and sighting telescope form an important alteration from the usual sighting arrangements.

In the recent trial a number of full charges of cordite were fired at a heavy gun range at Eskmeals, Cumberland, during which a velocity of 2,873 feet per second was obtained for a working pressure of 17 tons. The gun was then subjected to high strains to test its general construction and mounting, which were made in Sheffield. The projectiles fired weighed 100 pounds and were fitted with a gas check, which to a considerable extent accounts for the high energies obtained and prevents any abnormal wear due to use of modern guncotton or nitro-glycerin explosives.

The striking energy of the gun was no less than 5,724 foot tons, which would perforate a thickness of steel armor of 17 inches. The energy obtained per ton of gun is 768.3 foot tons, and as a rate of fire of ten rounds per minute for long series of rounds has been easily obtained the gun is capable of doing work to no less extent than 57,240 foot tons per minute. The mounting is constructed of light steel forgings with the special view of reducing the weight on board ship and yet securing ample strength for withstanding the strains of such a high powered gun. The general construction admits of great ease in training and elevating, which operations can be performed by one man, who also fires the gun from a platform which rotates with the mounting.

The energy of recoil is absorbed by a small hydraulic cylinder in combination with two springs, which latter, after firing, return the gun to its firing position. These arrangements are placed beneath the gun so that they are securely protected from shell fire. The gun itself recoils in a steel cylinder which protects the outside of the gun from damage by small quick firing artillery.

Bunyan's Sharp Answer.

John Bunyan wrote "The Pilgrim's Progress" in Bedford jail, where he was confined for his religion. A Quaker came to the prison and thus addressed him:

"Friend Bunyan, the Lord hath sent me to seek for thee, and I have been through several counties in search of thee and now I am glad I have found thee."

Bunyan replied, "Friend, thou dost not speak truth in saying the Lord sent thee to seek for me, for the Lord well knows that I have been in this jail for some years, and if he had sent thee he would have sent thee here directly."

Common Sense Rare.

Of bright, witty, learned and cute people we can find whole battalions in every community, but when you go in search of people possessed of good, hard common sense they are not so easy to find.—Punchutawney Spirit.

The Kissing Bug.

"Melonestes pities." That's the name he bears, This new kissing bug who comes On us unawares. Swift, with undiscerning glee, Through the land he goes, Kissing one upon the lips Or the chin or nose.

Melonestes, hail to thee! Saucy youth no more Shall of salutation soft Hold exclusive store. Bottle nose and hairless pate Still to hope may cling As they seek the lamp lit street Where thou takest wing.

Melonestes, welcome thrice! Hear the chorus rise From the haunts where wall flowers bloom, Echoing to the skies! Some of us well know thy worth, Gay philanthropist, Some of us who but for thee Never would be kissed.

—Washington Star.

AN UNUSUAL WAGER.

Bet Made June 12 on Secretary Alger's Resignation.

A singular bet was paid at an up town resort in Washington the other morning. The money had been posted June 12 last and amounted to \$350. The winner had wagered on that date \$200 to \$150 that Secretary Alger would offer his resignation to President McKinley before Aug. 1, 1899.

Neither party to the bet was a politician, and neither had been formerly known to take any particular interest in public affairs. Both are well off, and their personal relations are intimate, says the Washington Star. The bet grew out of a discussion of the Dreyfus case, the winner declaring that the reopening of it was due to the change of public sentiment of the people of France and following this up by asserting that, whether right or wrong, the clamor against Secretary Alger would result in his leaving the cabinet.

"How much will you bet on it?" inquired the loser.

"Two hundred dollars to \$150," was the prompt reply. "And," he continued, "I am willing to name a time."

"When?" inquired the other.

"By Aug. 1," responded the first.

"I'd just as soon find your money as anybody else's," said the man who proved to be the loser, and immediately the two men drew their checks and posted them with the proprietor. The other morning they were turned over to the lucky prophet.

A Fountain of Ants.

The house I was then occupying was a bungalow, and, as is the case with many bungalows, the inner walls were constructed of merely sun dried bricks, and in the recesses of one wall a colony of white ants had established a nest. It was evening. I heard behind me a buzzing sound. I turned, and from a hole near the bottom of the wall I beheld a fountain of young white ants ascending. They reached the ceiling, and then the descent commenced. They alighted by thousands on the table and there shook off their wings. In a few minutes the cloth, the plates, the glasses, even the lamp shades, were covered with the little white feeble crawling creatures. The fountain of ants continued to play for at least ten minutes. When, next morning, the floor was swept, the wings that the ants had shaken off filled a large basket. What became of the ants themselves I cannot say.—Haunts and Hobbies of an Indian Official.

A Tailor's Advertisement, 1734.

"This is to give Notice to all Gentlemen and others, That they may have good Druggets, Sagathie, and Duroy Suits made well and fashionable, for the first size Men at £3 10s. a suit, and the larger size at 4£. Cloth Serge, commonly called by the Name of German Serge, suits for £4 and £4 10s. Livery suits for £4 and £4 10s. Colored and black Cloth suits for £5 and £5 10s. At the Two Golden Balls in great Hart street, the upper end of Bow-street Covent-Garden. Also Horsemen's great Coats to be sold ready made at 20s. each, Morning Gowns, Callimanco, both sides, at 30s. a piece, blue Cloak-bags ready made at 16s. each, blue Rockers ready made. Superfine black Cloth at 15s. per Yard."—Fog's Journal, 1734

A Smart Boy.

A good story is told of the crown prince of Germany. Soon after Bismarck's retirement the emperor and empress were at dinner with their elder children and some eminent statesmen when the prince suddenly broke out with:

"They say, father, that now Prince Bismarck has gone you will be able to tell the people to do just what you like all by yourself. You will enjoy that, won't you?"

More Diplomacy.

"I tell you my wife knows a thing or two. The people who inhabit the neighborhood it to which we have just moved look at us with awe."

"How did she manage it?"

"Engaged two of the biggest vans in town to move us, when all our goods might have been transported in an express wagon without overloading it."—Chicago News

Keeps Us Worried.

The greatest nuisance in any community is the person who makes a specialty of finding germs in the food.—Washington Post.

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Finest Print Shop IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an Election Sticker to a 3-Sheet Poster.

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No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

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Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

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The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing, presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

SWAN LINEN.

A High Grade Linen that has no rival. The fancy tints have become too expensive to manufacture, and the stock on hand was closed out at a bargain. We were the purchasers and had it ruled to letter and note heads. While this stock lasts you can get the prettiest and best pure linen in town at about what you will pay for a medium grade bond paper. We didn't get a carload of this. A few weeks will clean out the lot.

THE NEWS REVIEW JOB DEP'T.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Dedicated.

He carries his glass in his pocket; his hair must be parted aright; 'Tis sport for the kids who are watching, and they have the keenest delight; For they know if one hair goes amiss, sir, 'twill fill him with anguish and pain, And knock him off duty forever, and mayhap unsettle his brain?

PERCE COOLEY.

Miss Gertie Roberts is ill at her home in West End.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. James Blazier, Ralston's crossing, a son.

The household effects of W. H. Spence were moved to Lisbon yesterday.

John Rinehart, who has been very ill with typhoid fever, is improving.

A. D. Wilson left today for the west in the interest of the Union pottery.

Will Swanev, of the telephone office, has been transferred to Cambridge, O.

The Sons of Veterans will meet in their rooms on Fifth street this evening.

All morning trains were late in arriving at the Second street station today.

A dance given by young people of Gardendale last evening was well attended.

A wheelman fell off his wheel on Broadway this morning and was bruised about the face.

Earnes Munson is to be made assistant trainmaster of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh with headquarters at Wellsville.

A larger number of monthly tickets were sold at the passenger station this morning than there has been for several months.

George Richards, of Jethro, who had several ribs broken while at work at the freight depot last week, is recovering.

The Keystone State passed down at noon being 14 hours late. It will not be up again unless there is more water in the channel.

The residents of Seventh street would like to get a glimpse of the street sweeper, as the street is in need of a thorough cleaning.

Rev. B. M. Carson left this morning for Beaver, where he will attend a meeting of the ministers of the African M. E. church of this district.

Mrs. J. A. Platts and children left this afternoon for Milton, Wis., where they will stay several months visiting relatives. Mr. Platts will join them in ten days.

The board of directors of the Young Men's Christian association will hold their regular monthly meeting Friday evening. There is much business to be transacted.

The New Castle district of the Free Methodist church will hold campmeeting at Stanton Grove, New Castle, beginning Tuesday, August 15 and closing August 24.

Hon David Boyce was in Alliance today attending a joint meeting of the trustees and commissioners of the Fairmount children's home. He will return to the city this evening.

Physical Director Roseborough, of the Young Men's Christian association, who has been in Cleveland for the last 10 days, will return to the city tomorrow. It is not known whether he will go to Honolulu.

The many friends of Miss Mame Simms will be pleased to learn that she is rapidly recovering at Cambridge Springs, Pa. She is now walking without the aid of crutches and it is thought she will soon be entirely well.

W. G. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Proctor Ankrum and Mrs. Robert Surles left for Allegheny this morning, where they attended the funeral services over the remains of Harry Graham, who died in Chicago Saturday. Interment was made in Uniondale cemetery.

The weeds growing about city hall should be destroyed. Last year persons who would not pay their fines were compelled to do this work, but so far this year not one weed has been pulled. Something should be done to improve the yard at once.

THE REBELS' ATTACK WAS REPULSED.

Tried to Retake Calamba—Eighteen Rebels Killed In Negros—Death Lists Sent by Otis.

MANILA, Aug. 1.—After concentrating their forces for about two days the Filipinos attacked Calamba, the town on Laguna de Bay captured by General Hall. The engagement lasted about an hour and the Filipinos were driven off, carrying away their dead and wounded. The American forces lost two men killed and six wounded.

A company of the Sixth infantry, commanded by Captain Simpson, has had an encounter at Babalynos, on the west coast of the island of Negros, with a rebel force. The latter lost 18 men killed. There were no casualties on the American side.

The United States transport Grant sailed for the United States, having on board 481 men of the Idaho regiment, 549 of the North Dakota regiment and 274 of the Wyoming regiment.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The war department received the following death report from General Otis at Manila:

Gunshot wound, May 6, Henry Lehmay, Third infantry.

Baccabulos, June 15, at Carlotia, Negros, Charles Gardinell, F, First California.

Tubercular meningitis, June 23, Frank J. Murray, A, First California.

Diarrhoea, July 11, Frank Bohner, M, Twenty-third infantry; July 23, Wesley Lytle, Wyoming infantry.

Deaths from typhoid fever, Peter Manz, Third infantry, F; July 25, John F. Walker, corporal, G, Fifty-first Iowa.

Shot, accidental, July 22, James McGuire, sergeant, Sixteenth infantry, B. Syncope, Christian Bosold, M, Seventeenth infantry.

Dysentery, John J. Bowen, G, First California; July 24, Thomas Brether, sergeant Ninth infantry, Company B.

Peritonitis, William Beauchano, F, First Idaho.

Anemia, July 23, William Nichols, Fourth infantry, Company E.

Stabbed by natives, July 26, John M. Gamble, Third artillery, Battery K.

Enteritis, July 27, George Geller, Twelfth infantry, Company A.

Killed—July 26, at Calamba, Quartermaster Sergeant Fred Suppinal, Company I, Twenty-first infantry.

Wounded—Fourth cavalry, Troop G, James A. Reese, leg, severe; First Washington infantry, H, Fred L. Ballau, shoulder, slightly; Twenty-first infantry, Company D, Peter Christie, temple, severe; Twenty-first infantry, Company F, Charles Grottenick, abdomen, severe; Twenty-first infantry, Company I, Corporal Godwin J. Lane, back, severe; Twenty-first infantry, Company H, William H. Phillips, hand, slight; July 27, at San Fernando, Third artillery, Battery L, J. Virger, ear, slight.

He Was a Little Bit Close.

"The meanest man I ever knew," said the short passenger, "was a fellow who got a football and painted it to look like a watermelon. Then during the summer months he kept it conspicuously displayed in his back yard and amused himself setting a savage bulldog on hungry people who happened to take a fancy to the bogus melon."

"He certainly had his mean points," said the tall passenger, "but I know a fellow who could give him a discount and then beat him at his own game. I was in a restaurant once where this fellow was getting his dinner. After he had finished he called the waiter who had served him and asked:

"How much do you get for a tip as a rule?"

"The waiter's eyes sparkled. He rubbed his hands together and replied:

"Well, sah, we ginally gits at least a quatah, but sometimes nice, genteel, prosperous looking gemmans like you gives us 50 cents."

"Then what did this fellow do but put on his hat and say:

"Thanks. I merely wanted to know how much I was going to be ahead by not giving you anything."—Chicago News.

The Raleigh's Collision With a

Lieutenant F L Chadwick of the United States navy is visiting his uncle, Dr L S Chadwick of Cleveland. During the war with Spain Lieutenant Chadwick served on the cruiser Raleigh.

He entered Manila bay when Dewey made his famous dash into the harbor. Lieutenant Chadwick, according to the Cleveland Plain Dealer, said recently that on his return trip there was a collision with a huge whale that was sleeping on the water. Lieutenant Chadwick was on watch when the boat gave a lurch. "I thought we had run on some hidden rocks," he said. "I rushed to the rail and found that the ram of the cruiser was fast in the side of a whale 40 feet long. The engines had to be reversed before the whale was released. He floated away dead. You may think that is a fish story, but it is an actual fact, and the cruiser's log will verify it."

A Hole In His Heel.

A hole in his right heel enabled a negro workman in the diamond fields of South Africa to secrete and steal gems to the value of \$273,000. These he expressed in small parcels of fruit to a cousin in King William's Town, in the extreme south of Africa, from which place both recently departed for England.

Police Interfered With Prizefight.

St. Louis, Aug. 1.—The Dixon-Santry boxing contest was indefinitely postponed owing to police interference.

Abolish the Dynamite Cracker.

Considering the injuries they have caused, dynamite cannon crackers should be prohibited by law, says the Boston Globe. A surgeon at the Massachusetts General hospital sums the whole case up when he says, "The dynamite cracker is too dangerous to be tolerated in a civilized community."

WEATHER FORECAST.

Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia—Fair today; increasing cloudiness tomorrow, with probably showers on the lakes; variable winds, becoming southeasterly.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 4 runs, 7 hits and 6 errors; Brooklyn, 3 runs, 8 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Phillips and Peltz; McJames and McGuire. Umpires—Lynch and Connolly. Attendance, 2,800.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 7 runs 11 hits and 2 errors; Baltimore, 3 runs, 7 hits and 4 errors. Batteries—Chesbro and Bowerman; Hill and Robinson. Umpires—Swartwood and Hunt. Attendance, 1,500.

At Louisville—Louisville, 8 runs, 12 hits and 3 errors; New York, 3 runs, 6 hits and 4 errors. Batteries—Phillippi and Zimmer; Carlick and Wilson. Umpires—Mannassau and Smith. Attendance, 1,000.

At Chicago—Chicago, 5 runs, 12 hits and 2 errors; Washington, 8 runs, 13 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Taylor and Chance; Weyhing and Kittredge. Umpires—Emslie and McDonald. Attendance, 1,100.

St. Louis Boston—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pe.		W.	L.	Pe.
Brooklyn.....	28	682		Cincinnati.....	45	42	517
Boston.....	33	616		Pittsburg.....	45	43	511
Phila.....	51	35	503	Louisville.....	38	48	442
Baltimore.....	50	36	581	New York.....	50	412	
St. Louis.....	50	36	581	Washington.....	34	57	374
Chicago.....	46	40	535	Cleveland.....	15	74	169

Games Scheduled For Today.

Baltimore at Pittsburgh, Washington at Chicago, Brooklyn at Cincinnati, New York at Louisville, Boston at Louis and Cleveland at Philadelphia.

Interstate League Games.

At New Castle—New Castle, 8 runs, 9 hits and 2 errors; Springfield, 2 runs, 6 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Wadsworth and Barclay; Harper, Doms and Beville.

At Mansfield—Mansfield, 4 runs, 8 hits and 0 errors; Toledo, 0 runs, 5 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Irwin and Twineham; Wiltse and Arthur.

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 5 runs, 6 hits and 3 errors; Fort Wayne, 2 runs, 7 hits and 7 errors. Batteries—Parvin and Cote; Swain and Bergen.

At Youngstown—Youngstown, 1 run, 7 hits and 4 errors; Dayton, 9 runs, 11 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Carney and Lattimer; Watkins and Donahue.

Interstate League Standing.

	W.	L.	Pe.		W.	L.	Pe.
Toledo.....	57	32	640	Y'ngstown.....	38	48	447
Mansfield.....	49	34	590	Dayton.....	39	50	438
Ft. Wayne.....	50	40	556	Wheeling.....	36	51	414
New Castle.....	47	40	540	Springfield.....	35	57	387

Game Scheduled For Today.

Toledo at Mansfield; Dayton at Youngstown; Springfield at New Castle and Fort Wayne at Wheeling.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, July 31.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 65¢@66¢.
CORN—Shelled yellow, No. 2, 39¢@40¢; high mixed do, 38¢@39¢; mixed, 37¢@37½¢; ear No. 2 yellow, 41¢@42¢; high mixed, 39¢@40¢; mixed, 37¢@38¢; low mixed, 36¢@37¢.

OATS—No. 1 white, 31¢@32¢; No. 2 white, 30¢@31¢; extra No. 3, 29¢@30¢; No. 3 regular, 29¢@29½¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, new, \$12.00@12.25; No. 2 timothy, \$10.75@11.25; No. 3 timothy, \$9.00@10.00; No. 1 clover mixed, \$10.00@11.00; No. 1 clover, \$9.25@9.50; No. 1 prairie, \$8.50@9.00; No. 2 prairie, \$8.00@8.50; No. 3 prairie, \$8.00@8.50; No. 4 prairie, \$7.50@8.00; packing hay, \$8.00@8.25; No. 1 timothy from country wagons, \$12.50@13.50.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 75¢@85¢ per pair; small, 65¢@75¢; spring chickens, 30¢@50¢, as to size; ducks, 40¢@50¢ per pair; turkeys, 80¢@90¢ per pound; geese, 70¢@80¢ per pound. Dressed—Chickens, old, 13¢@14¢ per pound; spring, 14¢@16¢; ducks, 13¢@14¢; turkeys, 13¢@14¢; geese, 10¢@11¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 20¢; extra creamery, 19¢@22¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 17¢@17½¢; country roll, 10¢@11¢; low grade and cooking, 9¢@10¢.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, new, 9¢@9½¢; three-quarters, 8¢@9¢; New York state, full cream, new, 9½¢@10¢; Wisconsin, 12¢@12½¢; 25-pound brick, Swiss, 12½¢@13¢; limburger, new, 10¢@10½¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 11½¢@12¢; (1c additional for candling).

PITTSBURG, July 31.

CATTLE—Receipts 115 loads; market firm on best grades; common and medium steady. We quote as follows: Extra, \$5.40@5.50; prime, \$5.00@5.70; good, \$5.20@5.30; tidy, \$4.90@5.10; fair, \$4.40@4.80; good, \$4.25@4.60; common, \$3.50@4.00; heifers, \$3.25@4.75; oxen, \$2.50@4.75; bulls and stags, \$2.50@4.25; common to good fat cows, \$2.25@4.00; good fresh cows, \$4.00@5.00; fair, \$3.50@3.50; bologna cows, \$10.00@20.00.

HOGS—Receipts light, 22 loads on sale; market active and higher. We quote: Prime mediums and good Yorkers, \$4.85@4.90; fair Yorkers, \$4.75@4.80; pigs, \$4.75@4.85; heavy hogs, \$4.65@4.75; grassers, \$4.60@4.70; roughs, \$3.00@4.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply 19 loads; market firm. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.85@4.90; good do, \$4.65@4.80; fair mixed, \$3.80@4.10; common, \$2.00@3.00; spring lambs, \$4.00@6.00; veal calves, \$5.50@6.00; heavy and thin, \$3.50@4.50.

NEW YORK, July 31.

WHEAT—Spot market weak: No. 2 red, 78½¢ f. o. b. alfalo spot; No. 1 northern Du. uth, 77½¢ f. o. b. alfalo spot; No. 1 hard Du. luth, 80½¢ f. o. b. alfalo to arrive; No. 2 red, 74½¢ in elevator.

CORN—Spot market weak: No. 2, 37½¢ f. o. b. alfalo and 36½¢ in elevator.

OATS—Spot market weaker: No. 2, 27½¢; No. 3, 27¢; No. 2 white, 29¢; No. 3 white, 28¢; track mixed western, 27¢@29¢.

CATTLE—Steers in good demand and steady; bulls and common cows weak to 10c lower; 3 cars unsold. Steers, common to choice, \$4.65@5.75; stags, \$4.30@5.15; bulls, \$2.00@3.35; cows, \$1.75@3.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market sheep steady to firm; lambs unevenly lower, averaging 15¢ 25c off from Saturday; 3 cars were unsold. Sheep, \$3.00@4.87½; culls, \$2.00@2.70; lambs, \$5.00@7.00; culls, \$3.50.

HOGS—Market higher at \$4.30@4.90.

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Wednesday, August 2.

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Great World's Exposition
10 BIG SHOWS 10
COMBINED,
In conjunction with the Grand Biblical Spectacle,



SOLOMON, HIS TEMPLE, AND THE QUEEN OF SHEBA.

3 BIG CIRCUSES 3

IN THREE BIG RINGS.

3 BIG MENAGERIES 3

I Grand BIBLICAL SPECTACLE I

I COMPLETE AVIARY. I

I GIGANTIC MUSEUM I

I PRODIGIOUS AQUARIUM I

10 Truly Great Shows 10

MERGED INTO ONE.

**MORE PEOPLE; MORE MONEY,
MORE COSTLY COSTUMES,
MORE SPECIAL SCENERY**

Used in the one great feature of Solomon and the Queen of Sheba than in the entire combined features of any other exhibition in the country.

Over \$100,000 Actually Expended

On this Grand Production alone. The most magnificent Scenery, Costumes, Emblems, Armors, Trappings, in every detail historically correct.

100 of the MOST BEAUTIFUL DANCING GIRLS in America 100

Everywhere pronounced unanimously by the Press, Pulpit and People the richest and most gorgeous production of the century.

A MASTERPIECE OF SCENIC MAGNIFICENCE.

Mummified Giantess and Infant.

There are on exhibition at the State Historical society's rooms in the state house at Kansas City the mummified bodies of a mother and infant. The babe is clasped in the arms of its mother. According to the Kansas City Journal, the mother is 6 feet 8 inches in length, and her physique indicates that she belonged to a race of giants. The bodies were found in a cave in the Yosemite valley. They were shipped to Kansas City recently by a friend of Secretary Adams of the Historical society.

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Riverview Cemetery Notice.

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J. M. KELLY, Sec'y cemetery.

ALL the News in the News Review.

SWAN LINEN.

A High Grade Linen that has no rival. The fancy tints have become too expensive to manufacture, and the stock on hand was closed out at a bargain. We were the purchasers and had it ruled to letter and note heads. While this stock lasts you can get the prettiest and best pure linen in town at about what you will pay for a medium grade bond paper. We didn't get a carload of this. A few weeks will clean out the lot.

THE NEWS REVIEW JOB DEP'T.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Dedicated.

He carries his glass in his pocket; his hair must be parted aright; 'Tis sport for the kids who are watching, and they have the keenest delight; For they know if one hair goes amiss, sir, 'twill fill him with anguish and pain, And knock him off duty forever, and mayhap unsettle his brain? PEGERE COOLEY.

Miss Gertie Roberts is ill at her home in West End.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. James Blazier, Ralston's crossing, a son.

The household effects of W. H. Spence were moved to Lisbon yesterday.

John Rinehart, who has been very ill with typhoid fever, is improving.

A. D. Wilson left today for the west in the interest of the Union pottery.

Will Swaney, of the telephone office, has been transferred to Cambridge, O.

The Sons of Veterans will meet in their rooms on Fifth street this evening.

All morning trains were late in arriving at the Second street station today.

A dance given by young people of Gardendale last evening was well attended.

A wheelman fell off his wheel on Broadway this morning and was bruised about the face.

Earnes Manson is to be made assistant trainmaster of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh with headquarters at Wellsville.

A larger number of monthly tickets were sold at the passenger station this morning than there has been for several months.

George Richards, of Jethro, who had several ribs broken while at work at the freight depot last week, is recovering.

The Keystone State passed down at noon being 14 hours late. It will not be up again unless there is more water in the channel.

The residents of Seventh street would like to get a glimpse of the street sweeper, as the street is in need of a thorough cleaning.

Rev. B. M. Carson left this morning for Beaver, where he will attend a meeting of the ministers of the African M. E. church of this district.

Mrs. J. A. Platts and children left this afternoon for Milton, Wis., where they will stay several months visiting relatives. Mr. Platts will join them in ten days.

The board of directors of the Young Men's Christian association will hold their regular monthly meeting Friday evening. There is much business to be transacted.

The New Castle district of the Free Methodist church will hold campmeeting at Stanton Grove, New Castle, beginning Tuesday, August 15 and closing August 24.

Hon David Boyce was in Alliance today attending a joint meeting of the trustees and commissioners of the Fairmount children's home. He will return to the city this evening.

Physical Director Roseborough, of the Young Men's Christian association, who has been in Cleveland for the last 10 days, will return to the city tomorrow. It is not known whether he will go to Honolulu.

The many friends of Miss Mame Simms will be pleased to learn that she is rapidly recovering at Cambridge Springs, Pa. She is now walking without the aid of crutches and it is thought she will soon be entirely well.

W. G. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Proctor Ankrum and Mrs. Robert Surles left for Allegheny this morning, where they attended the funeral services over the remains of Harry Graham, who died in Chicago Saturday. Interment was made in Uniondale cemetery.

The weeds growing about city hall should be destroyed. Last year persons who would not pay their fines were compelled to do this work, but so far this year not one weed has been pulled. Something should be done to improve the yard at once.

THE REBELS' ATTACK WAS REPULSED.

Tried to Retake Calamba—Eighteen Rebels Killed in Negroes—Death Lists Sent by Otis.

MANILA, Aug. 1.—After concentrating their forces for about two days the Filipinos attacked Calamba, the town on Laguna de Bay captured by General Hall. The engagement lasted about an hour and the Filipinos were driven off, carrying away their dead and wounded. The American forces lost two men killed and six wounded.

A company of the Sixth infantry, commanded by Captain Simpson, has had an encounter at Babalaynos, on the west coast of the island of Negros, with a rebel force. The latter lost 18 men killed. There were no casualties on the American side.

The United States transport Grant sailed for the United States, having on board 481 men of the Idaho regiment, 549 of the North Dakota regiment and 274 of the Wyoming regiment.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The war department received the following death report from General Otis at Manila:

Gunshot wound, May 6, Henry Lehmay, Third infantry.

Baccabulos, June 15, at Carlota, Negros, Charles Gardinell, F, First California.

Tubercular meningitis, June 23, Frank J. Murray, A, First California.

Diarrhoea, July 11, Frank Bohner, M, Twenty-third infantry; July 23, Wesley Lytle, Wyoming infantry.

Deaths from typhoid fever, Peter Manz, Third infantry, F; July 25, John F. Walker, corporal, G, Fifty-first Iowa.

Shot, accidental, July 23, James McGuire, sergeant, Sixteenth infantry, B. Syncope, Christian Bosold, M, Seventeenth infantry.

Dysentery, John J. Bowen, G, First California; July 24, Thomas Brether, sergeant Ninth infantry, Company B. Peritonitis, William Beauchano, F, First Idaho.

Anemia, July 23, William Nichols, Fourth infantry, Company E.

Stabbed by natives, July 26, John M. Gamble, Third artillery, Battery K.

Enteritis, July 27, George Geller, Twelfth infantry, Company A.

Killed—July 26, at Calamba, Quartermaster Sergeant Fred Suppinal, Company I, Twenty-first infantry.

Wounded—Fourth cavalry, Troop G, James A. Reese, leg, severe; First Washington infantry, H, Fred L. Ballau, shoulder, slightly; Twenty-first infantry, Company D, Peter Christie, temple, severe; Twenty-first infantry, Company F, Charles Grottenick, abdomen, severe; Twenty-first infantry, Company I, Corporal Godwin J. Lane, back, severe; Twenty-first infantry, Company H, William H. Phillips, hand, slight; July 27, at San Fernando, Third artillery, Battery L, J. Virger, ear, slight.

He Was a Little Bit Close.

"The meanest man I ever knew," said the short passenger, "was a fellow who got a football and painted it to look like a watermelon. Then during the summer months he kept it conspicuously displayed in his back yard and amused himself setting a savage bull-dog on hungry people who happened to take a fancy to the bogus melon."

"He certainly had his mean points," said the tall passenger, "but I know a fellow who could give him a discount and then beat him at his own game. I was in a restaurant once where this fellow was getting his dinner. After he had finished he called the waiter who had served him and asked:

"How much do you get for a tip as a rule?"

"The waiter's eyes sparkled. He rubbed his hands together and replied:

"Well, sah, we ginally gits at least a quatah, but sometimes nice, genteel, prosperous lookin' gemmans like you gives us 50 cents."

"Then what did this fellow do but put on his hat and say:

"Thanks. I merely wanted to know how much I was going to be ahead by not giving you anything."—Chicago News.

The Raleigh's Collision With a Whale.

Lieutenant F L Chadwick of the United States navy is visiting his uncle, Dr L S Chadwick of Cleveland. During the war with Spain Lieutenant Chadwick served on the cruiser Raleigh. He entered Manila bay when Dewey made his famous dash into the harbor. Lieutenant Chadwick, according to the Cleveland Plain Dealer, said recently that on his return trip there was a collision with a huge whale that was sleeping on the water. Lieutenant Chadwick was on watch when the boat gave a lurch. "I thought we had run on some hidden rocks," he said. "I rushed to the rail and found that the ram of the cruiser was fast in the side of a whale 40 feet long. The engines had to be reversed before the whale was released. He floated away dead. You may think that is a fish story, but it is an actual fact, and the cruiser's log will verify it."

A Hole In His Heel.

A hole in his right heel enabled a negro workman in the diamond fields of South Africa to secrete and steal gems to the value of \$273,000. These he expressed in small parcels of fruit to a cousin in King William's Town, in the extreme south of Africa, from which place both recently departed for England.

Police Interfered With Prizefight.

St. Louis, Aug. 1.—The Dixon-Santry boxing contest was indefinitely postponed owing to police interference.

Abolish the Dynamite Cracker. Considering the injuries they have caused, dynamite cannon crackers should be prohibited by law, says the Boston Globe. A surgeon at the Massachusetts General hospital sums the whole case up when he says, "The dynamite cracker is too dangerous to be tolerated in a civilized community."

WEATHER FORECAST.

Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia—Fair today; increasing cloudiness tomorrow, with probably showers on the lakes; variable winds, becoming southeasterly.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 4 runs, 7 hits and 6 errors; Brooklyn, 3 runs, 8 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Phillips and Peitz; McJames and McGuire. Umpires—Lynch and Connolly. Attendance, 2,800.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 7 runs, 11 hits and 2 errors; Baltimore, 3 runs, 7 hits and 4 errors. Batteries—Chesbro and Bowerman; Hill and Robinson. Umpires—Swartwood and Hunt. Attendance, 1,500.

At Louisville—Louisville, 8 runs, 12 hits and 3 errors; New York, 3 runs, 6 hits and 4 errors. Batteries—Phillippi and Zimmer; Carriek and Wilson. Umpires—Mannassau and Smith. Attendance, 1,000.

At Chicago—Chicago, 5 runs, 12 hits and 2 errors; Washington, 3 runs, 13 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Taylor and Chance; Weyhing and Kittredge. Umpires—Emslie and McDonald. Attendance, 1,100.

St. Louis—Boston—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Brooklyn	28	582	Cincinnati	45	42	517	
Boston	33	616	Pittsburgh	45	43	511	
Phila.	35	593	Louisville	38	48	442	
Baltimore	36	581	New York	35	50	412	
St. Louis	36	581	Washington	34	57	374	
Chicago	46	40	Cleveland	15	74	169	

Games Scheduled For Today.

Baltimore at Pittsburgh, Washington at Chicago, Brooklyn at Cincinnati, New York at Louisville, Boston at Louis and Cleveland at Philadelphia.

Interstate League Games.

At New Castle—New Castle, 8 runs, 9 hits and 2 errors; Springfield, 2 runs, 6 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Wadsworth and Barclay; Harper, Doms and Beville.

At Mansfield—Mansfield, 4 runs, 8 hits and 0 errors; Toledo, 0 runs, 5 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Irwin and Twineham; Wiltse and Arthur.

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 5 runs, 6 hits and 3 errors; Fort Wayne, 2 runs, 7 hits and 7 errors. Batteries—Parvin and Cote; Swain and Bergen.

At Youngstown—Youngstown, 1 run, 7 hits and 4 errors; Dayton, 9 runs, 11 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Carney and Lattimer; Watkins and Donahue.

Interstate League Standing.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Toledo	37	32	640	Y'ngstown	38	48	442
Mansfield	40	34	500	Dayton	39	50	438
Fort Wayne	50	40	556	Wheeling	36	51	414
New Castle	47	40	540	Springfield	36	57	387

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THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, July 31.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 65¢; 65¢. CORN—Shelled yellow, No. 2, 39¢; 40¢; high mixed do, 38¢; 39¢; mixed, 37¢; 37¢; ear No. 2, yellow, 41¢; 42¢; high mixed, 39¢; 40¢; mixed, 37¢; 38¢; low mixed, 36¢; 37¢.

OATS—No. 1 white, 31¢; 32¢; No. 2 white, 30¢; 31¢; extra No. 3, 29¢; 30¢; No. 3 regular, 28¢; 29¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, new, \$12.00; 12.25; No. 2 timothy, \$10.75; 11.25; No. 3 timothy, \$9.00; 10.00; No. 1 clover mixed, \$10.00; 11.00; No. 1 clover, \$9.25; 9.50; No. 1 prairie, \$8.50; 9.00; No. 2 prairie, \$8.00; 8.50; No. 3 prairie, \$8.00; 8.50; No. 4 prairie, \$7.50; 8.00; packing hay, \$8.00; 8.25; No. 1 timothy from country wagons, \$12.50; 13.50.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 75¢; 85¢; per pair; small, 65¢; 75¢; spring chickens, 30¢; 40¢; as to size; ducks, 40¢; 50¢; per pair; turkeys, 8¢; 9¢; per pound; geese, 70¢; 80¢; per pound. Dressed—Chickens, old, 13¢; 14¢; per pound; spring, 14¢; 16¢; ducks, 13¢; 14¢; turkeys, 13¢; 14¢; geese, 10¢; 11¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 20¢; extra creamery, 19¢; 20¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 17¢; 17¢; country roll, 10¢; 11¢; low grade and cooking, 9¢; 10¢.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, new, 9¢; 9¢; three-quarters, 8¢; 9¢; New York state, full cream, new, 9¢; 10¢; Wisconsin, 12¢; 12¢; 25-pound brick, Swiss, 12¢; 13¢; limburger, new, 10¢; 10¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 11¢; 12¢; (1¢ additional for candling).

PITTSBURGH, July 31.

CATTLE—Receipts 115 loads; market firm on best grades; common and medium steady. We quote as follows: Extra, \$5.40; 5.50; prime, \$5.60; 5.70; good, \$5.20; 5.30; tidy, \$4.90; 5.10; fair, \$4.40; 4.50; good, \$4.35; 4.60; common, \$3.50; 4.00; heifers, \$3.25; 4.75; oxen, \$2.50; 4.75; bulls and stags, \$2.50; 4.25; common to good fat cows, \$2.25; 4.00; good fresh cows, \$4.00; 5.00; fair, \$2.50; 3.50; bologna cows, \$1.00; 2.00.

HOGS—Receipts light, 22 loads on sale; market active and higher. We quote: Prime mediums and good Yorkers, \$4.50; 4.90; fair Yorkers, \$4.75; 4.80; pigs, \$4.75; 4.85; heavy hogs, \$4.65; 4.75; grassers, \$4.60; 4.70; roughs, \$3.00; 4.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply 19 loads, market firm. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.85; 4.90; good do, \$4.65; 4.80; fair mixed, \$3.80; 4.40; common, \$2.00; 3.00; spring lambs, \$4.00; 4.00; veal calves, \$5.50; 6.00; heavy and thin, \$3.50; 4.50.

NEW YORK, July 31.

WHEAT—Spot market weak: No. 2 red, 75¢; f. o. b. afloat spot; No. 1 northern Du-luth, 77¢; f. o. b. afloat spot; No. 1 hard Du-luth, 80¢; f. o. b. afloat to arrive; No. 2 red, 74¢; in elevator.

CORN—Spot market weak: No. 2, 37¢; f. o. b. afloat and 36¢; in elevator.

OATS—Spot market weaker: No. 2, 27¢; No. 3, 27¢; No. 2 white, 29¢; No. 3 white, 28¢; track mixed western, 27¢; 29¢.

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ALL the News in the News Review.

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

15TH YEAR. NO. 45.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1899.

TWO CENTS

CORDON ABOUT TOWNS

Hampton and Phoebus Held In Strict Quarantine.

NEW CASE AT SOLDIERS' HOME.

Thirty-Seven Cases and Seven Deaths Altogether From the Yellow Fever—Garrison at Ft. Monroe Ordered Removed. Wasdin Told How the Disease Started.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The advices show a total of 37 cases and seven deaths from yellow fever at the Soldiers' home, at Hampton, Va. One new case occurred at the home. Thus far the disease has been confined to the home, but all surrounding towns are excited, and a vigorous quarantine is being maintained. Dr. Wasdin of the marine hospital service is in charge of affairs at Hampton and is working in co-operation with the local boards of health. He has strengthened the cordon about the town of Phoebus, which he reports is in a very bad sanitary condition. The fact that only one new case appeared is encouraging to the officials here, who are taking every measure to prevent a spread of the disease. They feel that the fact that the affected locality is in the hands of the government, and under one management, will be of great value in dealing with the scourge and enable better results to be obtained than where epidemics break out in commercial places.

Already a number of inquiries have been received by Dr. Wyman from quarantine officers throughout the United States asking whether they shall impose a maritime quarantine against Norfolk. He has replied that there appears to be no necessity for such restriction in the case of either Norfolk or Newport News.

Dr. Wasdin's official report of his examination of existing conditions at the Soldiers' home reached Mr. Wyman. It was dated Monday and notes the fact that the doctor has seen all the cases of suspected diseases at the home. He sums up the history of the contagion as follows:

"Early in July an 'old soldier' entered the home for a short rest and soon afterward appeared at the dispensary, where he informed the physician in charge that he was recently from San Diego, via a transport to a northern port, thence he started for Manila via San Francisco, beat his way to the home on a freight train and entered with his baggage. He complained of dumb chills and fever and was prescribed for. He mingled freely with the inmates of the home, and a short time ago disappeared."

"From this as a possible cause the outbreak is as follows: Preceding Friday, the 27th inst., there had been noticed nothing of a suspicious nature. The weekly death rate was usual. But on the 21st and 22d there became ill during the night, with sharp or less chill, high fever, some eight or ten inmates, men of unusually good health."

"These seizures, although noted as peculiar, had occasioned no alarm until about Thursday, 27th, when a death occurred, the man becoming distinctly yellow some time prior to death. On or about the same day another one died without having attracted particular attention; he also turned yellow white. Autopsies were held on both by the resident pathologist. It was then or a little later that the telegram was sent you asking for an expert. I found there was 3,500 inmates and that 25 had been taken ill since the 21st."

Dr. Wasdin says he withheld a positive diagnosis in his first communication because of the assertion of Surgeon Vickery at the home that there had been no communication of the inmates with any Cuban soldiers returned since last May or early in June.

With the discovery of the probable origin of the infection and the two autopsies there can be no doubt, he says, about the disease being yellow fever, and continues:

"I have advised Major Vickery to empty the dormitory infected, at once, putting the men preferably in tents. The grounds are closed. There has been a very free intercommunication between the inmates and the people of Phoebus, a public house near the grounds having been freely visited until last night. I have suggested to Dr. Pettus to meet one or more of the local boards of Phoebus, and, informing them at the state of affairs, asking their co-operation in watching the village. These inmates, as I understand it, do not mingle much with the people outside the village. From this fact it would seem possible to confine it in the home."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Orders were issued by the war department removing the garrison at Fort Monroe to some point on the northern coast to be selected by General Merritt. A few officers and 20 enlisted men will be detached at Fort Monroe as a guard.

Dr. Van Reppen also said that he did not believe it would be necessary to suspend operations at the Norfolk navy-yard. The yard would, however, be quarantined.

The ironclad monitors Terror and Puritan are the only naval vessels stationed at the Norfolk yard, and it is understood that they will be removed in case their crews should appear to be endangered. It is also quite well under-

derstood that in such emergencies the navy department pays little heed to quarantine regulations and would not hesitate to send the ships out, bound for a northern port.

The officers of the marine hospital service refused to speculate on the genesis of the epidemic, but it is generally believed to have originated in some of the shore dives in Phoebus and cases were looked for there. Arrangements are already made to throw quarantine lines around any place where the disease shows itself outside of the home.

It was directed that the Josiah Simpson hospital at Fort Monroe be turned over to the marine hospital service if it is wanted. This hospital contains 1,000 beds and was fitted up for the troops stationed at Newport News last summer.

The marine hospital service hurried a number of surgeons to Hampton and vicinity.

END THE WAR QUICKLY.

This Senator Burrows' Advice, or It Would Hurt the Republican Party's Chances.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Senator Burrows of Michigan, in an interview with a reporter, said in part:

"Unless the war in the Philippines speedily ends, it will become an important political factor, and its continuance will make the outlook for Republican success uncertain, to say the least. If I could have had my way, we would have simply taken a coaling station or a base of supplies in the island of Luzon, we would not have paid a penny to Spain, and we would have our foothold in the east without the sacrifice of life and money."

He said he believed in securing a share in the markets of the Orient for our people and further said in part:

"At the same time, we must not overlook the fact that we may run counter at any moment to England, France or Germany, and I believe that England, now apparently so friendly, will strike at us the moment we cross her threshold."

"If our participation in the eastern trade is to be purchased at the cost of an indefinite war in the Philippines, we will pay a very large price for what we receive."

"The president is acting wisely, in my opinion, in endeavoring to restore peace and order in the Philippines by sending an increased army to assist General Otis."

"We must remember, however, that although we have now been fighting some time, we have conquered a territory only about 50 miles to the north of Manila and 15 miles to the south, a mere bagatelle compared with the immense area of the archipelago. If the additional troops sent to General Otis cannot restore peace, congress will have to deal with the problem and ought to have, by Dec. 1, some definite information upon which to act."

"You would not now abandon the Philippines?" suggested the reporter.

"I do not see how we can get away now," said the senator. "We cannot surrender our ships to Aguinaldo and say to him that he can murder our soldiers. Now that we have commenced, the only thing we can do is to end the conflict as soon as possible. After that is done, the question of the disposition of the islands or their permanent retention rests with the people and with congress."

THE PRESIDENT GRATIFIED.

Pleased at the Way Mrs. McKinley's Health Improved.

HOTEL CHAMPLAIN, N. Y., Aug. 1.—After disposing of the huge pile of mail matter that had accumulated over Sunday, the president went for a walk with Dr. Rixey. The air was keen and clear and they had to walk at a brisk pace to keep warm. After luncheon he went for a drive with Colonel Legrande B. Cannon. The president himself held the reins and displayed much skill in handling them. Toward evening he took another short walk with Dr. Rixey. The president was much gratified at the rapidity with which Mrs. McKinley was improving in health.

Vice President Hobart probably will arrive here Saturday from Long Branch for an indefinite stay.

Today there is to be a golf tournament and a baseball game on the hotel grounds and the president will probably attend both.

Reward Offered For Coughlin.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The board of commissioners of Cook county offered a reward of \$500 for the capture and return to this city of Daniel Coughlin, wanted for alleged jury-bribing. Coughlin was once sentenced for life for the murder of Dr. Cronin and was acquitted on the second trial.

Addressed Universalist Meeting.

SARATOGA, Aug. 1.—The Universalist national summer meeting, in session here, was addressed by the Rev. Dr. O. H. Shinn of Kansas City on "Affirmations of Universalism."

To Ride 100 Miles a Day.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Teddy Hale, the Irish bicycle racer, started from Holborn viaduct here in an effort to ride 100 miles daily for a year, Sundays excepted.

Appointed a Census Supervisor.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Frank M. Martin of Caldwell, O., was appointed a census supervisor.

ROOT IS IN CHARGE.

Alger Quit the War Department Today.

HE ISSUED ANOTHER STATEMENT.

Defended the Appointment of Volunteer Officers by the President—Said He Had Nothing to Do With It—The London Times Aroused Him.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Elihu Root assumed charge of the war department about 11 o'clock this morning. General Alger left the city later for Michigan.

A statement prepared by Alger said in part:

"I am led to make the following statements on account of the many criticisms which have been made by the public press, and especially on account of a recent article which appeared in the London Times containing assertions which have no foundation in truth."

"At the commencement of the war with Spain and for several years prior to that time the regular army consisted of only 25,000 men, with the minimum number of officers prescribed by law. The situation can be partially appreciated when it is remembered that within 60 days from the declaration of war the strength of the army was increased to 275,000 men, and everything for the equipment of this great force, including clothing, tents, transportation, medical supplies, camps and camp equipment and all that pertains to equipping an army for service had to be manufactured, transported and distributed for use."

"From the statement referred to the public might be led to believe that the volunteer army was officered by men selected through political influence by the secretary of war by special favor and without any regard to fitness for the duties they were to perform. As is well known, the volunteer force, with the exception of three regiments of engineers, three regiments of cavalry and ten regiments of immune infantry, was made up of regiments from the various states, the officers of which were all appointed exclusively by the governors of the respective states from which the regiments came, and any officer found unfit for service and discharged was replaced by another in the same manner. The president had no voice or control in the matter."

"The officers appointed by the president numbered all told 1,032. Of this number 442 were taken from the regular army and 591 from civil life."

"For a little over 1,000 appointments made by the president, the number of applications was over 25,000 and each application was accompanied by a certificate of his ability, and in most instances the military service, either in the regular army or a state organization, and not infrequently in both."

"Of the number appointed there were, for instance, 26 major generals, of whom 19 were taken from the regular army and seven from civil life. Of these seven all but one were graduates of West Point Military academy and all had distinguished themselves in command during the Civil war. Of brigadier generals there were 102 appointed, 66 from the regular army and 36 from civil life. Those from civil life had all seen service during the Civil war or on our western frontier, and all had proven themselves competent to command."

"It has been stated, and repeated many times, that the secretary of war made these appointments, when the truth is that very few were made upon his recommendation, although he caused the entire list with the recommendations to be compiled and placed before the president for his selection."

"I would be only too glad to have had the honor to have made these appointments. No better, no more loyal or more patriotic set of men as a whole ever served their country and their appointments were a credit not only to the appointing power, but to the country they served. There were exceptions, but that could not have been foreseen."

"There were three regiments of cavalry, the officers of which were appointed by the secretary of war. Colonel Leonard Wood, now a brigadier general and commanding the departments of Santiago and Puerto Principe, was one of these. Colonel Grigsby and Colonel Torrey, both good officers, were the other two. There were three regiments of engineers, the colonels of which were all graduates of the military academy, and not only the officers but the enlisted men were selected with a view to their special fitness, and in most instances upon the recommendations of the colonels themselves, and all proved themselves most efficient."

"There were also ten regiments of immune infantry, of whose colonels eight were graduates of the military academy who were selected for special fitness to command, and in the short time these regiments were in service developed remarkable proficiency."

"Criticism as to the amounts and methods of expenditures which could imply the wrong or careless use of money were also made by the London Times. This charge is false. So far as the conduct of the service was concerned, no person with any knowledge of the facts can ever charge truthfully, and no one can ever show that a dollar was misappropriated, stolen or embezzled out of the hundreds of millions of dollars that were expended. The rec-

ords are an open book, and I will be glad to have them rigidly examined and ask my successor to open those accounts to the country whenever properly called for, in order that the entire truth may be known.

R. A. ALGER,
"Secretary of War."
"WASHINGTON, July 31, 1899."

Status of Inspector General.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Secretary Alger and Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn were in conference Monday and finally determined upon an order fixing the status of the inspector general of the army and the officers of his corps. It made it plain that the inspector general and officers of his corps shall be subject to orders of the secretary of war.

MRS. KATE SPRAGUE DEAD.

Daughter of Salmon P. Chase Expired In Washington—Children at Her Bedside.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague, wife of a former governor of Rhode Island and the daughter of the late Salmon P. Chase, governor of Ohio, United States senator and chief justice of the United States supreme court, died at her homestead, Edgewood, in Washington's suburbs. She was 69 years old. For about three months she had been suffering with a complication of liver and kidney troubles, but had consented to medical treatment only ten days ago. She grew steadily worse until the end came.

At the bedside were her three daughters, Miss Kittie Sprague, who lived with her mother, Miss Portia Sprague of Narragansett Pier, and Mrs. Donaldson of Brooklyn. The funeral arrangements have not been completed.



MRS. KATE CHASE SPRAGUE.

but the remains probably will be interred at Columbus, her father's old home.

A SWIFT RACE TO THE COAST

Tenth Pennsylvania Committee Trying to Beat the Transport to Frisco. Slow Raising of Money.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Aug. 1.—The journey of the Tenth Pennsylvania escort committee enroute to San Francisco has been made through to this point under the most auspicious circumstances and on schedule time.

The escort committee's race to reach the coast before the Senator grows more exciting and the transcontinental trip is being made in almost record-breaking time. A run of 82 miles was made in 92 minutes. A speed of 45 to 50 miles per hour is maintained continually.

Monday was the anniversary of the battle of Malate, and the committee celebrated the event. Chairman Muehlbronner presided. W. B. Outhbertson of New Brighton, whose brother, Major Harry C. Outhbertson, led the regiment in the charge which drove back the Spanish attack, made the principal address. Other addresses were made and patriotic toasts were drunk.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 1.—A special meeting of select and common councils was held, at which the resolution appropriating \$5,000 for the reception of the Tenth Pennsylvania regiment was passed unanimously.

Mayor W. J. Diehl was much disappointed over the manner in which the citizens are responding to his appeal for money for the reception of the Tenth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers. There is no question, that it will take \$40,000 to carry out the plans of the committee, and at present there was over \$22,000 in the fund.

By tomorrow the railroad company will have to have a certified check for \$25,920, or it will be impossible to make arrangements with the western roads. A great many persons who have promised contributions to the fund have not sent in their checks, and the treasurer of the fund, D. R. Torrence, said that he would like to have all the money at once.

Currency Bill Draft Not Completed.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, Aug. 1.—The sub-committee of the senate finance committee left Narragansett for Manhattan Beach. Senator Platt of Connecticut again has been called away from the session by the illness of his son. Senator Aldrich has gone to Warwick, R. I., but will speedily join the other members. The draft of the bill for currency reform, while progressing, is still far from completion. Senator Platt of New York will again confer with the three active members at Manhattan Beach.

CAR MAGNATES FIRM.

Determined Not to Give Up to the Strikers.

DIRECTORS APPROVED THE POLICY

President Everett Said the Company Had Nearly All the New Men Wanted—Strike Leaders Claimed Satisfaction at Condition of the Boycott.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 1.—Whether the boycott upon the Big Consolidated Street Railway company is having any effect or not, the company shows no indication of a desire to change its policy with respect to the strike. A special meeting of the directors of the company was held. At its conclusion President Henry A. Everett was asked if the strike had been discussed. "Incidentally it was," was the reply.

"Is it the intention of the company to move for a settlement of the strike?" was asked.

"No," said President Everett. "We are going ahead as we have been doing. We are hiring new men all the time and we now have nearly all we want. Some of the new men are being discharged when found to be not the men we want and others put in their places. We are satisfied with the situation. And I might say in reference to the statement that there is a division in the board of directors that the board has been a unit from the beginning and it is now unanimous in favor of the policy being pursued."

On the other hand, the leaders of the strikers profess to be very much encouraged by the working of the boycott and they say they must surely win because, they declare, the public is with them. The president of the union has been busy all day listening to the complaints of merchants and others, who claim they have been boycotted without warrant, and when he discovers that the person who complains is innocent of the charge of having ridden on a Big Consolidated car he gives notice to union men accordingly.

"Secretary Bishop of the state board of arbitration arrived in the city to look over the situation. He said he was willing to undertake an investigation of the strike if one was desired. He had a conference with president Everett, but refused to say what transpired. It was intimated that he may visit the strike leaders today."

THE MATCH WAR ENDED.

Edwin Gould Made a Director of the Diamond Company.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Edwin Gould of New York was admitted into the directorate of the Diamond Match company, by vote of the stockholders, at a special meeting held here. Mr. Gould's admission to the match board, following upon the absorption of his match properties, marked the final ending of the war. James Hopkins of St. Louis was also elected to be a new director of the company, the stockholders having increased the number of directors from five to seven.

It is said Mr. Gould will be given nearly \$1,000,000 in Diamond Match stock for his interest in the Continental Match company.

Besides the election of the two new directors, the Diamond Match stockholders passed a resolution increasing the capital stock from \$11,000,000 to \$15,000,000, to take effect Sept. 15.

Two Men Electrocuted.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Lewis Pullerson and Michael McDonald were put to death by electricity in Sing Sing prison. Lewis Pullerson, a negro porter, 29 years old, on March 11, 1898, killed his common law wife, Kate Smith, a white woman, in their apartments in New York by strangulation. Michael McDonald, a beef carrier employed in the Eastman company's slaughterhouse in New York, on May 4, 1898, shot and killed Stephen Titus, the head time-keeper at Eastman's, while drunk.

Revolutionary Pensioner Died.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Eliza Sanford, one of the 16 daughters of Revolutionary soldiers on the pension list, died at Montclair, N. J., aged 84 years.

EVENTS IN BRIEFS.

Frank Reynolds, inexperienced aeronaut, dropped about 3,000 feet into Findlay's lake, Chautauqua county, N. Y., and didn't come up.

Robbers beat O. C. Pearl nearly to death and dangerously hurt Melville Harran, clerks, in Crafton (Pa.) station and stole \$500.

Six men were killed by a boiler explosion near White Cloud, Mich. Another man may die, while another had his legs broken.

Eugene Pakshauer, a graduate from the Indian school at Carlisle, Pa., shot and killed Edith Morrell, aged 17 years, at the home of Mrs. J. F. Morrell in South Amherst, Mass. She had repulsed his attentions. He burned the house, barn and outbuildings and disappeared.

Rear Admiral Sampson filed a claim for himself, officers and men, for prize money, for the capture of Maria Teresa.

Lava from Mauna Loa was diverted from Hilo, Hawaiian Islands, saving the town.

John Sanders of Shafter, Pa., father of Marchand Sanders, who committed suicide by throwing himself in front of a train, took his son's tragic death so much to heart that he took to his bed and died. His mother is also lying at point of death from the shock.

THE EAST END.

FIVE BOYS STOLE APPLES

And Every One Was Before the Mayor Last Night.

EAST END HAS A TROLLEY PARTY

John Herbert Has Another Operation Performed on His Knee Last Night—A Former Resident of East End Married. Happenings of a Day.

Sunday afternoon Charles Mills, Harry Deacon, Will Haney, Harry McBane and Harry Delaney thought it would be fine sport to hunt apples. As a result the quartet faced Mayor Bough last night at the request of Officer White.

The boys, whose ages range between 10 and 12 years, entered the Harker orchard about 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon and were gathering up apples that had been knocked from the trees at a rapid rate when White appeared on the scene. They were told to appear at the mayor's office at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, but Mills was the only one to respond. After a short talk with Mayor Bough he was told to come back at 8 o'clock last night.

The mayor notified the East End officer yesterday afternoon that all the boys had not appeared and last night the boys were gathered in with the assistance of Fireman Terrence and taken before the mayor.

The boys when before the mayor told of their actions of Sunday and made a plea for leniency. The mayor, however, thought of sending them to the workhouse but upon promise of the action not being repeated they were allowed to go.

WAS MARRIED.

Well Known East End Man Becomes a Benedict at Evansville.

Luther Elliott and William Calhoun, who have been employed in the Evansville, Ind., pottery for the past year, returned to East End yesterday afternoon. They formerly resided in East End and will make their future home here. Elliott will work at the Knowles, Taylor & Knowles plant, while Calhoun will work at the Liverpool.

While in the west Calhoun became a benedict, but this fact was not made known until his return. He is now receiving the congratulations of a large number of friends.

AN OPERATION.

John Herbert Is Still Suffering From an Injured Knee.

Physicians again performed an operation on the left knee of John Herbert last evening. It will be remembered Herbert injured his knee while at work at the Laughlin pottery several weeks ago and since that time it has been causing him much pain.

Among the Sick.

Mildred Hurst, a finisher at the Globe pottery, is very ill at her home in Wellsville.

Mrs. Sallie Dawson, of Smith's Ferry, is very ill, threatened with typhoid fever.

Nathaniel McKinnon, a packer at the Goodwin pottery, resumed work after a week's illness.

A Trolley Party.

William Cooley and William Patterson, of Mulberry street, gave a trolley party to Wellsville last evening. As the majority of the boys in the car could play musical instruments it is needless to say they spent an enjoyable evening.

Will Get Married.

There was a well defined rumor in East End last evening that a well known jiggerman at the Globe pottery would soon be married to a young lady residing near Ralston's crossing.

Resumed Work.

Harry Wolf, who had his back injured several weeks ago by being struck in the back with a woodman's ax, resumed his work on the Anderson farm yesterday morning.

Missionary Meetings.

The Foreign Missionary societies of the various churches of East End will hold their regular monthly meeting next Thursday afternoon. Much business is to be transacted.

Going to New Castle.

James Ramsey, of Mulberry street, yesterday moved his family and effects to New Castle. They have resided in East End for several years.

A Social.

The young people of the Second U.

P. church will give a social on the church lawn this evening and a pleasant time is expected.

Purchased Horses.

George Zink purchased several good working horses about Dry Run yesterday afternoon.

SPRING GROVE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders Was Held Last Evening.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Spring Grove Campmeeting association was held last evening and the following trustees elected: N. U. Walker, N. T. Ashbaugh, John W. Patterson, B. Rand, G. W. Ashbaugh, A. H. Bulger, A. J. Cartwright, J. E. Brookes, Samuel Stevenson, A. M. Litchberger, Hamlin Barnes.

A committee was appointed to formulate plans to raise the debt and will report at a meeting to be held at the Young Men's Christian association rooms next Monday evening.

The idea of making a Chautauqua out of the ground was discussed, but no action was taken.

Notes.

The dormitory closed today. C. J. Albright and family have returned to East Palestine.

The Stevenson and Andrews families will spend tomorrow in Pittsburg.

Mrs. Deborah Watson yesterday was the guest of Mrs. R. L. Herbert.

William Cartwright and family have returned to the city.

SPORTING NOTES.

Alf Shaw Is Doing Well With the Detroit While George Carey Is Still Hitting the Ball.

Alf Shaw is catching a great game for Detroit and in the last five games played, out of 14 times at bat he has made six hits. In the same games he had six putouts, seven assists and two errors. Of his playing a Milwaukee paper says:

"Detroit has probably the most promising National League catcher in Backstop Shaw. He caught the entire series here and put up a splendid game, catching as many as eight Brewers trying to steal second."

George Carey only figured in two games at Minneapolis last week, but in six times at bat had two hits.

There is some talk among the football players of the city of organizing an eleven for this season and making an attempt to revive the sport in the city.

DANGEROUS.

Two Ladies Went Over a Stone Wall at Kountz's Corner.

There is a stone wall along the south side of the street car line at Kountz's corner that should have a guard rail. Sunday evening a young man and two ladies walked down the road from the campground and were waiting for a street car when a buggy came along. The ladies stepped back to get out of the way of the buggy and went over the wall, falling a distance of probably five feet. They were not hurt, beyond a few bruises. Someone would have had damages to pay if they had been injured and the sooner the place is fixed the better it will be.

CAMPING PARTIES.

One Party Leaves the City and Another Returns.

John Wallace, Joe Carey, Homer West, Will Louthan, Homer Swift, Roy Colclough and Tommy McClure left yesterday for Williamsport, where they will spend two weeks camping out.

W. E. Vodrey and family, J. B. Taylor and family, Jud McCain and family returned to the city yesterday after spending several weeks at their country residence on Beaver creek.

Coming Picnics.

The National club and their friends are picnicking today at Columbian park.

The street car men will picnic at Columbian park, Aug. 8.

Company E will picnic at Columbian park Aug. 21.

The labor day committee have a contract with the managers of the Columbian park, and the annual celebration will be held there Monday, Sept. 4.

Big Sewer Pipe Concern.

The Royal Sewer Pipe and Press Brick company was incorporated at Columbus with a capital stock of \$500,000 and will operate the big works at Uhrichsville.

For Sale at a Bargain.

House and barn, on Third street near Broadway. Inquire of

J. C. THOMPSON.

GYPSY CLAN GATHERING.

Harrisons Coming From Far and Near to Netherwood, N. J.

HAVE NOT MET FOR TWENTY YEARS

Forty Families to Assemble Around Their Aged Queen, Whom the World Knows as "Snake Mary"—Romany Tribe, Who Are Clean and Not Unwelcome Visitors.

The queen of the Harrison gypsies, with her family, awaits the gathering of her people on the Netherwood road, not three miles from Plainfield, N. J. The Harrisons have not assembled for 20 years, and in that time they have scattered all over the continent. They travel only in the gypsy way, in their own wagons, carrying all their worldly goods with them. Some of them started from the Pacific slope months ago for this meeting. Others, in Delaware, Pennsylvania and New York, have but just turned their horses' heads toward Netherwood. It is expected that the gathering will soon be complete.

The meeting place is the regular summer camp of the queen, "Snake Mary," and her own immediate family. It is beside the main road, in a clump of trees on the edge of a field. A painfully prosaic roadhouse is only a few rods away. The Harrisons made no effort to secure complete privacy. They like to have visitors come. When all the families are assembled, it is their purpose to rope in the encampment and charge an admission fee of 25 cents "to defray the expense which many of them have incurred in making their long journeys." The place is only 15 minutes' walk from Netherwood station, and they hope to make money out of folks who come from nearby towns.

The family now here numbers 10 or 11 persons. "Snake Mary," as the outside world calls her, or "grandma," as the family itself calls her, is known to the Harrison tribe as "the queen." She is 94 years old. She was born in Egypt and has the brown skin and the dead black hair that characterize the people of the pyramids. There was a newspaper photographer in the party that visited the encampment the other afternoon, and she wouldn't come out of the tent in which she was working if she could help it. One of the grandsons, who did not share her prejudices against the camera, pulled aside a flap of the tent, and she came out to pull it back, complaining bitterly against all photographers and their ways. The photograph was taken in the midst of her plaint. Great was the joy of the younger generation, who exchanged noisy congratulations that they had at last "got ahead of grandma."

The members of the tribe talk with a freedom from bad grammar that is rather surprising to one who has preconceived notions that the gypsies are a shiftless and unpleasant race. Both men and women are neatly dressed and carry themselves rather in the manner of city folks on an outing. Part of the queen's lifetime was spent in visiting the regions in which the different families of the tribe roam. She was crowned anew by each family she visited. In that way her household has acquired an easy and intimate knowledge of every part of the country.

The male head of the family is James Harrison, the husband of "Snake Mary's" oldest daughter, who is about 50 years old. "King James," as the gypsies call Harrison, has the look of a keen, clean cut American of Scotch or Irish descent. He has a son whose name is the same as his own. There are a number of children. Inasmuch as they spend much of their time playing under the wagons, they were not exactly in a state to appear on any formal occasion, such, for instance, as a Sunday school festival, the other day, but their clothes were whole. There was not a patch or a tear anywhere visible.

The elder James Harrison talked freely about the family. In this part of New Jersey, he said, and, in fact, in any part of the country in which this family or any members of the Harrison tribe had spent any time, he had never observed an unfriendly spirit. "Wherever we go," he added, "we are known, and we never have any difficulty. The Harrisons have made a good, clean name for themselves. There are people going around who are dishonest, malicious and a bad lot generally. They take the name of gypsies, and they cause people who have anything to do with them to think that gypsies are very bad people to have around. We never harmed anybody, and as people learn to understand that fact they are glad to see us when we come back each year. We hear the same story from all the other 40 families of our tribe."

The members of the family speak to one another sometimes in English, sometimes in their own Romany tongue. Their wagons are strongly built and bright with fresh paint. The

tarapaulins are new looking. Inside the living wagons the berths are laid with clean linen sheets and hung with fine lace curtains. There is every evidence of family prosperity. One of the younger women, the wife of the junior James, cheerfully undertook to tell the fortune of a visitor. She warned him in the usual way against signing a paper that was about to be presented to him and that within a few months he was to go away on a long journey. When she took his dollar and tied it up in the corner of her apron, she disclosed \$8 or \$10 which had preceded it.

A WOMAN'S EXPANSION VIEW.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster's Plea For Her Sex In the Philippines.

Expansion from a woman's point of view was presented in charming periods to the immense audience at the patriotic meeting held recently in the Auditorium at Asbury Park, N. J., says the New York Journal. The orator was Mrs. J. Ellen Foster, the renowned lawyer and temperance advocate.

"I speak from the standpoint of a woman," she said. "As a woman I believe in expansion. I want the women of the Philippines to have the home life and love that our American husbands give us."

She was interrupted by a gust of applause, the throng grasping the fact that a new and wholly fascinating thought on the subject of colonial expansion had been presented to it. Mrs.



MRS. J. ELLEN FOSTER.

Foster dwelt a little on what she knew America would achieve for the women of the Philippines—a factor heretofore disregarded in public discussion—and then launched into other phases of the question. She even dared to level her lance at Darwin.

"I am not for the survival of the fittest," she said, "but for the sacrifice of the best—when the sacrifice is needed. That is the moral law, if it is not the law of science. God gave his best—his only son—to save the world, and the women of America are giving the best—their beloved sons—for the enfranchisement and enlightenment of what may be now but brutal savages, but who will at the touch of American civilization take their places in the parliament of nations."

VISITED ALL LANDS BUT ONE.

John W. Bookwalter of Ohio Is About Starting For Tibet.

John W. Bookwalter of Ohio is not only a noted traveler, but an enthusiast as well. His eyes kindled recently at the mention of Tibet, which he hopes to penetrate shortly by permission of the czar, but he refused to talk of his journey into that mysterious country in advance.

"Let us talk of Turkestan, Afghanistan or Persia instead," said he to a representative of the New York Journal. "In eight months I traveled 25,000 miles, took over 600 photographs and purchased some 600 works of art. With the aid of a special passport I wandered into central Asia. Everywhere I was struck with the work and power of Russia. We should emulate her in our expansion policy and take only contiguous countries."

"During my 30 years of nomadic existence I have learned that the old adage, 'When in Rome do as the Romans do,' is one to be followed. In each country I find myself in sympathy with the customs and even the manners. They are as much to be enjoyed as the climate or the food. In 30 years I have been in as many different climates. Of them all the best is to be found in the Malay Archipelago. It is tropical and delicious."

"The most beautiful women I have met in our own country. Each time that I return here I am able to say this without hesitation. They are more graceful, more brilliant, more refined than any in the world. Next to them I should rank the Circassians. They are exquisitely fine and delicately fair. For many years there has existed a fallacy that with much travel you may overcome seasickness. I have found, after crossing almost every body of water in the world, that I may always expect to be seasick where the water is rough. The degree of my suffering has in 30 years been lessened but slightly. The roughest, most turbulent body of water I ever tossed upon is the Caspian sea."

"I first started on my nomadic career in search of health, and I have continued it merely for pleasure. With Tibet I shall have exhausted the map of the world."

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN.

Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should write to Dr. Pierce and receive free the advice of a physician of over thirty years' experience—a skilled and successful specialist in the diseases of women. Every letter of this sort has the most careful consideration and is, of course, regarded as sacredly confidential. Many sensitively modest women write fully to Dr. Pierce what they would shrink from telling to their local physician. The local physician is pretty sure to say that he cannot do anything without "an examination." Dr. Pierce holds that these distasteful examinations are generally needless, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's treatment will cure you right in the privacy of your own home. His "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands, some of them the worst imaginable cases. It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. Some unscrupulous medicine dealers may offer you a substitute. Don't take it. Don't trifle with your health. Write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.,—take his advice and be well.

Mrs. R. D. Monfort, of Lebanon, Warren Co., O., writes: "I drop you a line this morning to let you know that I have received the Medical Adviser, and how very much pleased I am with it. A crisp, new five dollar bill could not tempt me to part with it."

On receipt of 21 one-cent stamps, to pay cost of mailing only, we will send free to any address a paper-bound copy of Dr. Pierce's great 1000 page book, "The Common Sense Medical Adviser." Or, the same book bound in fine French cloth will be sent for 10 cents extra to pay the cost of this more handsome and more durable binding. Address World's Dispensary Medical Ass'n, Buffalo, N. Y.

French cloth will be sent for 10 cents extra to pay the cost of this more handsome and more durable binding. Address World's Dispensary Medical Ass'n, Buffalo, N. Y.

WITH ONE VOICE.

East Liverpool People Who Have Investigated Are a Unit on the Subject.

The voice of the people is heard all over the land. Trumpet notes of truth. Sounded from East to West. East Liverpool has joined the throng. Many a citizen lifts his voice in praise.

Enthusiastic people everywhere. Backs relieved of heavy burdens. Nights of suffering, days of misery. Become nights of rest and days of joy.

It's the constant workings of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Are these reports all true? Ask a neighbor who knows.

Here's an East Liverpool man, ask him.

Read what he says:

Mr. Thomas Laughlin, of 172 Sophia street, engineer, says: "I caught cold and neglected it—it settled in my back and kidneys, forced me to quit work and almost cost me my life. I could not move without suffering, and often could neither sit, stand or lie for pain. The secretion of the kidneys went wrong, and distressed and annoyed me both night and day. I took medicines for two years but did not get well. When I read of Doan's Kidney Pills I got a box at the W. & W. pharmacy. Noticing some improvement by the time I had taken the first half of the box, I continued until I took four boxes, and my back was all right as well as the urinary trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills are without doubt a grand remedy. I will endorse them at all times. I will substantiate my statement of Doan's Kidney Pills if any one will call at my house to investigate for themselves. My wife had some backache also; she took Doan's Kidney Pills and was cured."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box by all dealers, or sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

EVERY WOMAN Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine. **DR. PEAL'S PENNYROYAL PILLS,** Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere \$1.00. For sale by C. G. Anderson, Druggist.

RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the Celebrated Air Cushion Rubber Stamps.

THE NEWS REVIEW

Hassey's Place—for the best Ice Water. All flavors. Four reasons why Hassey's Ice Cream and Soda Water are the best! 1st, Best Materials used. 2d, Seventeen years' experience. 3d, Personal attention to all mixing. 4th, Best equipped factory between Pittsburg and Cleveland.

LEADING WATCH AND OPTICAL HOUSE. Note Address. **Roberts,** 167 Fifth Street. Best work on watches, clocks and jewelry. Your eyes will be rested and comforted by using glasses fitted by Dr. J. T. Roberts, Ref. D. Note address—Roberts, 167 Fifth St.

SOUTH SIDE. FOUGHT ON THE BRIDGE

As Usual a Woman Was the Cause of It All.

COMMISSIONERS MEET TOMORROW

A Child Injured In Cumberland—Will Pay Railroad Men Saturday—Heavy Foreign Mail—Those Who Are Ill—News of Chester and Surroundings.

There was a fierce fight on the bridge early yesterday morning, but up to a late hour this afternoon no arrests had been made. Any night during the week one passing over the bridge will witness a fight, but as no officer is on duty these fights will continue. The fight of yesterday morning was the result of several men quarreling about a woman. One of the men was cut about the face and hands, and when he reached the tollhouse a request to arrest the other parties was made. Nothing could be done on this side of the river as the offense occurred in West Virginia. The woman over whom the fight resulted witnessed the proceedings but she would make no complaint against the men when asked to by the authorities on the other side.

MEET TOMORROW.

Commissioners Will Hear Testimony In Cumberland.

Tomorrow morning the commissioners appointed by the Hancock county court to assess the damage to property caused by the extension of the Cumberland branch will meet in the court house at Cumberland and hear testimony in the several cases. It will be at least 10 days before they will be able to make a report of their work to the court.

CUT HER HAND.

Resident of Chester Injured While Visiting In Cumberland.

While visiting at the home of Mrs. Eddy in New Cumberland last week a small daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cunningham fell on a piece of glass and badly injured her right hand. In one place it was cut so badly that several stitches were required. The child returned to the home of its parents yesterday.

A ROAD RACE.

An Event Being Arranged by Several Well Known Young Men.

Several well known young men of Chester are arranging to give a road race from Chester to Yellow Creek and return. The entry books will be opened within a few days, and it is expected to pull the event off the last of the month. A number of riders of Liverpool have signified their willingness to enter.

Will Picnic.

The steamer T. M. Boyne, of Steubenville, will bring Stanton Post, G. A. R., of that place, to Rock Spring tomorrow, where they will spend the day, returning to Steubenville at 9 o'clock. This is the first large picnic to be held on the Southside this year and it promises to be well attended.

SOUTHSIDE NEWS.

Notes About People and Things Across the Ohio River.

A fine buggy owned by George Orr, of Liverpool, broke down on the county road bridge on First avenue yesterday. Postmaster S. F. Rose will build two residences instead of one as was first planned.

Oris Wetzel has moved into his new home from the city.

Bud Hilliard is ill with an attack of malaria.

A small child of Mark Johnson is ill. Yesterday 10 foreign letters were mailed at the postoffice, one of which was registered. This is the largest foreign mail ever dispatched from the office at one time.

The McNally forces will be paid Saturday. The timekeeper checked all store accounts yesterday and it is very likely the books can be arranged by the last of the week.

Mrs. Deever, who has been very ill for several weeks, is able to be about.

The contractor who was erecting the Cunningham residence has given up the work. He forgot to bid on the roof and failed to come to an understanding with the owner of the property.

Appointed Guardian.

LISBON, Aug. 1.—[Special]—John Russell is appointed guardian for Mabel Livingston, the 10-year-old child of John C. Livingston, late of Washington township; bond \$500.

Not In Her Nightgown.

It is commonly supposed that when the tidings of the death of William IV were conveyed to Queen Victoria she received the archbishop of Canterbury and those with him in her nightgown, but the ridiculous nightgown story can easily be exploded. The mistake originated in one of Disraeli's novels. As a matter of fact, during the last century the garment now known as dressing gown was called a nightgown, and we read of elderly ladies and gentlemen walking in their gardens before breakfast in their nightgowns. It was really a dressing gown which the princess donned before receiving the archbishop, and it was a pretty one, made of white cambric, over which her maid threw a shawl.

The archbishop was accompanied by the Marquis of Conyngham and Sir Henry Halford, and the difficulty they experienced in getting admission to the castle has been likened to the scene in "Macbeth," where the sleepy and ungracious porter has been aroused from his slumbers. It was a long time before the porter would answer the clamorous summons, though the archbishop pealed at the bell, while the marquis plied the knocker.—Dublin Independent.

A Mad Monarch's Freak.

"At the time the malady of Ludwig II, the mad king of Bavaria, was at its worst he gave orders that 30 of his finest horses should be put in the best condition possible for a race," writes Professor J. H. Gore in The Ladies' Home Journal. "When the report came that no further improvement could be made, he had them brought into an open field where every conceivable form of noise making device had been stationed.

"The horses were tied to posts, and the king from an elevated stand gave the signal that started the flare of trumpets, the booming of cannon, the firing of bombs and other outlandish noises. The horses reared, plunged, struggled to get free, and finally breaking loose started in the wildest of gallops from this bedlam. But toward whatever corner of the field they fled they were stopped by noises just as terrifying and sent to another quarter to be frightened again and again.

"When the horses became too tired to run well, the king found the spectacle uninteresting and ordered the orgy to cease. By this cruel freak the royal stables lost a number of their most valuable animals."

Shocked the Chief Justice.

Lord Russell of Killowen, the chief justice of England, was up in London for a few days last long vacation, and having nothing to do after the morning accepted a friend's invitation to lunch at his club. After luncheon a scratch rubber was with difficulty got together, very few members being in the town. The fourth man, a young subaltern in the guards, only joined after mentioning that he played a very poor rubber. Unfortunately the chief cut him as partner, several times in succession. At first he only fidgeted a little and made one or two mild inquiries. But after something extra diabolical his lordship broke out with, "I really think, sir, you are playing badly on purpose to annoy me."

"Oh, shut up!" said the soldier. "How can any fellow play when you keep jawing at him?" Lord Russell, with quiet dignity, observed, "I don't think you know to whom you are speaking, sir."

"Oh, yes, I do," said the warrior. "You are the lord chief justice, but you're not in your blooming police court now." Tableau.

A Startling Answer.

A Latin professor was explaining the derivation of our word "ostracize" to his class in a local academy. He told the story of the early Roman republics and the scheming of the politicians of the times. He related how, when any man in the republic became obnoxious to his neighbors, they used to write his name on an oyster shell (Latin—ostrea, shell), and on the receipt of a specified number by the consuls that man was banished, killed or otherwise removed in some one of those pleasant ways the old Romans had. When he had finished his explanation, he said:

"Now, the boy here in the front seat, what did we derive from the old Latin use of the shell, which was called ostracism?"

The answer he expected was far from what he got, for the little student with spectacles in the front seat arose and delivered himself thus:

"From the Roman habit of using shells to get the best of people, we derive the present Coney Island shell game, which is a fascinating and costly sport."—Brooklyn Times.

Too Extravagant.

Washington's steward once purchased the first shad of the season for the president's table, as he knew his master to be extravagantly fond of fish. He placed it before Washington at table as an agreeable surprise. The president inquired how much he paid for the shad.

"Three dollars," was the reply. "Take it away," commanded Washington rather sharply. "I will not encourage such extravagance in my house."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

DECLARATION OF THE FREE.

The Last Composition of the Late Robert G. Ingersoll.

We have no falsehoods to defend—
We want the facts.
Our force, our thought, we do not spend
In vain attacks,
And we will never meanly try
To save some fair and pleasing lie.

The simple truth is what we ask,
Not the ideal.
We've set ourselves the noble task
To find the real.
If all there is is naught but dross,
We want to know and bear our loss.

We will not willingly be fooled
By fables nursed.
Our hearts by earnest thought are schooled
To bear the worst,
And we can stand erect and dare
All things, all facts that really are.

We have no God to serve or fear,
No hell to shun,
No devil with malicious leer,
When life is done.
An endless sleep may close our eyes,
A sleep with neither dreams nor sighs.

We have no master on the land,
No king in air.
Without a manacle we stand.
Without a prayer,
Without a fear of coming night,
We seek the truth, we love the light.

We do not bow before a guess,
A vague unknown,
A senseless force we do not bless
In solemn tone.
When evil comes, we do not curse
Or thank because it is no worse.

When cyclones rend, when lightning blights,
'Tis naught but fate.
There is no God of wrath who smites
In heartless hate.
Behind the things that injure man
There is no purpose, thought or plan.

The jeweled cup of love we drain,
And friendship's wine
Now swiftly flows in every vein
With warmth divine,
And so we love and hope and dream
That in death's sky there is a gleam.

We walk according to our light,
Pursue the path
That leads to honor's stainless height,
Careless of wrath,
Or curse of God or priestly spite,
Longing to know and do the right.

We love our fellow man, our kind—
Wife, child and friend.
To phantoms we are deaf and blind,
But we extend
The helping hand to the distressed.
By lifting others we are blessed.

Love's sacred flame within the heart
And friendship's glow,
While the miracles of art
Their wealth bestow
Upon the thrilled and joyous brain,
And present raptures banish pain.

We love no phantoms of the skies,
But living flesh,
With passion's soft and soulful eyes,
Lips warm and fresh
And cheeks with health's red flag unfurled,
The breathing angels of this world.

The hands that help are better far
Than lips that pray.
Love is the ever gleaming star
That leads the way,
That shines not on vague worlds of bliss,
But on a paradise in this.

We do not pray or weep or wail;
We have no dread,
No fear, to pass beyond the veil
That hides the dead,
And yet we question, dream and guess,
But knowledge we do not possess.

We ask, yet nothing seems to know.
We cry in vain.
There is no "master of the show"
Who will explain
Or from the future tear the mask,
And yet we dream, and still we ask.

Is there beyond the silent night
An endless day?
Is death a door that leads to light?
We cannot say.
The tongueless secret locked in fate
We do not know—we hope and wait.

—Truth Seeker of June 3, 1909.

ADVERTISED A WEDDING.

A Suburban Railroad's Novel Scheme to Increase Its Sunday Traffic.

A novel advertising scheme was employed by one of the suburban railroad companies of Syracuse the other day which drew many thousand persons to Lakeside park, on the shores of Onondaga lake. It consisted of a bona fide wedding ceremony, performed by a city pastor in the presence of a crowd of gaping rustics and city dwellers in search of novelty. For a percentage of the receipts a young farmer who rejoices in the euphonious name of Berta Marion Smith, and Miss Lillian Easterbrook, the daughter of a milkman, consented to make their nuptial rites the subject of public gaze.

Twenty-five dollars was offered the Rev. Henry O. Manchester, pastor of Danforth Congregational church, to perform the ceremony, and he consented, not understanding that the wedding was to be public, says the New York Sun. When he learned that his fee was to come from the treasury of the railroad company and that the wedding was being advertised for all it was worth as an attraction to the park, he declined to have anything to do with it. The services of the Rev. A. Oberlander, an Evangelical Lutheran minister, were then hastily secured and the nuptial knot was tied by him. It is estimated that the railroad company made the scheme profitable to the extent of \$5,000. The percentage due the bride and groom will set them up comfortably in housekeeping.

A Great Electrical Display.

An interesting feature of the electrical display in connection with the National Export exposition in Philadelphia next fall will be the plan of special illumination of the city hall adopted for the period of the exhibition. The building is a very imposing structure, the highest point being 574 feet above the ground, and at present

THE NEWS REVIEW JOB ROOM

STOCK.

The best procurable, and a large and complete line of everything.

TYPE.

No antiquated faces. All up-to-date productions.

INK.

Best manufactured. All colors and tints.

MACHINERY.

Nothing second-hand. Finest in Eastern Ohio.

WORKMEN.

All artists in their respective departments.

PROMPTNESS.

Never too busy to give your work attention. Prompt delivery.

PRICES.

Low as the lowest, and product FIRST CLASS.

ANYTHING ELSE ESSENTIAL ?

there is a rim of lights around the base of the statue of William Penn, which surmounts the structure. It is claimed that these lights can be seen at a distance of 30 miles, says The Western Electrician. Before the exposition opens a ring of arc lights will be placed around the rim of Penn's hat, over 500 feet above the pavement, and long strings of incandescent lights will run from there to the roof of the building. Every cornice will be studded with lights and all sides of the massive building will be emblazoned by designs in colored lights.

NEW TEETH AT EIGHTY.

John Markwith Is Cutting His Third Set and Growing Youthful.

John Markwith of Orange, N. J., who is 80 years old, is cutting his third set of teeth. A few molars were all that were left of his original teeth, and as he had no confidence in store teeth he had for years been practically toothless. Within the last month Mr. Markwith has felt a peculiar sensation in his upper jaw in front, and recently two small teeth poked their cutting edges through his hardened gums.

There are signs of others coming, according to the New York Sun, and Mr. Markwith is speculating on whether his mouth will fill up again. With the coming of the new teeth the old man's eyesight, which has been failing for years, has improved wonderfully, and he declares that he is renewing his youth in every way.

To Prevent Floods.

A movement has been started in Chicago to place under the control of the government the 7,000,000 acres of land that surround the upper head waters of the Mississippi. The forests there are to be retained so that the great river may not be subjected to disastrous floods at one time and low water at another, says the Indianapolis Sentinel. The movement is timely, and it is to be hoped that it may succeed. Its success means a vast deal to the people in the great central valley.

Another Trust Expected.

A rich California merchant offers to purchase the entire grape crop of that state for a period of five years, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. This looks like an attempt to corner ap pendicitis.

Eye to Business.

As the rainy season in the Philippines lasts seven months, American umbrella manufacturers ought to do a rushing business there.—Baltimore Herald.

\$10 Excursion to the Seashore.

July 20th; August 3d and 17th \$10 from Steubenville, East Liverpool, Wheeling and Washington to Atlantic City, Cape May and other popular seaside resorts. Just the days to go on your vacation trip; fifteen day return limit. Ask local ticket agent about details. *

OLD PAPERS.

Housekeepers, you want old papers for your carpets, your pantries, and other service incidental to spring housecleaning. Get them at low price at the NEWS REVIEW office.

WANTED.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Do not apply unless you can furnish first-class reference. Apply to W. F. Smith, at Smith & Phillips's music store.

WANTED—Christian man or woman to qualify for permanent office work. Salary \$300. Enclose self-addressed, stamped envelope to Director, care NEWS REVIEW.

WANTED—Faithful persons to travel for old house. Straight, bona fide salary \$750 a year and expenses. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. A. J. Munson, Secretary, Chicago.

WANTED—Four or five roomed house by desirable party in desirable location. Call on J. C. B. Beatty.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Store room now occupied by the Progress, corner Diamond and Summit lane. Inquire of John Seaton, at Barnes grocery.

FOR RENT—Three choice and very desirably located rooms, furnished; with or without board. Will rent as a whole or singly. Apply at NEWS REVIEW office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, a first-class rubber tire buggy. Apply to J. S. McIntosh, 111 Cook street.

JACK ROWE'S

Wholesale and Retail "ICE CREAM." Best goods in the city. Special rates on any large amount. 160 Washington St. Phone 161-3.

S. J. MARTIN,

RESTAURANT,

175 BROADWAY.

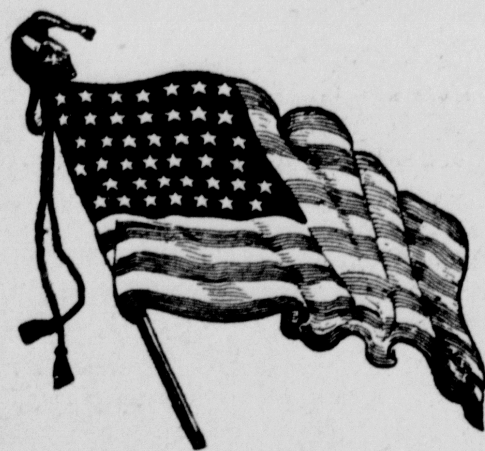
CHOICE MEALS. Only 25c.

The NEWS REVIEW for news.

The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
[Entered as second class matter at the East
Liverpool, O., postoffice.]
TERM OF SUBSCRIPTION!
(Postage free in United States and Canada.)
One Year in Advance.....\$5.00
Three Months.....1.25
By the Week.....10
EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY, AUGUST 1.



FOR PRESIDENT--Second Term.
WM. M'KINLEY,
Of Ohio.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
GEORGE K. NASH
of Franklin.
For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN A. CALDWELL,
of Hamilton.
For Auditor of State,
W. D. GILBERT,
of Noble.
For Treasurer of State,
I. R. CAMERON,
of Columbiana.
For Attorney General,
J. M. SHEETS,
of Putnam.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
W. Z. DAVIS,
of Marion.
Member Board of Public Works,
F. A. HUFFMAN,
of Van Wert.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For State Senator,
FRANK B. ARCHER,
of Belmont.
Representative,
SAMUEL BUELL.
Probate Judge,
J. C. ROONE.
Clerk of Courts,
JOHN S. McNUTT.
Sheriff,
SAMUEL D. NORAGON.
Treasurer,
CHARLES E. SMITH.
Recorder,
ED M. CROSSER.
Commissioner,
CHRIS HOWMAN.
Surveyor,
J. C. KELLY.
Infirmary Directors,
W. A. TARR, long term.
L. C. HOOPER, short term.

CLEAN STREETS.

This is a much-to-be-desired feature. If the present force is inadequate to the necessities of the case, then furnish the street commissioner with the force required.

MAD DOGS.

It may be possible that there are no mad dogs in East Liverpool. But there are very many mad residents, and their righteous wrath has been aroused by the non-enforcement of the "muzzle" ordinance.

CARRY A CANNON.

When belated rural residents, male or female, are compelled to make their way home along lonely highways of travel, they should carry a young cannon with them, and become expert in its use, so as to give a warm reception to the party or parties who command "hands up."

THE MAYORALTY.

Many level headed and conservative business men of East Liverpool have expressed the opinion that the mayor of the city should have full and complete control of the police force, appointing of policemen, etc., without any interference on the part of council, and then hold the chief magistrate responsible for the conduct of the force.

A LIE ON THE FACE OF IT.

The cabled "interview" with Admiral Dewey at Trieste, Austria, in which he is reported to have said "Our next war will be with Germany" is so directly in contradiction with Dewey's diplomatic reserve as shown at Manila that those who believe it must be very ignorant or the gallant admiral's stock of good, sound common sense. It is a very palpable fake.

FRIENDS.

In the mayor's charges against Suspended Officer Grim he states that that officer declared that "his friends were

D. M. OGILVIE & CO.

Exchange Block, Fifth Street.

New Dog Collar Belts.

These are in great demand at present. Black leather at \$1.25, brown at \$1.00, black enamel at 75c. White kid belts, 35c, 50c and \$1.25 each. Black leather belts, 25c and 50c. A lot of belts in colors, some jeweled, others plain, from last season, were formerly 50c to \$1.00, now 25c.

Neckwear.

New 'Kerchief Ties in blue and white, nice qualities, at 50c each.
Four-in-Hand ties at 50c, in a variety of colorings.
Bows, black and colors, at 25c.
White Lawn String ties, 10c a dozen, 2 for 5c, 5c and 10c each.

Women's Collars.

Corliss, Coon & Co.'s styles, 15c, 2 for 25c.
Acorn brand collars, in the new styles, 10c each.

P. K. Skirts.

White P. K. skirts, plain, at \$1.98 up to \$3.50; insertion trimmed at \$2.75, \$5.00, \$7.00 and \$7.50.
A lot of new colored P. K. skirts, plaids and stripes, \$1.75 up to \$2.25.

Shirt Waists.

A lot at 25c, in colors, good for common use. This is but half price.
Your choice of the colored waists, \$1.25 and up, for 95c; some nice ones in the lot.

Dress Goods.

New black crepons, fall goods, new styles, at \$1.00, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50 per yard.
Light grey cheviot, for skirts, 56 in. wide, \$1.00.

D. M. OGILVIE & CO.



TRADE MARK
Fifty Cents Per Box
Palmo Tablets
HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.
stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), \$5.00. Sent anywhere.

For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

very numerous compared with the few friends of the mayor." And the members of the majority in council who have been fighting the mayor on the police issue for the past year have made similar declarations. Even if these assertions were true, the quality of friends is as important as the quantity. If not more so.

COUNCIL'S DELAY.

When the federal authorities notified the city that the dumping of garbage into the river must stop, the mayor and board of health lost no time in acting. Bids for the disposal of garbage were advertised for and opened, and the contract awarded with business-like promptness. It was only when the matter fell into the hands of council that delay occurred. One would think that as important a matter as this might have received some

expedition from an ordinary city council, but then the East Liverpool council is an extraordinary one.

THE LIBRARY SITE.

It should be a central location. It MUST be the very best possible to obtain. This should be the desire of every citizen of East Liverpool. Aside from this, the generous donor, Andrew Carnegie, has a keen eye for location, and the natural conclusion is that he will be satisfied with nothing less than the very best. He may not see to this personally; but we can rest assured that those who look after his interests are wide awake business men.

THE CONTRACT

For the National China Pottery to be Let Next Week.

The foundation for the new National china works will be completed next week and the contract for the plant will be let at once. The brick are now being placed on the ground and the work on the pottery will be rushed, as the company hope to be able to be making ware by Dec. 1. The pottery will be one of the most complete in the United States and will have all the modern improvements.

AUTHORIZED TO SELL.

Assignee Hill Will Dispose of S. W. Brothers' Personal Property.
LISBON, Aug. 1.—[Special]—E. W. Hill, assignee of S. W. Brothers, is authorized to sell, within two months, at private sale, the personal property of the assignor.

Two Meetings.

The Sons of Veterans will meet this evening.
The grocery clerks will install officers at their meeting this evening.

All the news in the NEWS REVIEW.

HOW TO MAKE A GIN FIZZ

Is What Caused Trouble In an Uptown Saloon.

THE BOMBARDMENT WAS FURIOUS

One Man Threw Spittoons While the Other Confined Himself to Glasses and There Was a Battle Royal—Pedestrians Left the Street In a Hurry.

The question of how to make a gin fizz caused trouble in an uptown saloon yesterday.

Late in the afternoon Joe Johnson, a large colored man known as "Big Six" entered the saloon of W. E. Morrow and called for a gin fizz. James Walters, the bartender, refused to give it to him as he had some trouble with "Six" a few days before about how to make a gin fizz, "Six" maintaining that there should be an egg in a fizz and Walters holding that there should not be.

The men discussed the affair for a short time and then "Six" fired the first big gun of the battle by reaching down, picking up a spittoon and throwing it at Walters. It did no damage as the aim was bad and Walters returned the fire with glasses, while "Six" continued to fire big guns in the shape of spittoons. Finally the battle became too warm for "Six" and he beat a hasty retreat, nearly upsetting Terry Carman in his haste to get out, while the fusillade of glasses and bottles continued.

While the fight was in progress Attorney G. Y. Travis came down Sixth street just in time to see a glass smash against the bricks. He turned white and left in a hurry, as did Sam Conkle, who appeared on the scene.

The battle caused much excitement, but nobody was hurt and there were no arrests, as not a policeman was in sight.

BOOSTING THE CARNEGIE LIBRARY.

Steubenville Sets This Council an Example of Hustle and Enterprise.

In striking contrast with the neglect of the council of this city, Steubenville has already taken action upon Mr. Carnegie's library proposition and is actively rushing the matter through.

At the first meeting of Steubenville council after the offer was received a committee of three was appointed to take the preliminary steps towards acceptance of the proposition. This committee, says the Gazette, has power to act to the extent of appointing a committee of citizens who can call a public meeting where expression of sentiment for or against accepting the proposition can be made. If, at this meeting, the people decide that the city should need a library under the terms proposed, the duty of council will be clear.

A Board of Trustees.

Under the statute the council can select a board of library trustees who will have power to make such arrangements with Mr. Carnegie as come within the range of his proposition. Further than this, the board will have control of all money and the whole conduct of the building, the employment of librarian and janitors. In fact, all funds donated to a city are to be held in trust by a board appointed by council, and under the law only one member of council is eligible to the trusteeship.

Cost of Maintenance.

President Armstrong, of Steubenville council, estimates the chief cost of maintenance as follows:

Two librarians, \$1,200; heating, \$200; lighting, \$400; janitor, \$600; extra labor, \$200; total, \$2,600. There will have to be an enabling act of the legislature to give the city power to issue bonds for site.

UNION PICNIC.

The Colored Baptists of Pittsburg Will Picnic Here.

Thursday at Columbian park five colored Baptist churches of Pittsburg will picnic and it is expected at least 1,800 people will be present. They will have with them a brass band, and in the afternoon a sham battle will be held. The round trip rate from Pittsburg here is but 60 cents.

On the River.

The stage of water today was 3.3 feet and falling, with the same condition prevailing up both the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers. So far as towboats are concerned business is at a standstill. Many of the Pittsburg towboats are tied up between the local harbor and Cincinnati, and many of the crews have returned by rail during the past few days.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER

FOR OVER 14 YEARS

This highly meritorious preparation has stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to its excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS' SCALP CLEANER

is the only dandruff cure. For shampooing, it has no equal.

All Live Druggists Sell It.

TWO RIDERS INJURED

In a Bicycle Race at Columbian Park.

VERY SLOW TIME WAS MADE

During the Last Lap Sheldon Johnson Ran Into George Kennedy—Riders Received Bad Falls and Rendered Unconscious For Fifteen Minutes.

There was a five mile handicap bicycle race at Columbian park last evening which resulted in several riders being badly injured. The race was the outcome of an argument among the employees of the Sebring pottery in Second street as to who was the best rider in the pottery. Those who entered the race were Thomas and John Poulton, George Kennedy, Peter Miliron, Whiskers Green, Ed Applegate, Ben Wise and Sheldon Johnson. The race excited much interest and was won by John Poulton, followed by Miliron and Applegate in the order named. Time 15:15.

During the last lap Kennedy was coming down the track at a rapid pace when he was run into by Johnson, both boys falling to the ground. Kennedy was unconscious for 15 minutes and Johnson was struck over the heart by falling on the handle bars of his machine. Medical attention was summoned and the boys were soon able to be taken home. Kennedy received several bad bruises as a result of his fall.

Another five mile race between Thomas Poulton and Applegate was run this morning on the same track. It was won by the former. Time 14:10.

THREW WEYBRECHT DOWN.

Board of Officers Decides His Ticket Was Illegal and No Election.

AKRON, Aug. 1.—The board of officers appointed to canvass the result of last Friday's election of the Eighth regiment, O. N. G., field officers met in Akron and after a long secret session announced that Charles Dick, who was unanimously chosen for colonel, and M. A. Charlton, who had the majority of the votes for junior major were the only officers elected.

Vollrath and Weybrecht, who were the old majors of the regiment, and who ran independently after being turned down by the nominating convention, overwhelmingly defeated their opponents on the regular tickets and they declare they will carry the case to the highest tribunal before they will give up.

Residents Are Complaining.

There is some complaint in regard to Jackson street, Jackson square and a portion of Seventh street being used as a place to store wagons and leave horses stand. It is probable the matter will be called to the attention of Mayor Bough.

Clearance sale in every department, at reduced prices, now going on at JOSEPH BROS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THE partnership of E. R. Colclough and Ludwig Lundgren, doing business as Colclough & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, E. R. Colclough retiring from said firm. Ludwig Lundgren will continue the business, assuming all liabilities.
E. R. COLCLOUGH,
LUDWIG LUNDGREN.

Money to Loan

—BY THE—

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.
In any amount from \$100 up. Call at the office, corner Fifth and Washington streets, for terms.

Wednesday, Aug. 2, At ERLANGER'S.

\$1.50 bicycle hose, with and without feet, at 75c.
25c boys' black cheviot knee pants, size from 8 to 15, at 15c.

COUNTY TICKET NAMED

M. E. Miskall Chosen as Candidate For Judge

BY THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

At Wellsville Today—Delegates Named For the State Convention Will be Instructed—Columbiana Men Wanted: Rice Endorsed, but It Couldn't be Done.

The county Democratic convention is in session at Wellsville city hall this afternoon. About 100 Democrats are in attendance. Prominent among the crowd are Editor W. S. Potts, of the Lisbon Patriot; Editor Kirby, of the Salem Herald, and Editor T. S. Arnold, of the Leetonia Reporter.

Columbiana village was represented by a lively delegation, who spent most of their time whooping it up for Ex-Mayor Jimmy Rice, of Canton, for governor. It was generally understood that Lorenzo D. Miller, Rice's law partner, had sent the villagers down to stampede the convention for the ex-mayor. Editor Potts and the county seat crowd viewed the Columbiana section with marked disfavor.

County Chairman J. J. Weisend called the convention to order at 1:30, and named T. S. Arnold, of Leetonia, as temporary chairman. Nobody wanted to be temporary secretary, and Z. D. Speidel, of Hanover, was pushed into it.

Committees Named.

Chairman Arnold then announced the following committees:

Organization: W. S. Potts, Lisbon; D. D. Kirby, Salem; C. A. Ferguson, East Liverpool.

Rules and Order of Business: G. B. Aten, Wellsville; B. Renkenberger, Columbiana; J. O. Hoffard, Leetonia.

Credentials: George Kidd, Columbiana; W. S. Cook, East Liverpool; A. W. Taylor, Salem.

Resolutions: W. S. Potts, D. D. Kirby and B. D. Beacom, Wellsville.

To select delegates to the state convention—B. Renkenberger, Columbiana; C. A. Ferguson, East Liverpool; G. B. Aten, Wellsville.

The convention then took recess until the committees met and prepared reports.

State Convention Delegates.

When the committees reported the following delegates were elected to the state convention: W. S. Potts, Center; Z. D. Speidel, Hanover; C. A. Ferguson, John W. Moore, Liverpool; John M. Fears, D. D. Kirby, Perry; T. S. Arnold, Salem; George Koch, Unity; G. B. Aten, Wellsville; W. Burns, Washington.

Alternates: R. M. Patterson, Elkrun; J. J. Weisend, J. H. Litmer, Liverpool; J. M. Mahaffy, St. Clair; T. J. Forner, Wellsville; W. McCarty, Perry; J. D. Scott, Knox; F. W. Byer, Unity; David Black, Washington; E. J. McGuire, Perry.

St. Clair made a kick for a delegate and Mahaffy was given J. W. Moore's place, that gentleman resigning the honor.

The Usual Platform.

The committee on resolutions reported the usual denunciations. After affirming adherence to the Chicago platform and "that matchless leader, W. J. Bryan," the convention denounced the national administration as weak and vacillating, President McKinley as a tool of Mark Hanna, the Filipino war as unholy and contrary to the constitution and declaration of independence, the trusts as a terrible menace and the Republican party as the agent of the money power.

The County Ticket.

The following county ticket was named.

Representative—T. S. Arnold, Leetonia.

Probate judge—M. E. Miskall, East Liverpool.

Clerk of courts—M. W. Beyer, Unity.

Sheriff—Geo. Koch, New Waterford.

Treasurer—J. S. Sturgeon, Knox.

Recorder—Jos. B. Lanan, Perry.

Commissioner—M. R. Little, Hanover.

County surveyor—J. F. Spence, Center.

Infirmary director—Long term, David B. Shelton, Lisbon; short term, John F. Dowler, Elkrun.

Uninstructed.

The delegates to the state convention will go uninstructed. Delegate Cook rose to make a motion to instruct them, but was ruled out of order, and the convention adjourned.

B. Renkenberger, of Columbiana, was elected chairman of the new county committee.

Neckwear that are sold at 48c and 75c Joseph Bros.' clearance sale they sell now at 39c.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

JUDGE DISMISSED IT

Sudden End of Mrs. Creighton's Alimony Suit.

HUSBAND NOW SEEKS DIVORCE

Alleging Gross Neglect of Duty and Extreme Cruelty—Only the Plaintiff's Evidence Was Heard When the Judge Disposed of the Suit For Lack of Evidence.

LISBON, Aug. 1.—[Special]—Upon hearing the evidence in the alimony case of Catherine E. Creighton, of East Liverpool, against Thomas Creighton the court dismissed the case, saying the evidence of the plaintiff did not warrant her obtaining alimony.

The defendant had filed a cross petition alleging that the plaintiff was guilty of gross neglect of duty and extreme cruelty towards him, and asking for a divorce. No evidence was heard for the defendant, the court having dismissed the case when the plaintiff had all her evidence in.

A SUCCESSION FOR THE LIBRARY.

Mr. Baum Thinks a Pottery Technical School Would be an Advantage.

"In connection with the gift of Mr. Carnegie for a free library," said J. H. Baum this morning, "the city should not be unmindful of the fact that in order to make the most of the important position East Liverpool now holds as the pottery center of this country, there should be an endeavor to have a pottery technical school in connection with the library. If this could be arranged to meet with Mr. Carnegie's views, which is most likely, as technical schools have been established at Homestead under the auspices of his company, East Liverpool should have a technical school on the model of the Wedgewood institute or the pottery technical schools of Stoke, Burslem and Hanley. The possession of such a school would be of great advantage. There should be branches for free-hand drawing, drawing from nature and modeling in clay as well as a chemical school, where all the clays and materials could be analyzed free of cost or at a small cost to the operative potters. The suggestion, I think, is worth consideration."

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT.

The Amount of Money the Township Trustees Have Spent In Six Months.

The township trustees have completed the semi-annual statement of expenses from January 1 to July 1, and it is as follows: Food, \$583.77; clothing, \$131.13; fuel, \$306.76; roads, \$420.96; incidental expenses, \$34.69; salaries, \$303; total, \$1,780.31. The amount spent each month is as follows: January, \$407.99; February, \$589.81; March, \$182.30; April, \$131.88; May, \$225.98; June, \$242.35.

Bound Over to Court.

LISBON, Aug. 1.—[Special]—At a preliminary hearing Eli Harding, who was bound over to court by Mayor Huxley, of Salem, for assault on Abbie Bonnell, was bound over to court in the sum of \$600 and the charge changed to assault and battery.

Merchants' Picnic.

LISBON, Aug. 1.—[Special]—Two trains of ten cars each left Lisbon with the merchants for their picnic at Conneaut lake.

IDENTIFIED BY HILL

Local Attorney Interviews Allen In Detroit Jail

AND SAYS HE IS THE MAN

Wanted For Swindling Several East Liverpool People—Pittsburg Police Will Now Have the Prisoner Extradited at the Close of His Term.

DETROIT, August 1.—Attorney Walter B. Hill, of East Liverpool, O., after seeing Charles E. Blazer, alias Davis, etc., declares that he is Charles E. Allen, and he thinks he knows, if anyone does.

The other day Davis extended an invitation to Pittsburg folks to call and see him. Hill accepted the invitation, because James B. Freeman, of Pittsburg, who was "taken in" on a gold brick swindle by Allen, is one of his clients. Then there are others interested one way and another who are also Mr. Hill's clients. Among them are N. G. Macrum, cashier of the First National bank, of East Liverpool; Alexander Johnson, Sr., and Alexander, Jr., and Howard Steele, also of that city, and Roy Sutton, Jr., of Grove City.

One Look Sufficient.

Detective Brooke accompanied Hill to the jail. One look was sufficient for the latter to identify his man. He admitted that Davis, or Allen, did look odd with his black whiskers, but said he knew him "from the nose up." Davis looked Hill straight in the eyes, just as he does everybody, by the way. Hill was thoroughly satisfied.

"Well, do you know me?" Davis asked.

Hill did not answer. Detective Brooke is now positive that John R. Davis, John R. Danforth, A. E. Jack, formerly of Avalon, Pa.; Charles E. Allen, Charles E. Blazer and Charles E. Boyd are one and the same man. That the Pittsburg authorities are of the same opinion is evidenced by the fact that Superintendent Martin received a dispatch from the chief of police of that city stating that they will extradite Davis in case he is turned loose here.

GOING TO GET HIM.

Pittsburg Detective With Requisition Papers Heading For Detroit.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 1.—[Special]—An application for requisition papers was secured from the office of the clerk of courts yesterday, together with a copy of an information against Boyd and other necessary papers. Detective Charles McGovern will go to Harrisburg today to secure the desired requisition, and will then go to Detroit for the approval of the governor of Michigan and, if he can get him, to bring back the prisoner.

The charge on which the requisition papers are being applied for is false pretense, in which Allen secured \$275 from the Hotel Anderson by fraudulent checks.

THE GRIM REAPER.

A Resident of East Akron Died Here Last Night.

Mrs. Mary McCune, aged 29 years, wife of William J. McCune, of East Akron, died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. F. McClosky, No. 112 Peach Alley, at midnight. Death was caused by a complication of troubles with which deceased had been suffering for several months. She is survived by her husband and three children.

The funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in the First M. E. church, Reverend Hoffer, of East End, officiating. Interment will be made in Spring Grove cemetery.

Show at Wellsville Tomorrow.

John F. Robinson's big shows will appear at Wellsville tomorrow. The additions recently made to this already mammoth world's exposition put it so far ahead in size, merit, variety, originality and completeness that it is regarded everywhere as the best in the country.

Marriage License.

LISBON, August 2.—[Special]—Marriage licenses have been issued to A. L. DeTemple, of East Liverpool, and Miss Margaret Shield, of Denver, Col., and to John C. Kendall, superintendent of Homestead, Pa., schools, and Martha J. Cleaver, an East Fairfield school teacher, W. S. Bye, of Lisbon, and Bessie E. Johnson, Thornburg, Ia.

Men's suits, prices range \$3.48 to \$12, summer clearance sale, are special inducements to buyers to see

JOSEPH BROS.

PERSONAL NEWS.

Paragraphs About People Coming and Going and Those Who Are Sick.

—S. J. Poulton is in Irondale on business.

—John Weaver was a Salineville visitor today.

—S. J. Faulk was in Beaver on business today.

—George Mayhew is back from a visit to Toronto.

—W. H. Gass was in Pittsburg today on business.

—F. F. Kitchel is ill at his home on Fifth street.

—Fred Furrer has returned from a visit to Toronto friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Oppelt will leave Thursday for Atlantic City.

—Geo. H. Owen, wife and son, Frank, leave for Atlantic City Thursday.

—George T. Odbert, of Salem, spent yesterday in the city calling on friends.

—Miss Nellie Ogilvie and Miss Nettie Watkins are visiting friends at Millport.

—Mrs. Deborah Watson will leave tomorrow for a visit with friends in Salem.

—Mrs. John Robb and children are visiting East Liverpool friends.—Toronto Tribune.

—Martha Allison, of Broadway, is visiting at her mother's home in West Virginia.

—Mrs. Lizzie Bright left today for Chatanqua where she will spend several weeks.

—Mrs. Ed Reddick, of Spring street, left yesterday for Salem where she will make her home.

—Miss Bertha Carson has returned home after spending a few weeks at Frankfort Springs, Pa.

—Miss Orr, of Beaver Falls, who has been visiting in the city for several days has returned to her home.

—Thomas Price, superintendent of the American China works, Toronto, is in the city today on business.

—Miss Nettie Hall left this morning for Wheeling, where she will remain several days visiting friends.

—Miss Edna Kannal, of East Liverpool, is the guest of Miss Mabel Beeson, of East High street.—Salem News.

—Miss Mabel Nellis, of East Liverpool, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Col. W. F. Ridgely.—Steuenville Gazette.

—Dr. J. C. Taggart and wife, after a two weeks' visit to Chautauqua and Wilmington, returned last evening.

—Harry Wyhe, of the American China Co., of Toronto, has returned from a visit to East Liverpool friends.

—Miss Jesse Albright, of the central telephone office, left today for various points in Stark county on her vacation.

—Will and Millard Blythe, of East Liverpool, are visiting their cousins, Blythe and Millard Boyd.—Wellsburg Herald.

—Mrs. P. Fowler, of Broadway, will leave for Atlantic City on Thursday of this week. She will be the guest of her son.

—Mrs. J. G. Hunter and grand daughter, of Beaver Falls, have gone to East Liverpool to visit friends.—New Brighton News.

—W. A. Kenney, a graduate of the class of '99 of Mt. Union college, left this morning for his home in East Liverpool.—Alliance Review.

—Mr. William Murphy, of East Liverpool, is moving his household goods from that city to Salem, where he will make his future home.—Salem News.

—Rev. Clark Crawford and family went to Charleston, W. Va., this morning, where they will spend several days visiting the parents of Reverend Crawford.

—Dr. Clark Crawford and family left today for a visit to his parents at Fairfield, W. Va. The parsonage will be occupied by Mr. Hunt while they are gone.

—C. L. Bowland received a telegram Saturday stating that his father, William Bowland, had fallen from a hay-mow and was seriously injured at his home in East Liverpool.—Alliance Review.

—Mrs. Mary Ikirt and two children returned to East Liverpool Saturday evening, after attending the commencement exercises at Mt. Union college. Miss Georgia Ikirt will remain in Alliance two weeks longer as the guest of friends.—Alliance Review.

Salvation Army Advances.

LISBON, August 1.—[Special]—The Salvation Army leaves Lisbon today for Salineville.

All the news in the NEWS REVIEW.

EIGHT SACKS OF FLOUR

Stolen Yesterday by Ike Gourley and George Stewart.

THEY ARE NOW IN CITY JAIL

But Will Probably Not Need the Flour as the County May Furnish Them Bread For Sometime—One Man Arrested For Holding Up the Shaffer Girls.

Yesterday was ladies' day at police court and Mayor Bough was busy with visitors of the fairer sex, who related their troubles to him. There was not one complaint filed that will ever come to anything.

This morning the mayor settled down to business in earnest, as the jail is full of prisoners.

George Stewart and Ike Gourley, who spend their time in loafing around the upper freight yard, yesterday struck a good thing when Fitzgerald Brothers began to unload a car of flour. They would wait until there was nobody near the car then they would go over and take a sack of flour and going up street would sell it for anything they could get. In this way they managed to get almost a whole barrel of flour, but their fun was nipped in the bud by Officers McDonald and McCullough, who appeared on the scene with the patrol wagon, gathered them in and took them to the city jail. Eight sacks of flour were recovered and now adorn the mayor's office. There has been no charge placed against the young men but it will be made out today and they will get a hearing tomorrow.

The officers yesterday spent some time in searching for the parties who held up Misses Minnie and Lida Shaffer, and as a result of their efforts Newton Croxall was arrested late yesterday afternoon by Officer McMillan. His case will be heard some time tomorrow.

John Hadgett was given a hearing yesterday afternoon on a charge of being drunk and when the case was ended the fine and costs amounted to \$10.70, which he paid.

Bike Accident.

Miss Florence Garrett and Miss Effie Dougherty were out bike riding last night, and when turning at the corner of East Market and Broadway, Miss Garrett, in some unexplained manner, took a grand and lofty tumble, with the result that she sustained a badly sprained ankle, and the attending physician asserts that the young lady will not be able for full duty for the next few weeks.

"Lanille" In Chinese.

A Frenchman has just succeeded in translating "La Dame aux Camellias" into the Mandarin dialect under the title of "The Lady With the Tea Flowers—A Study of Parisian Manners." So great has been its success that a leading native paper in Shanghai has offered a good round sum for the serial rights.—London Chronicle.

Utility of the Phone.

A man at Redding, Cal., has just secured a divorce by telephone, his wife having obligingly over the telephone wite admitted service of summons, waived time and formally agreed to the proceedings.—Boston Globe

One Cent Went a Long Way.

On a recent scientific test a worker in metals succeeded in drawing a copper cent out into 5,700 feet of wire. And this simply proves that some men can make a little money go an awful long way.



Wednesday, Aug. 2, At ERLANGER'S.

75c boys' corduroy knee pants at 38c.
35c blue and white O'alls and jackets at 22c.

FOR SALE—Lot 30x97, and five room house, on Grant street and Market. Price \$1,800; \$200 down balance at \$12.50 per month. Address, J. P. Hanlon, 315 Lincoln avenue.

FOR SALE—A fine naphtha launch for sale cheap. For particulars inquire at William Bott's bicycle shop, corner Broadway and East Market street.

FOR SALE—A five-room house on Ogden street for sale cheap; fine view; good location. Inquire at this office.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework, middle aged woman preferred. Inquire at NEWS REVIEW office.

CAMPS IN PHILIPPINES.

Volunteers Make Themselves Comfortable In the Field.

PICTURES OF SOLDIERS' ABODES.

Elaborate Dwellings Quickly Put Up—Heartburnings Caused by the Order to Move—Jokes Played on the Rookies—Good Instruction Given New Regulars by Volunteers.

The New York Sun's Manila correspondent, writing under date of May 25 about camps in the Philippines, says: Camp life during the war with the Filipinos has its pleasant side as well as its uncomfortable aspect. With commands continually on the march, as in the recent flying trip of Lawton into the north, it is of course impossible to do more than toss up the shelter halves and rake together a few armfuls of rice straw for a bed, but on the east and the south of the city the troops advance very little and consequently have their living spots, which have to be regarded as home, while the daily work is carried out on the sentry paths and outposts.

The American soldiers have come to regard two squares of canvas with small sticks and ropes as insufficient for an abode. In the first place, the advice to sleep off the ground is faithfully followed, probably not because it is advice, but because the men have learned by experience that sleeping on the ground brings rheumatism and other ailments, and that in case of rainstorms inundation follows. There is, accordingly, a general hustle when camp is pitched for sections of bamboo flooring and any sort of flat bamboo structure to serve as a bed when propped up by sticks driven into the ground or by four stones rolled into position. In the conquered territory the deserted huts yield handsomely in these bamboo arrangements, for every native in Luzon keeps a goodly supply of bamboo furniture on hand, and if this has been pre-empted the soldier takes the next best thing, which is the floor. The floor of a hut is constructed of thin bamboo strips nailed or tied to cross stringers.

The bed constructed, up goes the "pup" tent, which is pitched as if the bed were the ground, the ropes being fastened to the slats of the bed and a piece of bamboo pole from the thicket ingeniously used as a ridgepole. Now the soldier's house has its nucleus. It begins to grow and it increases in size and comfort according to the length of time camp is maintained on that spot.

It is a common maxim in the army, and such was also the case formerly, according to the accounts of the humorous side of the civil war, that to clean up or to improve a camp is to invite an order to break up and move. On many occasions one may see thoroughly disgusted pairs of men railing against an order to break camp. These men probably tugged and perspired all the day before in erecting a leaf roof over their tent. In the army blue book there are strict rules for building a camp, but the officers have generously neglected to enforce these rules in the Philippines. The soldier in the field is allowed to follow his own whims after erecting his tent on a prescribed line. He may dig a cellar beneath it if he chooses, or he may erect a miniature Eiffel tower for an airy sitting room.

A soldier seldom inhabits his tent longer than a day under a burning sun before he begins to skirmish around for more protection. If the country in the vicinity of the camp has been recently cleared of Filipinos, there is plenty of material. A section of nipa thatch erected with a pole at each corner heads off some of the sun when it is hot and rain when it is wet. Probably next comes a piece of bamboo matting some Filipino has used for his bedclothes. A cast off piece of corrugated iron from Manila is considered quite a prize. It can be bent into a contrivance to shed water from the ridge of the tent and it can be used as the roof of a front porch. Often these camps are left in one spot long enough to allow the men to set up housekeeping with all the accouterments. But there is always that order to move hanging over one's head, and it destroys ambition. One of the direful things of war in the mind of the private is to build a camp for another organization to occupy. The disgust at being compelled to leave camp has often culminated in a burning up of gathered building materials, to the further disgust of the next set of campers.

Having sport with the rookies is one of the pastimes of the volunteer soldier serving at present in the Philippines. A rookie is a recruit. The regular regiments which have been transported to Manila since the trouble with the Filipinos began are full of rookies. In many instances not more than 200 of the old members of the regiment, the men who went through the trials of the Santiago campaign, came to Manila. The remainder of the regiment usually consists of brand new boys from the farm, and this fact the volunteers soon discovered. The majority of these new men took the

course of living up to the reputation their regiment had before they enlisted. To hear one of the new men brag about the dangers the regiment went through in Cuba, and then let out the fact that he was only a plain citizen when that campaign was in progress, is too much for the volunteer. On the other hand, the rookie regular entered Manila with the proposition in his head that volunteers were an inferior class of soldiers. And thus the small rivalry grew until it has culminated in several incidents decidedly humorous.

The recently arrived Ninth United States infantry saw its first Philippine service in the trenches near Caloocan which had been vacated by the Kansas and Montana men when they went forward on that fearful up country drive on March 25. By the time the Ninth infantry arrived to take charge of this section of the lines the place was worth little more than a reserve, the Filipinos being well cleared out from the front. A battalion of Colorado volunteers had been dispatched from the waterworks to hold this place for ten days.

The companies of the Ninth infantry, with their nice new khaki uniforms and shelter tents, arrived for duty at dusk one evening. To effect the change of bodies of troops at a point involves several hours of work between the noncommissioned officers and commanders of the two detachments. Just to make time pass happily for the rookies of the Ninth the Colorado men laid themselves out for their entertainment while the changes of outpost squads were being made. A new man who had never heard war bullets sing suggested the plot by unwarily asking whether the rice ridges, the little embankments which surround each level rice plateau to keep the water in place during the growing season and which he saw all around him, were Filipino earthworks from behind which they fought. The Colorado men assured him that he had guessed right and then waded into some long lectures on the fighting qualities of the insurgent.

"Ye see they paint their bodies just the color of the ground, and it is impossible to see one at night until he has wriggled right under yer nose," said an ex-ore heaver from Leadville. "Then ye want to watch out, for all Filipinos carry razors just like other coons."

Another related how sentry after sentry had been abducted during the night by these stealthy marauders and advised that the head should never be poked above the trenches. The rookies gathered round tried hard to remember all the advice offered them, while their eyes bulged and their breath came hard. Some wanted to know how far it was to the front. They wanted to get into the struggle at once. The obliging volunteers pointed out the direction to get the best fighting and also the dark streak of woods where they declared there were 500 unburied Filipino corpses whose ghosts walked and fired volleys at midnight.

Meantime the squads detailed for outpost duty were having a very interesting time. One in particular was enjoying itself by crawling on all fours through a stubby paddy field. A rascally young volunteer sergeant, who never could resist playing his joke when he had the proper man, conducted the party, warning them not to lift a head or a volley of Filipino bullets would get 'em sure. There was not a belligerent Filipino within two miles of the spot. After a painful trip of a quarter of a mile on their bellies the Ninth regiment party came to the volunteer outpost and proceeded to relieve it. The dark spots were pointed out where Filipinos were supposed to be lurking, and they were left to their duties with the injunction to keep low down. The Colorados departed on their all night march to the Mariquina river, feeling satisfied that they had made good provision for defending the quiet spot they left behind.

There is no doubt that the volunteers are giving the new regulars, who need it, some good instruction, for the volunteers themselves are beginning to suffer on account of some of the rules they have solemnly laid down. The members of the First Colorado when they pass along the Santa Mesa road, which leads to the waterworks, at night are halted by members of the Twenty-first United States infantry, the last to arrive. The word "halt!" is not spoken in a quiet, persuasive tone, but is fairly yelled out on the still night air. It has the effect of bringing the poor volunteer back on his haunches and causing him to ask the man with the nice new Krag-Jorgensen not to shoot him.

"Hands up!" ordered a Twenty-first man the other night. "Friend!" shouted the Colorado man, intent on reaching town on an errand. "Friend or no friend, hands up!" ordered the regular.

The Colorado man put his hands up and advanced with a few nonpoetical sentiments coming from between his teeth.

The man of the Twenty-first lowered his loaded gun and allowed the volunteer to lower his hands and pass on, remarking to him, "One o' you waterworks gang told me that it was always safe to order hands up, and you bet I ain't takin no chances on havin a Filipino run into me with his machete." The Rocky mountain genius suggest-

ed before departing that the best plan was to make everybody advance backward. They say the rookie got into trouble by following out this order because he tried it on an officer.

C. M. B. A. AT ROCK POINT.

Reunion of Branches Will Be Fittingly Celebrated by Athletics, Dancing, Etc.

Wednesday, August 9, the 1899 reunion of the Catholic Mutual Benefit association under direction of Western Pennsylvania Advisory Council, will be held at Rock Point, the pretty mountain grove on the Pennsylvania lines. The C. M. B. A. outing invariably attracts thousands who enjoy the day, listen to sweet music, roam among the shady dells of the placid Connoquenessing where balmy breezes and rest are always friends, see the games for which valuable prizes will be offered the winners, and assist in the general merry-making. All C. M. B. A. men will be eligible to take part in the games. Delegations are arranging to go from Mingo, Steubenville, Toronto, Wellsville and East Liverpool. Fare 75 cents round trip. Special train will leave Wellsville 8 a. m., East Liverpool 8:15 a. m., central time; returning leave Rock Point at a very seasonable hour.

New Sunday Trains.

Under new schedule taking effect on Pennsylvania lines, C. & P. division, Sunday, July 23, a new train will be run regularly on Sundays between Pittsburg, East Liverpool, Steubenville and Bellaire. The train will leave Pittsburg union station 7:10 a. m., central time, arrive East Liverpool 9:02 a. m., Steubenville 10:06 a. m., Bellaire 11:15 a. m., central time; returning leave Bellaire 1 p. m., East Liverpool 3:07 p. m.

Change In Time of Trains.

Under a new schedule in effect July 23, passenger trains over the Pennsylvania lines leave East Liverpool station as follows: For the east, daily, 4:01, 6:37, 11:15 a. m., 3:10, 7:00 p. m.; 3:07 p. m., Sunday only. For the west, daily, 12:33, 7:20, 9:06 a. m., 2:49, 6:14; 9:02 a. m., Sunday only. For particular information on the subject apply to A. Hill, ticket agent.

Making the Most of It.

In Hull recently a little girl was invited to a party at a friend's house. After tea different games were engaged in until it was time to go home. As the guests were leaving the hostess offered the little girl a bun.

"No, thank you, ma'am," said the girl. "I could not eat any more."

The hostess then told her to put it in her pocket.

"I can't," replied the mite; "it's full already; but the next time I come I will bring a basket."—Hull Times.

Where They Went.

The professor was demolishing (as he believed) Darwin and his theories—a task which he frequently engaged in—when he triumphantly wound up with the question:

"If we are monkeys, where are our tails?"

The lecturer, who had been speaking his full hour, was startled to hear in reply from one of the audience:

"We have sat on them so long that they are worn off."

Ambition.

There is a justifiable ambition which, if kept within proper limits, stimulates the mind and quickens action, ennobles the nature and develops character. Ambition needs careful watching lest it prove a snare rather than a blessing. He that is ambitious to be wise and good has a laudable motive and manifests the highest wisdom, while he who, regardless of wisdom or goodness, determines to gain a point at the cost of both is guilty of the greatest folly.—Philadelphia Methodist.

In His Eyes.

Sometimes a deaf man gives an answer which makes a wonderfully close hit, although he has totally misunderstood the question.

"Is your son's bride a pretty girl?" asked an old lady of a penurious and very deaf old gentleman whose son had recently married the daughter of a prosperous grocer.

"No," said the old man calmly, "she isn't, but she will be when her father dies."

Surgical Instruments Not Dutiable.

An important decision was handed down by Judge Colt of the United States circuit court in Boston the other afternoon, reversing the decision of the board of appraisers, which held that surgical instruments imported to the United States were dutiable. The court holds that the instruments are not dutiable, being "scientific instruments" within the meaning of the law.

A man with a family to support can never understand why all the old bachelors are not millionaires.—Atchison Globe.

Selfishness is a disease for which sad experience is the remedy.—Dallas News.

Vacation Trips.
The Pennsylvania lines extend direct to places of summer sojourn along the Atlantic Ocean. Atlantic City, Cape May, Asbury Park Long Branch and resorts on the New Jersey coast are seashore terminals of the Pennsylvania system. Newport, Narragansett and summer havens in New England are reached over the Pennsylvania route via New York. The Adirondacks, White Mountains, Catskills and mountain retreats of the east are also reached through New York. Resorts in the Alleghenies are located upon the Pennsylvania route and may be reached via Pittsburg without changing cars. The Pennsylvania lines also lead to resorts in Michigan and the lake region through three gateways: Cleveland, Toledo and Fort Wayne. Full information about rates, through time of trains and the convenient manner in which summer resorts may be reached will be cheerfully furnished upon application to local passenger and ticket agents of the Pennsylvania lines, or by addressing J. K. Dillon, D. P. Agt., Pittsburg Pa.

August 3d \$10 Seashore Excursion.

Remember the date, Thursday, Aug. 3d; don't forget the rate, \$10, with fifteen day return limit, to either Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Ocean Beach, and other Atlantic ocean recreation points. The mid-summer time observes the sea in his majesty, bidding friends welcome to the shore, listen to the mighty roar of the ceaseless flow, bathe in the briny-health-giving water. Sailing and deep-sea fishing at Atlantic City are pastimes once indulged, are never forgotten. \$10 round trip from East Liverpool. Adam Hill, ticket agent, will furnish details upon application.

First August Seashore Excursion.

When the summer season is at its height, the third \$10 Atlantic City excursion is ready to start. Thursday, August 3d, is the date, remember, and the fifteen day return limit gives everybody opportunity to welcome the flow of old ocean, to embrace the health-giving and rest assuring waves as they ceaselessly dash upon the beach. \$10 from East Liverpool Thursday, August 3d. Ask Adam Hill, ticket agent, about details, and Cape May, Sea Isle City, and the other excursion points, any one of which you are at liberty to choose.

Special Excursion to Rock Point

Wednesday, August 9, 75 cents round trip, for C. M. B. A. annual reunion. Special train from Wellsville 8 a. m., East Liverpool 8:15 a. m., central time. Music by Cathedral Orchestra, of Pittsburg—fifteen pieces. Dancing free.



Time table effective May 22, 1899. Trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

	Lv. Lisbon.	Ar. N. Galilee.
No. 6.....	2 30 p. m.	3 40 p. m.
No. 34.....	6 35 a. m.	7 40 a. m.
No. 36.....	11 45 a. m.	2 00 p. m.

	Lv. N. Galilee.	Ar. Lisbon.
No. 9.....	8 30 a. m.	9 40 a. m.
No. 33.....	5 15 p. m.	6 20 p. m.
No. 35.....	6 00 a. m.	11 15 a. m.

CONNECTIONS AT NEW GALILEE.
Connections at New Galilee with Pennsylvania Co's trains to and from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Beaver Falls, East Liverpool, Wellsville, Bellaire, Alliance, Canton, Chicago, Erie, New Castle, Ashtabula, Youngstown, and intermediate points.

K. E. BARINGER, General Passenger Agent.

The First National Bank Of East Liverpool, O

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

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B. O. SIMMS, JNO. O. THOMPSON
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Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business.

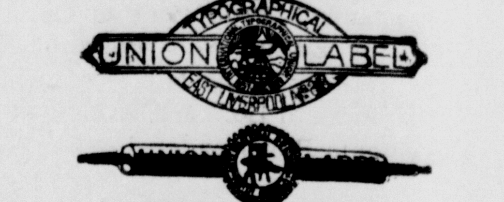
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Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

193 Washington Street.

FINE JOB WORK. The News rooms are the best equipped in eastern Ohio, and we are consequently able to turn out large quantities of work on short notice.

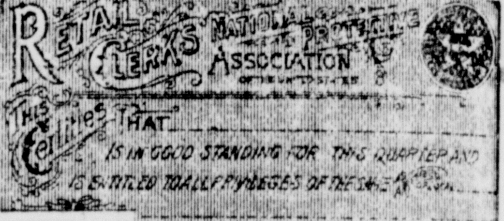
UNION LABELS.
It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?
The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours and union labor employed.



UNION PAPERS.
All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card as proof for it when making their purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE. COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER. Good only during months named in lower left hand corner and properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.

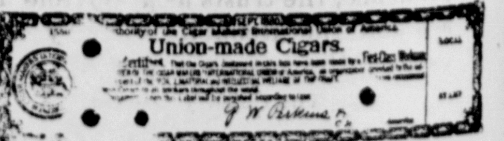


You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

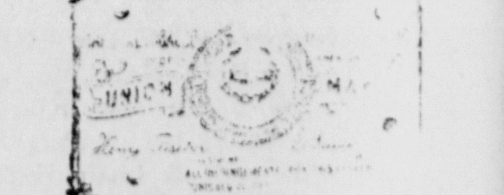
"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold. The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the seat that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' union. It is printed on blue paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is an evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions.

and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and cracker Label:



CAPTURE OF SAN ISIDRO

Utter Demoralization of the Filipino Forces.

WHOLESALE DESERTION OF HOMES.

How the Population Is Deceived by Tales of American Savagery—General Lawton's Wish to Surrender. Dissensions of Filipinos—Americans Hampered by Defective Transportation.

H. L. Wells, the New York Post's correspondent, writing from San Isidro, P. I., under date of May 18 about the capture of that town, says: Here I am, at the extreme point of General Lawton's advance, the second capital of the Republica Filipina, which the Americans have captured, with the result of getting nothing but an empty shell. The insurgent army is still "just ahead" of us, and the Spanish and American prisoners, to release whom is the chief object of our long dash into the interior, are still "farther on," but not so far as they were a few days ago.

San Isidro is the capital of Neuve Ecija province and the largest town in this section of the island. It lies along the east bank of the Rio Grande de Pampanga and is composed of the three connecting barrios of Pactoria, San Isidro and Batuan. When Malolos was threatened, the insurgent seat of government was removed to this place, which was at that time believed to lie beyond the farthest possible advance of the American forces. Indeed, it was not believed by the Filipinos that even Malolos could be taken, but the leaders did not have so much confidence in the valor of the Filipino army and removed the capital.

They have systematically and unremittently deceived the people and their soldiers, but since the first reverse around Manila they have not deceived themselves, as their removal of capital, prisoners, supplies, articles, etc., to points farther into the interior amply proves. Every defeat has been heralded as a Filipino victory in the official paper, the *Heraldo de Revolucion*. Copies of the paper captured from time to time show how the ignorant natives have been lied to in order to keep them in sympathy with the rebellion.

The American losses have been tremendously exaggerated. Our own reports of the losses of the enemy are somewhat highly colored, suggesting the Spanish general and his typewriter, but the Filipino reports are monuments of invincibility. For instance, the second day after the battle of Malabon the *Heraldo* claimed a great victory, although the rebel troops "retired to take up a better position," as if a better position could be found in Luzon than the magnificent trenches they deserted in a panic when the Americans charged them. It also said that the Americans had lost 4,000 killed and many wounded, while the Filipinos had only 60 killed and 260 wounded. Other issues stated that the American soldiers had mutilated and would not fight and that thousands of them had been imprisoned on that account; that the only way they were made to fight was to get them drunk, when they would fight wildly and to little purpose, and that the Americans killed men, women and children.

The falsity of a part of these assertions both the Filipino soldiers and people now know. They are fully aware that they are gaining no victories, but are being defeated almost daily and are being steadily driven back from the valley to the mountains, but they still believe in the savagery and ferocity of the American soldiers. Upon no other theory can the wholesale desertion of their homes by the people as the army advances be explained. Fully 300,000 persons have fled from the region over which our troops have advanced, not a quarter of whom have as yet returned to their homes. The towns captured the last two weeks by Lawton's command had a population aggregating 100,000, and today but a few stragglers can be seen. These people have fled for safety from personal violence through terror inspired by the lies of the leaders of the rebellion and by the stories of the fierceness in battle of the Americans, related by Aguinaldo's soldiers.

Among the latter there is now an utterly demoralizing fear. They will not stand long enough for the Americans to get within good shooting distance. They abandon the finest of trenches, even when protected by a deep ravine or a river in their front, as soon as our troops arrive within the range of sharpshooting at individual heads. Two days ago 20 men drove 200 of them out of trenches thus located. Today a few scouts came upon a sentinel of an outpost, and instead of firing upon them he dropped his Mauser in the road and ran for his life. The Filipino leaders are fully aware that their army is in a panic and that they can never again fight a serious battle. There is nothing left them but bush fighting or complete surrender.

Every prisoner captured tells the same story, that the men do not want to fight any more, but are compelled to do so by their officers. One taken two days ago had a great welt across his

abdomen, which, he asserted, came from a blow given by his captain with a cane because he would not fight. Yesterday three men were found in a captured trench uninjured, having remained for the purpose of being taken and one of them showed a perfectly clean gun to prove that he had not fired a shot in the fight. All the prisoners taken have been given a square meal and then released, after being told of the order of General Otis to pay \$30, Mexican, to every native who brings in a serviceable gun.

The troops encountered here are the flower of the insurrecto army, among them being the First regiment of Manila, composed chiefly of former members of the Seventy-third Spanish, admitted to have been the best native troops in the Spanish service. They are chiefly Ilocans and Visayans and not Tagalogs. The Seventy-third was surrendered at the fall of Manila, and the men were seen about the streets for a few weeks. Gradually they disappeared from view and later reappeared again as Aguinaldo's crack regiment. They are the only insurrecto soldiers who fire regular volleys in action. Fear of the Americans has entered their souls as well as those of the others, however, and no trench is strong enough to keep them within good shooting range.

Of the demoralization of the enemy there can be no doubt, but he is enabled yet to hold enough of his army together to interpose between us and the Spanish and American prisoners he keeps pushing farther and farther into the interior as we advance. The limit of possible advance this season has about been reached, and yet a surrender of these prisoners has not been forced. They are Aguinaldo's trump card, and he concentrates all his energies upon holding them. Spain would pay \$7,000,000 for them if the United States would permit. How long shall we be able to satisfy the world that this ought not to be done if we admit our own inability to secure their release? With better army transportation we could push right on and either force a surrender or drive the Filipinos into the mountains with their prisoners, where they could neither feed nor shelter them. They would then have to surrender them, turn them loose, starve them or massacre them outright, and it is uncertain which course they would pursue. However, our transportation is wretched and has hampered our movements from the first. With proper transportation and an energetic campaign we could have been here two months ago, with ten weeks of good campaigning weather ahead of us, but no preparation was made for this war until after it began.

No cessation of hostilities, no returning of soldiers and refugees to their homes and even no surrender of troops can be called an end of the war without possession by the United States of the arms of the insurrectos. That is why \$30 is offered for each gun turned in. We could well afford to pay \$300,000 gold for 20,000 guns in this way. So long as the arms are in the possession of the natives conditions will remain unsettled, and the confidence requisite for commerce and industry cannot exist. No one would want to invest money in developing the resources of the island with a possible insurrection every year.

Personally, I have little confidence in an early satisfactory ending of this war, even should a formal surrender of Aguinaldo's army and the Spanish and American prisoners take place. The insurgent army consists of two classes, the regulars and the armed populace. It is chiefly the latter who have deserted or quit fighting. They are undoubtedly terribly afraid of the Americans and have had all the fighting they want for a time, and yet, should occasion offer, I should expect to see them bring their arms out from hiding and join again in an attack on some exposed place. They certainly may be counted upon to lend aid and comfort to such of their brethren as continue a guerrilla struggle. The difficulty of differentiating is very great. There is no way to tell hostiles from peaceful citizens when all dress alike and all claim to be "amigos" and all wear that oriental smile that is "childlike and bland." Until the people themselves recognize the fact that insurrection and brigandage are injuring their own material interests and determine to stop it for their own welfare an end may not be expected, and it is hoped that only a few months of American rule will teach them this lesson.

As I write, negotiations are in progress between General Lawton and General Gregorio del Pilar, commanding the rebel troops in this district. Several days ago Pilar sent in an officer with an offer to surrender if he could take his army to Manila to surrender it. The messenger was sent to Manila and returned with a letter from General Otis to the effect that unconditional surrender was the only terms that would be considered. Since then we have driven Pilar out of San Miguel and San Isidro, killed and wounded many of his soldiers and still more demoralized his army. It may be that his desire for a theatrical display will cause him to hold out still longer. The Spanish idea of preserving honor by some display or other has a strong hold upon the Tagalog general, as well as the usual love of primitive races

for ceremonies.

Spaniards here assure us that Aguinaldo and half a dozen prominent Filipino statesmen and generals were here a few days ago and started to have a dinner, which broke up in a row, extending to the shying of plates at each other's heads. It seems that the majority of them wanted to quit, but they all held differing views. The one irreconcilable was General Luna, secretary of war and chief general in the field. He has been wounded in the arm and announces undying enmity to the Americans. That there is tribulation in the Filipino household there is no doubt, but that it will lead to a general surrender is questionable. It is not probable that more than 5,000 men and arms could be surrendered under any agreement that could be entered into. Should there be a surrender or should there not, a garrison will have to be left at San Isidro, to be supplied by cascoes up the Pampanga river or by pack animals from San Fernando. If hostilities continue, it will be found that more cavalry will be absolutely necessary for escort purposes alone during the rainy season.

NEW GUN FOR THE NAVY.

Trial of a Six Inch Quick Firing Gun In England.

The navy department at Washington has just received from Thomas F. Lane, agent in the United States for Vickers & Maxim of England, a report on the result of the trial at the company's proving ground of a new 6 inch quick firing gun which has been manufactured by the Maxim company for the United States navy. This gun was ordered by the chief of the naval bureau of ordnance about a year ago, when the navy department purchased from the manufacturers the right to use this mechanism in the United States.

This type of gun has been adopted by the British admiralty. It is of 45 caliber weight of bore and weighs over seven tons. Steel wire and long tubes form important elements in the construction of the gun, and an important part is that relating to the breech end of the gun, which is closed by a screw of novel design, says the New York Sun. The mounting of this gun is very compact, the gun being made to slide in a cradle bored eccentrically. The design gives great elasticity, and should the mounting be struck by a shot from the enemy the thick sleeve of the top carriage gives additional protection to the pivot. A range indicator and sighting telescope form an important alteration from the usual sighting arrangements.

In the recent trial a number of full charges of cordite were fired at a heavy gun range at Eskmeals, Cumberland, during which a velocity of 2,873 feet per second was obtained for a working pressure of 17 tons. The gun was then subjected to high strains to test its general construction and mounting, which were made in Sheffield. The projectiles fired weighed 100 pounds and were fitted with a gas check, which to a considerable extent accounts for the high energies obtained and prevents any abnormal wear due to use of modern guncotton or nitroglycerin explosives.

The striking energy of the gun was no less than 5,724 foot tons, which would perforate a thickness of steel armor of 17 inches. The energy obtained per ton of gun is 768.3 foot tons, and as a rate of fire of ten rounds per minute for long series of rounds has been easily obtained the gun is capable of doing work to no less extent than 57,240 foot tons per minute. The mounting is constructed of light steel forgings with the special view of reducing the weight on board ship and yet securing ample strength for withstanding the strains of such a high powered gun. The general construction admits of great ease in training and elevating, which operations can be performed by one man, who also fires the gun from a platform which rotates with the mounting.

The energy of recoil is absorbed by a small hydraulic cylinder in combination with two springs, which latter, after firing, return the gun to its firing position. These arrangements are placed beneath the gun so that they are securely protected from shell fire. The gun itself recoils in a steel cylinder which protects the outside of the gun from damage by small quick firing artillery.

Bunyan's Sharp Answer.

John Bunyan wrote "The Pilgrim's Progress" in Bedford jail, where he was confined for his religion. A Quaker came to the prison and thus addressed him:

"Friend Bunyan, the Lord hath sent me to seek for thee, and I have been through several counties in search of thee and now I am glad I have found thee."

Bunyan replied, "Friend, thou dost not speak truth in saying the Lord sent thee to seek for me, for the Lord well knows that I have been in this jail for some years, and if he had sent thee he would have sent thee here directly."

Common Sense Rare.

Of bright, witty, learned and cute people we can find whole battalions in every community, but when you go in search of people possessed of good, hard common sense they are not so easy to find.—Punxsutawney Spirit.

The Kissing Bug.

"Melonestes pictus," That's the name he bears, This new kissing bug who comes On an upsurge, Swift, with undiscerning glee, Through the land he goes, Kissing one upon the lips Or the chin or nose.

Melonestes, hail to thee! Saucy youth no more Shall of salutation soft Hold exclusive store Bottle nose and hairless pate Still to hope may cling As they seek the lamp lit street Where thou takest wing.

Melonestes, welcome thrice! Hear the chorus rise From the haunts where wall flowers bloom, Echoing to the skies! Some of us well know thy worth, Gay philanthropist, Some of us who tut for thee Never would be kissed.

—Washington Star.

AN UNUSUAL WAGER.

Bet Made June 12 on Secretary Alger's Resignation.

A singular bet was paid at an up town resort in Washington the other morning. The money had been posted June 12 last and amounted to \$350. The winner had wagered on that date \$200 to \$150 that Secretary Alger would offer his resignation to President McKinley before Aug. 1, 1899.

Neither party to the bet was a politician, and neither had been formerly known to take any particular interest in public affairs. Both are well off, and their personal relations are intimate, says the Washington Star. The bet grew out of a discussion of the Dreyfus case, the winner declaring that the reopening of it was due to the change of public sentiment of the people of France and following this up by asserting that, whether right or wrong, the clamor against Secretary Alger would result in his leaving the cabinet.

"How much will you bet on it?" inquired the loser.

"Two hundred dollars to \$150," was the prompt reply. "And," he continued, "I am willing to name a time."

"When?" inquired the other.

"By Aug. 1," responded the first.

"I'd just as soon find your money as anybody else's," said the man who proved to be the loser, and immediately the two men drew their checks and posted them with the proprietor. The other morning they were turned over to the lucky prophet.

A Fountain of Ants.

The house I was then occupying was a bungalow, and, as is the case with many bungalows, the inner walls were constructed of merely sun dried bricks, and in the recesses of one wall a colony of white ants had established a nest. It was evening. I heard behind me a buzzing sound. I turned, and from a hole near the bottom of the wall I beheld a fountain of young white ants ascending. They reached the ceiling, and then the descent commenced. They alighted by thousands on the table and there shook off their wings. In a few minutes the cloth, the plates, the glasses, even the lamp shades, were covered with the little white feeble crawling creatures. The fountain of ants continued to play for at least ten minutes. When, next morning, the floor was swept, the wings that the ants had shaken off filled a large basket. What became of the ants themselves I cannot say.—"Haunts and Hobbies of an Indian Official."

A Tailor's Advertisement, 1734.

"This is to give Notice to all Gentlemen and others, That they may have good Druggets, Sagathie, and Duroy Suits made well and fashionable, for the first size Men at £3 10s. a suit, and the larger size at 4£. Cloth Serge, commonly called by the Name of German Serge, suits for £4 and £4 10s. Livery suits for £4 and £4 10s. Colored and black Cloth suits for £5 and £5 10s. At the Two Golden Balls in great Hart street, the upper end of Bow-street Covent-Garden. Also Horsemen's great Coats to be sold ready made at 20s. each, Morning Gowns, Callimanco, both sides, at 30s. a piece, blue Cloak-bags ready made at 16s. each, blue Rocklers ready made. Superfine black Cloth at 15s. per Yard."—Fog's Journal, 1734.

A Smart Boy.

A good story is told of the crown prince of Germany Soon after Bismarck's retirement the emperor and empress were at dinner with their elder children and some eminent statesmen when the prince suddenly broke out with:

"They say, father, that now Prince Bismarck has gone you will be able to tell the people to do just what you like all by yourself. You will enjoy that, won't you?"

More Diplomacy.

"I tell you my wife knows a thing or two. The people who inhabit the neighborhood into which we have just moved look at us with awe."

"How did she manage it?"

"Engaged two of the biggest vans in town to move us, when all our goods might have been transported in an express wagon without overloading it."

—Chicago News

Keeps Us Worried.

The greatest nuisance in any community is the person who makes a specialty of finding germs in the food.—Washington Post.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop

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We Print Everything.

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Election Sticker to a 3-Sheet Poster.

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WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES

CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

SWAN LINEN.

A High Grade Linen that has no rival. The fancy tints have become too expensive to manufacture, and the stock on hand was closed out at a bargain. We were the purchasers and had it ruled to letter and note heads. While this stock lasts you can get the prettiest and best pure linen in town at about what you will pay for a medium grade bond paper. We didn't get a carload of this. A few weeks will clean out the lot.

**THE NEWS REVIEW
JOB DEP'T.**

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Dedicated.

He carries his glass in his pocket; his hair must be parted aright; 'Tis sport for the kids who are watching, and they have the keenest delight; For they know if one hair goes amiss, sir, 'twill fill him with anguish and pain, And knock him off duty forever, and mayhap unsettle his brain?

PEGGY COOLEY.

Miss Gertie Roberts is ill at her home in West End.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. James Blazier, Ralston's crossing, a son.

The household effects of W. H. Spence were moved to Lisbon yesterday.

John Rinehart, who has been very ill with typhoid fever, is improving.

A. D. Wilson left today for the west in the interest of the Union pottery.

Will Swaney, of the telephone office, has been transferred to Cambridge, O.

The Sons of Veterans will meet in their rooms on Fifth street this evening.

All morning trains were late in arriving at the Second street station today.

A dance given by young people of Gardendale last evening was well attended.

A wheelman fell off his wheel on Broadway this morning and was bruised about the face.

Earnes Munson is to be made assistant trainmaster of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh with headquarters at Wellsville.

A larger number of monthly tickets were sold at the passenger station this morning than there has been for several months.

George Richards, of Jethro, who had several ribs broken while at work at the freight depot last week, is recovering.

The Keystone State passed down at noon being 14 hours late. It will not be up again unless there is more water in the channel.

The residents of Seventh street would like to get a glimpse of the street sweeper, as the street is in need of a thorough cleaning.

Rev. B. M. Carson left this morning for Beaver, where he will attend a meeting of the ministers of the African M. E. church of this district.

Mrs. J. A. Platts and children left this afternoon for Milton, Wis., where they will stay several months visiting relatives. Mr. Platts will join them in ten days.

The board of directors of the Young Men's Christian association will hold their regular monthly meeting Friday evening. There is much business to be transacted.

The New Castle district of the Free Methodist church will hold campmeeting at Stanton Grove, New Castle, beginning Tuesday, August 15 and closing August 24.

Hon. David Boyce was in Alliance today attending a joint meeting of the trustees and commissioners of the Fairmount children's home. He will return to the city this evening.

Physical Director Roseborough, of the Young Men's Christian association, who has been in Cleveland for the last 10 days, will return to the city tomorrow. It is not known whether he will go to Honolulu.

The many friends of Miss Mame Simms will be pleased to learn that she is rapidly recovering at Cambridge Springs, Pa. She is now walking without the aid of crutches and it is thought she will soon be entirely well.

W. G. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Proctor Ankrum and Mrs. Robert Surles left for Allegheny this morning, where they attended the funeral services over the remains of Harry Graham, who died in Chicago Saturday. Interment was made in Uniondale cemetery.

The weeds growing about city hall should be destroyed. Last year persons who would not pay their fines were compelled to do this work, but so far this year not one weed has been pulled. Something should be done to improve the yard at once.

THE REBELS' ATTACK WAS REPULSED.

Tried to Retake Calamba—Eighteen Rebels Killed in Negros—Death Lists Sent by Otis.

MANILA, Aug. 1.—After concentrating their forces for about two days the Filipinos attacked Calamba, the town on Laguna de Bay captured by General Hall. The engagement lasted about an hour and the Filipinos were driven off, carrying away their dead and wounded. The American forces lost two men killed and six wounded.

A company of the Sixth infantry, commanded by Captain Simpson, has had an encounter at Babalaynos, on the west coast of the island of Negros, with a rebel force. The latter lost 18 men killed. There were no casualties on the American side.

The United States transport Grant sailed for the United States, having on board 481 men of the Idaho regiment, 549 of the North Dakota regiment and 274 of the Wyoming regiment.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The war department received the following death report from General Otis at Manila:

Gunshot wound, May 6, Henry Lehman, Third infantry.

Baccabulos, June 15, at Carlota, Negros, Charles Gardinell, F. First California.

Tubercular meningitis, June 23, Frank J. Murray, A. First California.

Diarrhoea, July 11, Frank Bohner, M. Twenty-third infantry; July 23, Wesley Lytle, Wyoming infantry.

Deaths from typhoid fever, Peter Manz, Third infantry, F. July 25, John F. Walker, corporal, G. Fifty-first Iowa.

Shot, accidental, July 22, James McGuire, sergeant, Sixteenth infantry, B. Syncope, Christian Bosold, M. Seventeenth infantry.

Dysentery, John J. Bowen, G. First California; July 24, Thomas Brether, sergeant Ninth infantry, Company B.

Peritonitis, William Beauchano, F. First Idaho.

Anemia, July 23, William Nichols, Fourth infantry, Company E.

Stabbed by natives, July 26, John M. Gamble, Third artillery, Battery K.

Enteritis, July 27, George Geller, Twelfth infantry, Company A.

Killed—July 26, at Calamba, Quartermaster Sergeant Fred Suppinal, Company I, Twenty-first infantry.

Wounded—Fourth cavalry, Troop G, James A. Reese, leg, severe; First Washington infantry, H. Fred L. Ballau, shoulder, slightly; Twenty-first infantry, Company D, Peter Christie, temple, severe; Twenty-first infantry, Company F, Charles Grotendick, abdomen, severe; Twenty-first infantry, Company I, Corporal Godwin J. Lane, back, severe; Twenty-first infantry, Company H, William H. Phillips, hand, slight; July 27, at San Fernando, Third artillery, Battery L, J. Virger, ear, slight.

He Was a Little Bit Close.

"The meanest man I ever knew," said the short passenger, "was a fellow who got a football and painted it to look like a watermelon. Then during the summer months he kept it conspicuously displayed in his back yard and amused himself setting a savage bulldog on hungry people who happened to take a fancy to the bogus melon."

"He certainly had his mean points," said the tall passenger, "but I know a fellow who could give him a discount and then beat him at his own game. I was in a restaurant once where this fellow was getting his dinner. After he had finished he called the waiter who had served him and asked:

"How much do you get for a tip as a rule?"

"The waiter's eyes sparkled. He rubbed his hands together and replied:

"Well, sah, we ginally gits at least a quatah, but sometimes nice, genteel, prosperous lookin' gemmans like you gives us 50 cents."

"Then what did this fellow do but put on his hat and say:

"Thanks. I merely wanted to know how much I was going to be ahead by not giving you anything."—Chicago News.

The Raleigh's Collision With a Whale.

Lieutenant F. L. Chadwick of the United States navy is visiting his uncle, Dr. L. S. Chadwick of Cleveland. During the war with Spain Lieutenant Chadwick served on the cruiser Raleigh. He entered Manila bay when Dewey made his famous dash into the harbor. Lieutenant Chadwick, according to the Cleveland Plain Dealer, said recently that on his return trip there was a collision with a huge whale that was sleeping on the water. Lieutenant Chadwick was on watch when the boat gave a lurch. "I thought we had run on some hidden rocks," he said. "I rushed to the rail and found that the ram of the cruiser was fast in the side of a whale 40 feet long. The engines had to be reversed before the whale was released. He floated away dead. You may think that is a fish story, but it is an actual fact, and the cruiser's log will verify it."

A Hole in His Heel.

A hole in his right heel enabled a negro workman in the diamond fields of South Africa to secrete and steal gems to the value of \$273,000. These he expressed in small parcels of fruit to a cousin in King William's Town, in the extreme south of Africa, from which place both recently departed for England.

Police Interfered With Prizefight.

St. Louis, Aug. 1.—The Dixon-Santry boxing contest was indefinitely postponed owing to police interference.

Abolish the Dynamite Cracker.
Considering the injuries they have caused, dynamite cannon crackers should be prohibited by law, says the Boston Globe. A surgeon at the Massachusetts General hospital sums the whole case up when he says, "The dynamite cracker is too dangerous to be tolerated in a civilized community."

WEATHER FORECAST.

Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia—Fair today; increasing cloudiness tomorrow, with probably showers on the lakes; variable winds, becoming southeasterly.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 4 runs, 7 hits and 6 errors; Brooklyn, 3 runs, 8 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Phillips and Peltz; McJames and McGuire. Umpires—Lynch and Connolly. Attendance, 2,800.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 7 runs, 11 hits and 2 errors; Baltimore, 3 runs, 7 hits and 4 errors. Batteries—Chesbro and Bowerman; Hill and Robinson. Umpires—Swartwood and Hunt. Attendance, 1,500.

At Louisville—Louisville, 8 runs, 12 hits and 3 errors; New York, 3 runs, 6 hits and 4 errors. Batteries—Phillippi and Zimmer; Carick and Wilson. Umpires—Mannassau and Smith. Attendance, 1,000.

At Chicago—Chicago, 5 runs, 12 hits and 2 errors; Washington, 3 runs, 13 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Taylor and Chance; Weyhing and Kittredge. Umpires—Emslie and McDonald. Attendance, 1,100.

St. Louis—Boston—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pe.		W.	L.	Pe.
Brooklyn	30	28	.682	Cincinnati	45	42	.517
Boston	50	33	.606	Pittsburgh	45	43	.511
Phila.	51	35	.593	Louisville	38	48	.442
Baltimore	50	36	.581	New York	35	50	.412
St. Louis	50	39	.561	Wash'ton	34	57	.374
Chicago	46	40	.535	Cleveland	15	74	.169

Games Scheduled For Today.

Baltimore at Pittsburgh, Washington at Chicago, Brooklyn at Cincinnati, New York at Louisville, Boston at Louisville and Cleveland at Philadelphia.

Interstate League Games.

At New Castle—New Castle, 9 runs, 9 hits and 2 errors; Springfield, 2 runs, 6 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Wadsworth and Barclay; Harper, Doms and Beville.

At Mansfield—Mansfield, 4 runs, 8 hits and 0 errors; Toledo, 0 runs, 5 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Irwin and Twineham; Wiltse and Arthur.

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 5 runs, 6 hits and 3 errors; Fort Wayne, 2 runs, 7 hits and 7 errors. Batteries—Parvin and Cote; Swain and Bergen.

At Youngstown—Youngstown, 1 run, 7 hits and 4 errors; Dayton, 9 runs, 11 hits and 2 errors. Batteries—Carney and Lattimer; Watkins and Donahue.

Interstate League Standing.

	W.	L.	Pe.		W.	L.	Pe.
Toledo	57	32	.640	Y'n'gstown	38	48	.442
Mansfield	49	34	.590	Dayton	39	50	.438
Ft. Wayne	50	40	.556	Wheeling	36	51	.414
New Castle	47	40	.540	Springfield	30	57	.387

Game Scheduled For Today.

Toledo at Mansfield; Dayton at Youngstown; Springfield at New Castle and Fort Wayne at Wheeling.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, July 31.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 65¢@66¢.
CORN—Shelled yellow, No. 2, 39¢@40¢; high mixed do, 38¢@39¢; mixed, 37¢@37½¢; ear No. 2 yellow, 41¢@42¢; high mixed, 39¢@40¢; mixed, 37¢@38¢; low mixed, 36¢@37¢.

OATS—No. 1 white, 31¢@32¢; No. 2 white, 30¢@31¢; extra No. 3, 29¢@30¢; No. 3 regular, 28¢@29¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, new, \$12.00@12.25; No. 2 timothy, \$10.75@11.25; No. 3 timothy, \$9.00@10.00; No. 1 clover mixed, \$10.00@11.00; No. 1 clover, \$9.25@10.50; No. 1 prairie, \$8.50@9.00; No. 2 prairie, \$8.00@8.50; No. 3 prairie, \$8.00@8.50; No. 4 prairie, \$7.50@8.00; packing hay, \$8.00@8.25; No. 1 timothy from country wagons, \$12.50@13.50.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 75¢@85¢ per pair; small, 65¢@75¢; spring chickens, 50¢@55¢, as to size; ducks, 40¢@50¢ per pair; turkeys, 80¢@90¢ per pound; geese, 70¢@80¢ per pound. Dressed—Chickens, old, 13¢@14¢ per pound; spring, 14¢@16¢; ducks, 13¢@14¢; turkeys, 13¢@14¢; geese, 10¢@11¢.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 20¢; extra creamery, 19¢@20¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 17¢@17½¢; country roll, 10¢@11¢; low grade and cooking, 9¢@10¢.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, new, 9¢@9½¢; three-quarters, 8¢@9¢; New York state, full cream, new, 9¢@10¢; Wisconsin, 12¢@12½¢; 25-pound brick, Swiss, 12¢@13¢; limburger, new, 10¢@10½¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 11¢@12¢; (1¢ additional for candling).

PITTSBURG, July 31.

CATTLE—Receipts 115 loads; market firm on best grades; common and medium steady. We quote as follows: Extra, \$5.40@5.50; prime, \$5.60@5.70; good, \$5.30@5.50; tidy, \$4.90@5.10; fair, \$4.40@4.50; good, \$4.25@4.40; common, \$3.50@4.00; heifers, \$3.50@4.25; oxen, \$2.50@4.25; bulls and stags, \$2.50@4.25; common to good fat cows, \$2.75@4.00; good fresh cows, \$4.00@5.00; fair, \$2.50@3.50; bologna cows, \$10.00@20.00.

HOGS—Receipts light, 22 loads on sale; market active and higher. We quote: Prime mediums and good Yorkers, \$4.50@4.90; fair Yorkers, \$4.75@4.80; pigs, \$4.75@4.85; heavy hogs, \$4.50@4.75; grassers, \$4.60@4.70; roughs, \$3.00@4.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply 19 loads; market firm. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.35@4.90; good do, \$4.65@4.80; fair mixed, \$3.80@4.40; common, \$2.00@3.00; spring lambs, \$4.00@6.00; veal calves, \$5.50@6.00; heavy and thin, \$3.50@4.50.

NEW YORK, July 31.

WHEAT—Spot market weak. No. 2 red, 76½¢ f. o. b. afloat spot. No. 1 northern Du. uth, 77½¢ f. o. b. afloat spot. No. 1 hard Du. luth, 83½¢ f. o. b. afloat to arrive. No. 2 red, 74½¢ in elevator.

CORN—Spot market weak. No. 2, 37½¢ f. o. b. afloat and 36½¢ in elevator.
OATS—Spot market weaker. No. 2, 27½¢; No. 3, 27¢; No. 2 white, 29¢; No. 3 white, 28¢; track mixed western, 27¢@29¢.

CATTLE—Steers in good demand and steady; bulls and common cows weak to 10¢ lower. \$4.65@5.75; stags, \$4.30@5.15; bulls, \$2.00@3.35; cows, \$1.75@3.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market sheep steady to firm; lambs unevenly lower, averaging 15¢ 25¢ off from Saturday; 8 cars were unsold. Sheep, \$2.00@4.87½; culls, \$2.00@2.70; lambs, \$3.00@7.00; culls, \$3.50.

HOGS—Market higher at \$4.30@4.90.

WELLSVILLE,

Wednesday, August 2.

JOHN ROBINSON'S

Great World's Exposition
10 BIG SHOWS 10
COMBINED,
In conjunction with the Grand Biblical
Spectacle.



**SOLOMON, HIS TEMPLE,
AND THE QUEEN OF SHEBA.**

3 BIG CIRCUSES 3

IN THREE BIG RINGS.

3 BIG MENAGERIES 3

1 Grand BIBLICAL SPECTACLE 1

1 COMPLETE AVIARY. 1

1 GIGANTIC MUSEUM 1

1 PRODIGIOUS AQUARIUM 1

10 Truly Great Shows 10

MERGED INTO ONE.

**MORE PEOPLE; MORE MONEY,
MORE COSTLY COSTUMES,
MORE SPECIAL SCENERY**

Used in the one great feature of Solomon and the Queen of Sheba than in the entire combined features of any other exhibition in the country.

Over \$100,000 Actually Expended

On this Grand Production alone. The most magnificent Scenery, Costumes, Emblems, Armors, Trappings, in every detail historically correct.

100 of the MOST BEAUTIFUL DANCING GIRLS in America 100

Everywhere pronounced unanimously by the Press, Pulpit and People the richest and most gorgeous production of the century.

A MASTERPIECE OF SCENIC MAGNIFICENCE.

Mummified Giantess and Infant.

There are on exhibition at the State Historical society's rooms in the state house at Kansas City the mummified bodies of a mother and infant. The babe is clasped in the arms of its mother. According to the Kansas City Journal, the mother is 6 feet 8 inches in length, and her physique indicates that she belonged to a race of giants. The bodies were found in a cave in the Yosemite valley. They were shipped to Kansas City recently by a friend of Secretary Adams of the Historical society.

Peerage For Sir Julian Pauncefote.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—It was officially announced that Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador to the United States, who was at the head of the British delegation to the international peace conference at The Hague, has been elevated to the peerage.

Member of Outing Party Died.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Mrs. W. S. Pendleton, a member of the Brooklyn Eagle outing party, died suddenly in this city. She became ill on the train near Minneapolis, while on her way homeward from Yellowstone park.

Dewey to Sail Today.

TRIESTE, Austria, Aug. 1.—Admiral Dewey spent the day at the Hotel De La Ville while his flagship, the Olympia, was being coaled. He will return to the ship today and expects to sail this afternoon.

Charged With Embezzlement.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The grand jury voted a true bill against W. A. S. Graham, former secretary and business manager of the board of education, charging him with embezzling \$34,000.

Sir Phillip Mansfield Dead.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Sir Phillip Mansfield, who was mayor of Northampton in 1893 and who represented Northampton in parliament in the Liberal interest from 1891 to 1895, is dead, aged 80 years.

1899 AUGUST. 1899

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
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6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
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27	28	29	30	31		

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properties in all parts of
the city.

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Riverview Cemetery Notice.

During my absence from the city,
persons having business with the
Riverview Cemetery Association, will
please call on Alfred T. Kelly, at First
National Bank, or Mr. Whitaker, at
cemetery. J. M. KELLY, Sec'y

ALL the News in the
News Review.